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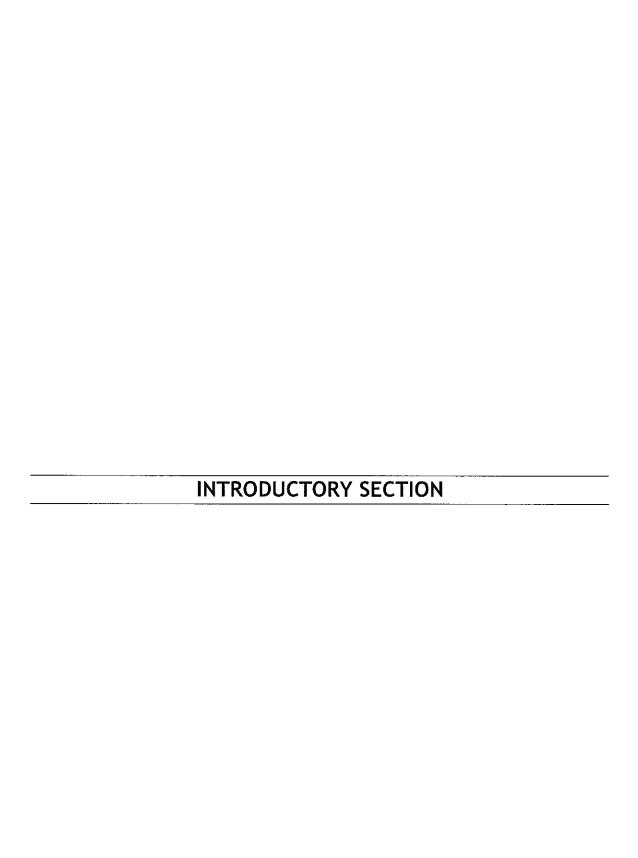
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COUNTY OF RUSSELL, VIRGINIA

BOARD OF SUPERVISORS

Jon Bowerbank, Chairman

Joseph Puckett, Vice Chairman Bob Gibson Rebecca Dye Larry Rasnake Earnest (Shy) Kennedy Danny L. Brown

COUNTY SCHOOL BOARD

Charlie Collins, Chairman

Carl Jackson, Vice Chairman Wayne Bostic Tom Griffith Bob Hillman Linda Cross Linda Garrett

SOCIAL SERVICES BOARD

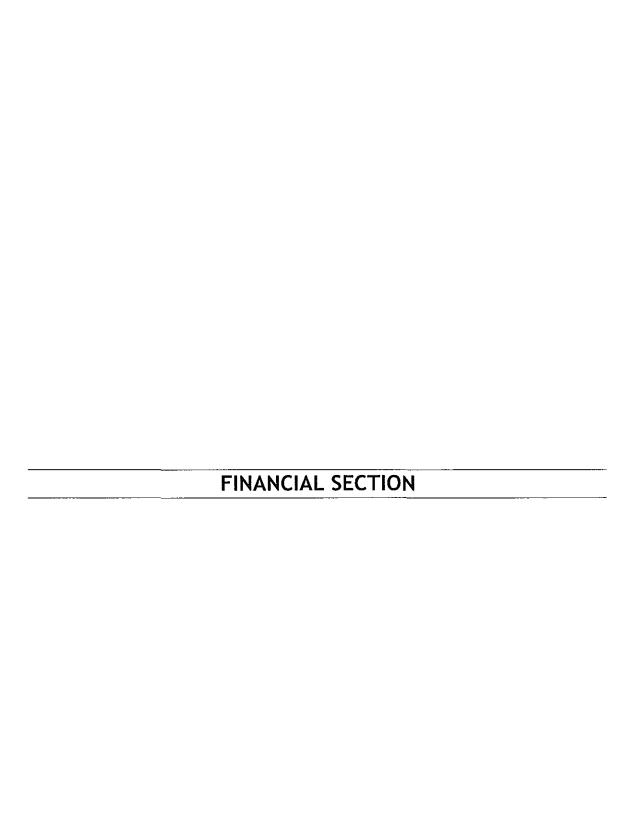
Harry Ferguson, Jr., Chairman

Roger Brown, Vice Chairman Bill Hale

Rebecca Dye Laurel Rasnick

OTHER OFFICIALS

Clerk of the Circuit Court	Ann S. McReynolds
Commonwealth's Attorney	Brian Patton
Commissioner of the Revenue	Randy N. Williams
Treasurer	Patrick Thompson
Sheriff	Steve Dye
Superintendent of Schools	Dr. Brenda Hess
Director of Social Services	Carol Brunty
County Administrator	Rufus Hood
County Attorney	Matthew Crum



ROBINSON, FARMER, COX ASSOCIATES

CERTIFIED PUBLIC ACCOUNTANTS

A PROFESSIONAL LIMITED LIABILITY COMPANY

INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT

To the Members of the Board of Supervisors County of Russell, Virginia Lebanon, Virginia

Report on the Financial Statements

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities, the businesstype activities, the discretely presented component units, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of County of Russell, Virginia, as of and for the year ended June 30, 2013, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the County's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents.

Management's Responsibility for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of these financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America; this includes the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

Auditors' Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express opinions on these financial statements based on our audit. We did not audit the financial statements of the Russell County Public Service Authority. Those financial statements were audited by other auditors whose report has been furnished to us and our opinion insofar as it relates to the amounts included for the Russell County Public Service Authority is based solely on the report of the other auditors. We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America; the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States; and the *Specifications for Audits of Counties, Cities, and Towns*, issued by the Auditor of Public Accounts of the Commonwealth of Virginia. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free from material misstatement.

An audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. The procedures selected depend on the auditor's judgment, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error. In making those risk assessments, the auditor considers internal control relevant to the entity's preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control. Accordingly, we express no such opinion. An audit also includes evaluating the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall presentation of the financial statements.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinions.

Basis for Qualified Opinion

The financial statements referred to above include only the primary government of the County of Russell, Virginia and discretely presented component units-School Board, The Industrial Development Authority of Russell County, and Russell County Public Service Authority, which consists of all funds that comprise the County's legal entity. The financial statements do not include financial data for the County's legally separate component unit (Castlewood Water and Sewage Authority.) Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require financial data for the County's legally separate component units to be reported with the financial data of the County's primary government. The amount by which this departure would affect the assets, liabilities, net position, revenues, and expenses of the government-wide financial statements has not been determined.

The financial statements referred to above include the fiscal year 2012 net Other Postemployment Benefits (OPEB) obligation as allocated to the County of Russell, Virginia based on an actuarial valuation prepared for use in fiscal year 2011 and 2012. The County has not received an updated actuarial valuation as required by GASB Statement No. 45. The amount by which this departure would affect the assets, liabilities, net position, revenues, and expenses of the government-wide financial statements has not been determined.

Qualified Opinion

In our opinion, except for the possible effects of the matters described in the "Basis for Qualified Opinion" paragraph, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the financial position of the governmental activities and the discretely presented component units of County of Russell, Virginia, as of June 30, 2013, and the changes in financial position thereof for the year then ended in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

Unmodified Opinions

In our opinion, based on our audit and the report of other auditors, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the business-type activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information for the primary government of the County of Russell, Virginia, as of June 30, 2013, and the respective changes in financial position and, where applicable, cash flows thereof for the year then ended in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

Emphasis of Matter

As described in Note 1 to the financial statements, in 2013, the County of Russell, Virginia adopted new accounting guidance, GASB Statement Nos. 63, Financial Reporting of Deferred Outflows of Resources, Deferred Inflows of Resources, and Net Position and 65, Items Previously Reported as Assets and Liabilities. Our opinion is not modified with respect to this matter.

Other Matters

Required Supplementary Information

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require that the management's discussion and analysis, schedule of pension and OPEB funding progress, and budgetary comparison information be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such information, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board, who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context.

We, and other auditors, have applied certain limited procedures to the required supplementary information in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, which consisted of inquiries of management about the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to our inquiries, the basic financial statements, and other knowledge we obtained during our audit of the basic financial statements. We do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the information because the limited procedures do not provide us with sufficient evidence to express an opinion or provide any assurance.

The budgetary comparison information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and, in our opinion, is fairly stated in all material respects in relation to the basic financial statements taken as a whole.

Other Information

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming opinions on the financial statements that collectively comprise the County of Russell, Virginia's basic financial statements. The other supplementary information, and other statistical information are presented for purposes of additional analysis and are not a required part of the basic financial statements. The schedule of expenditures of federal awards is presented for purposes of additional analysis as required by U.S. Office of Management and Budget Circular A-133, Audits of States, Local Governments, and Non-Profit Organizations, and is also not a required part of the basic financial statements.

The other supplementary information and schedule of expenditures of federal awards are the responsibility of management and were derived from and relate directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements. Such information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements or to the basic financial statements themselves, and other additional procedures in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. In our opinion, other supplementary information and schedule of expenditures of federal awards are fairly stated, in all material respects, in relation to the basic financial statements as a whole.

The other statistical information has not been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and, accordingly, we do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on it.

Other Reporting Required by Government Auditing Standards

In accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*, we have also issued our report February 18, 2014, on our consideration of the County of Russell, Virginia's internal control over financial reporting and on our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements and other matters. The purpose of that report is to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering County of Russell, Virginia's internal control over financial reporting and compliance.

Blacksburg, Virginia February 18, 2014

Kohimson, Farner, la associates

-4-

Management's Discussion and Analysis

As management of the County of Russell, Virginia, we offer readers of the County of Russell's financial statements this narrative overview and analysis of the financial activities of the County of Russell, Virginia for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2013.

Financial Highlights

- The assets of the County of Russell, Virginia exceeded its liabilities and deferred inflows of resources at the close of the most recent fiscal year by \$15,698,677 (net position). Of this amount, \$4,658,528 (unrestricted net position) may be used to meet the government's ongoing obligations to citizens and creditors.
- The government's total net position decreased by \$572,850. This loss is spread between governmental activities (\$461,482 loss) and business-type activity (Dante Sewer loss \$111,368).
- As of the close of the current fiscal year, the County of Russell's governmental funds reported combined ending fund balances of \$6,025,301 a decrease of \$2,152,708 in comparison with the prior year. Most of this total amount, \$5,092,135 is available for spending at the government's discretion (unassigned fund balance).
- At the end of the current fiscal year, unassigned fund balance for the general fund was \$5,092,135, or 16.0% of total general fund expenditures.
- The County of Russell's total long-term debt decreased by \$2,636,566 (12.8%) during the current fiscal year. The key factors in this decrease were the principal payments on outstanding issues. There were no new long-term debt issues for the county.

Overview of the Financial Statements

This discussion and analysis are intended to serve as an introduction to the County of Russell's basic financial statements. The County of Russell's basic financial statements comprise three components: 1) government-wide financial statements, 2) fund financial statements, and 3) notes to the financial statements. This report also contains other supplementary information in addition to the basic financial statements themselves.

Government-wide financial statements. The *government-wide financial statements* are designed to provide readers with a broad overview of the County of Russell's finances, in a manner similar to a private-sector business.

The *statement of net position* presents information on all of the County of Russell's a) assets and deferred outflows of resources and b) liabilities and deferred inflows of resources, with the difference between the two reported as *net position*. Over time, increases or decreases in net position may serve as a useful indicator of whether the financial position of the County of Russell is improving or deteriorating.

The *statement of activities* presents information showing how the government's net position changed during the most recent fiscal year. All changes in net position are reported as soon as the underlying event giving rise to the change occurs, *regardless of the timing of the related cash flows*. Thus, revenues and expenses are reported in this statement for some items that will only result in cash flows in future fiscal periods (e.g., uncollected taxes and earned, but unused vacation leave).

Both of the government-wide financial statements distinguish functions of the County of Russell that are principally supported by taxes and intergovernmental revenues (*governmental activities*) from other functions that are intended to recover all or a significant portion of their costs through user fees and charges (*business-type activities*). The governmental activities of the County of Russell include general government administration, judicial administration, public safety, public works, health and welfare, education (including the Russell County School Board), parks, recreation and cultural activities, community development and the Industrial Development Authority. The business-type activities of the County of Russell include the Russell County Public Service Authority and the Castlewood Water and Sewer Authority.

The government-wide financial statements include not only the County of Russell itself (known as the *primary government*), but also the legally separate Russell County School Board, Russell County Industrial Development Authority, Russell County Public Service Authority and the Castlewood Water and Sewer Authority for which the County of Russell is financially accountable. Financial information for these *component units* is reported separately from the financial information presented for the primary government itself.

The government-wide financial statements can be found on pages 15-16 of this report.

Fund financial statements. A *fund* is a grouping of related accounts that is used to maintain control over resources that have been segregated for specific activities or objectives. The County of Russell, like other state and local governments, uses fund accounting to ensure and demonstrate compliance with finance-related legal requirements. All of the funds of the County of Russell can be divided into three categories: governmental funds, proprietary funds, and fiduciary funds.

Governmental funds. Governmental funds are used to account for essentially the same functions reported as governmental activities in the government-wide financial statements. However, unlike the government-wide financial statements, governmental fund financial statements focus on near-term inflows and outflows of spendable resources, as well as on balances of spendable resources available at the end of the fiscal year. Such information may be useful in evaluating a government's near-term financing requirements.

Because the focus of governmental funds is narrower than that of the government-wide financial statements, it is useful to compare the information presented for *governmental funds* with similar information presented for *governmental activities* in the government-wide financial statements. By doing so, readers may better understand the long-term impact of the government's near-term financing decisions. Both the governmental fund balance sheet and the governmental fund statement of revenues, expenditures, and changes in fund balances provide a reconciliation to facilitate this comparison between *governmental funds* and *governmental activities*.

The County of Russell maintains three different governmental funds. Information is presented separately in the governmental fund balance sheet and in the governmental fund statement of revenues, expenditures, and changes in fund balances for the general fund, coal road fund, and workforce investment board fund, each of which are considered to be major funds.

The basic governmental fund financial statements can be found on pages 17-20 of this report.

Proprietary funds. The County of Russell maintains two different types of proprietary funds. Enterprise funds are those used to report the same functions presented as business-type activities in the government-wide financial statements. The County of Russell uses an enterprise fund to account for its water treatment system (in Dante). Internal service funds are an accounting device used to accumulate and allocate costs internally among the County of Russell's various functions. The County of Russell uses an internal service fund to account for its health insurance. Because both of these services predominantly benefit governmental rather than business-type functions, they have been included within governmental activities in the government-wide financial statements. Proprietary funds provide the same type of information as the government-wide financial statements, only in more detail.

The basic proprietary fund financial statements can be found on pages 21-23 of this report.

Fiduciary Funds. Fiduciary funds are used to account for resources held for the benefit of parties outside the government. Fiduciary funds are not reflected in the government-wide financial statement because the resources of those funds are not available to support the County of Russell's own programs. The accounting used for fiduciary funds is much like that used for proprietary funds.

The basic fiduciary funds financial statements can be found on page 24 of this report.

Notes to the financial statements. The notes provide additional information that is essential to a full understanding of the data provided in the government-wide and fund financial statements. The notes to the financial statements can be found on pages 25-63 of this report.

Other information. In addition to the basic financial statements and accompanying notes, this report also presents certain required supplementary information. The County of Russell adopts an annual appropriated budget for its general fund and special revenue funds. Budgetary comparison statements have been provided for the general fund and each of the special revenue funds to demonstrate compliance with this budget. Information concerning the County of Russell's progress in funding its obligation to provide pension benefits to its employees. Required supplementary information can be found on pages 64-68 of this report.

Government-wide Financial Analysis

As noted earlier, net position may serve over time as a useful indicator of a government's financial position. In the case of the County of Russell, assets exceeded liabilities and deferred inflows of resources by \$15,698,677 at the close of the most recent fiscal year.

A significant portion of the County of Russell's net position (64.3%) reflects its investment in capital assets (e.g., land, buildings, machinery, and equipment); less any related debt used to acquire those assets that is still outstanding. The County of Russell uses these assets to provide services to citizens; consequently, these assets are *not* available for future spending. Although the County of Russell's investment in its capital assets is reported net of related debt, it should be noted that the resources needed to repay this debt must be provided from other sources, since the capital assets themselves cannot be used to liquidate these liabilities.

An additional portion of the County of Russell's net position (6.0%) represents resources that are subject to external restrictions on how they may be used. The remaining balance of

unrestricted net position (\$4,658,528) may be used to meet the government's ongoing obligations to citizens and creditors.

At the end of the current fiscal year, the County of Russell is able to report positive balances in all three categories of net position for the government as a whole. Within the governmental and business-type activities, positive balances are reported for each category except the unrestricted balance for the business-type activity which reported negative net position of \$14,838. In the prior fiscal year the unrestricted balance for the business-type activity also reported a negative amount (\$15,118).

County of Russell's Net Position

	 Governmen	tal a	ctivities		Business-typ	tivities		Total				
	<u>2013</u>		<u>2012</u>		<u>2013</u>		<u>2012</u>		<u>2013</u>		<u>2012</u>	
Current and other assets	\$ 18,031,233	\$	20,699,938	\$	52,831	\$	56,744	\$	18,084,064	\$	20,756,682	
Capital assets	 18,518,571		20,152,631		3,254,610		3,385,627	_	21,773,181		23,538,258	
Total assets	\$ 36,549,804	\$	40,852,569	* \$	3,307,441	\$	3,442,371	<u>\$</u>	39,857,245	<u>\$</u>	44,294,940	
Long-term liabilities outstanding	\$ 17,194,489	\$	19,811,686	\$	713,586	\$	732,955	\$	17,908,075	\$	20,544,641	
Other liabilities	 1,662,039		2,554,530	_	18,094		22,287		1,680,133		2,576,817	
Total liabilities	\$ 18,856,528	\$	22,366,216	\$	731,680	\$	755,242	<u>\$</u>	19,588,208	\$	23,121,458	
Deferred inflows of resources	\$ 4,570,360	\$	4,901,955	\$	-	\$		\$	4,570,360	\$	4,901,955	
Net position:												
Net investment in capital assets	\$ 7,559,783	\$	7,183,413	\$	2,541,024	\$	2,652,672	\$	10,100,807	\$	9,836,085	
Restricted	889,767		1,245,468		49,575		49,575		939,342		1,295,043	
Unrestricted	 4,673,366		5,155,517		(14,838)		(15,118)		4,658,528		5,140,399	
Total net position	\$ 13,122,916	\$	13,584,398	\$	2,575,761	\$	2,687,129	\$	15,698,677	\$	16,271,527	

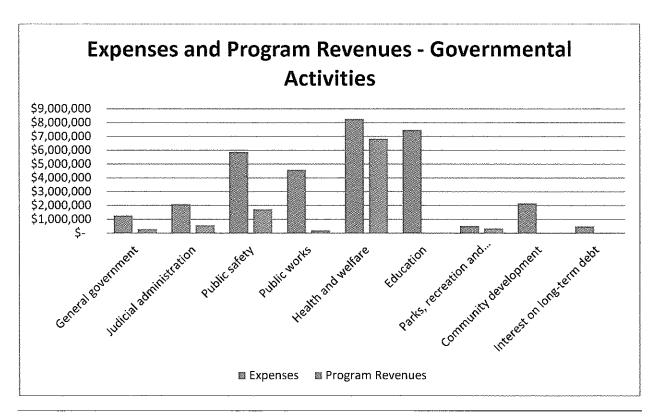
There was a decrease of \$482,151 in unrestricted net position reported in connection with the County of Russell's governmental activities. Most of the change in net position is attributable to the substantial increase in education expenditures.

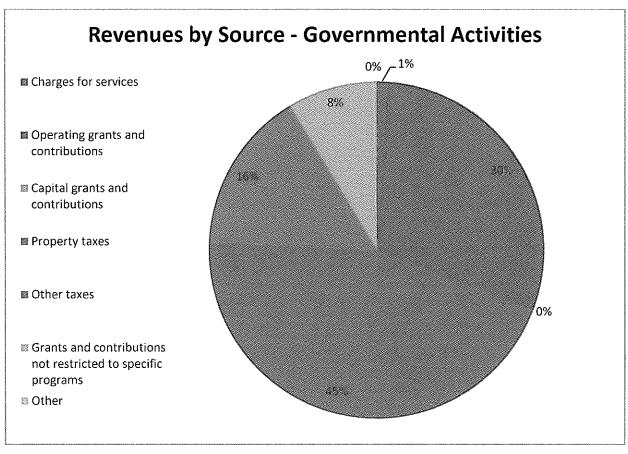
Governmental activities. Governmental activities decreased the County of Russell's net position by \$461,482, which is a 3.4% change indicating the revenue was not sufficient to cover the expenditures.

A notable change in expenditures was an increase in Education cost in the amount of \$2,895,431, which is offset somewhat by decreases in General Government Administration (\$1,001,467) and Public Works (\$1,469,431) costs.

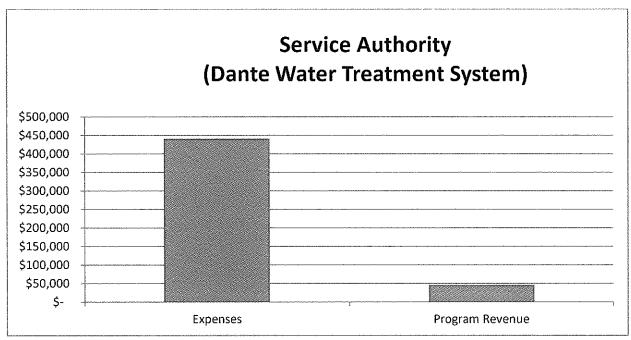
County of Russell Changes in Net Position

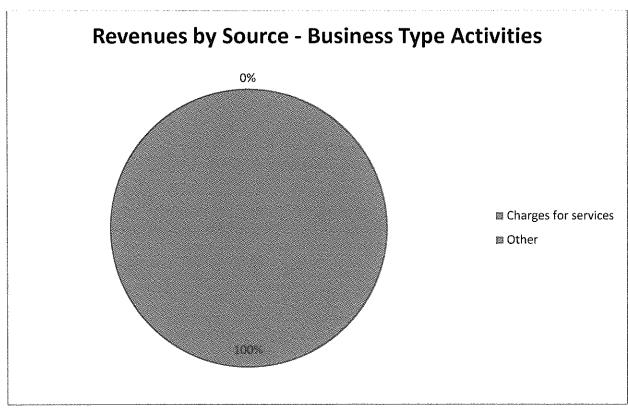
		Governmen	tal a	activities		Business-typ	pe a	ctivities		To		
		<u>2013</u>		<u>2012</u>		2013		<u> 2012</u>		<u>2013</u>		2012
Revenues:												
Program revenues:												
Charges for services	\$	352,519	\$	428,699	\$	46,192	\$	59,709	\$	398,711	\$	488,408
Operating grants and contributions		9,689,526		9,677,480		•		-		9,689,526		9,677,480
Capital grants and contributions		•		761,738		•		-		-		761,738
General revenues:										-		•
Property taxes		14,686,993		13,142,777		•		-		14,686,993		13,142,777
Other taxes		5,079,612		6,881,302		-		•		5,079,612		6,881,302
Grants and contributions not restricted to												
specific programs		2,713,386		2,445,435		-		•		2,713,386		2,445,435
Other	_	106,344		215,361		-		•		106,344	_	215,361
Total revenues		32,628,380	_	33,552,792		46,192		59,709		32,674,572		33,612,501
Expenses:												
General government		1,265,678		2,267,145		-		-		1,265,678		2,267,145
Judicial administration		2,097,216		2,119,900		-		•		2,097,216		2,119,900
Public safety		5,894,181		5,296,188				-		5,894,181		5,296,188
Public works		4,591,542		6,060,973		-		-		4,591,542		6,060,973
Health and welfare		8,270,658		8,397,896		-		-		8,270,658		8,397,896
Education		7,484,972		4,589,631		-				7,484,972		4,589,631
Parks, recreation and cultural		529,706		539,126		-		•		529,706		539,126
Community development		2,173,719		3,493,655		<u>-</u>		-		2,173,719		3,493,655
Interest on long-term debt		498,401		522,300		-		•		498,401		522,300
Service Authority		-		-		441,349		410,664		441,349		410,664
Total expenses	_	32,806,073		33,286,814	_	441,349		410,664		33,247,422		33,697,478
Change in net position before transfers	***	(177,693)		265,978	_	(395,157)		(350,955)		(572,850)		(84,977)
Transfers	_	(283,789)	_	(238,597)	_	283,789	_	238,597		-	_	-
Change in net position		(461,482)		27,381		(111,368)		(112,358)		(572,850)		(84,977)
Net position - beginning	_	13,584,398		13,557,017	_	2,687,129		2,799,487		16,271,527	_	16,356,504
Net position - ending	\$	13,122,916	\$	13,584,398	\$	2,575,761	\$	2,687,129	<u>\$</u>	15,698,677	\$	16,271,527





Business-type activities. Business-type activities decreased the County of Russell's net position by \$111,368. The Dante Water Treatment System referred to as "the Service Authority," incurred expenses of \$441,349 and collected program revenue of \$46,192. The Service Authority also received a General Fund subsidy of \$283,789. By policy, the Dante Service Authority is not an enterprise activity and therefore is not expected to be self-supporting.





Financial Analysis of the Governmental Funds

As noted earlier, the County of Russell uses fund accounting to ensure and demonstrate compliance with finance-related legal requirements.

Governmental funds. The focus of the County of Russell's *governmental funds* is to provide information on near-term inflows, outflows, and balances of *spendable* resources. Such information is useful in assessing the county of Russell's financing requirements. In particular, *unassigned fund balance* may serve as a useful measure of a government's net resources available for spending at the end of the fiscal year.

As of the end of the current fiscal year, the County of Russell's governmental funds reported combined ending fund balances of \$6,025,301, a decrease of \$2,152,708 in comparison with the prior year. The majority of this fund balance represents unassigned fund balance (\$5,092,135), which is available for spending at the government's discretion. The remainder of fund balance is restricted or committed to indicate that it is not available for new spending because it has already been restricted or committed for the Coal Road/Revenue Sharing projects or debt service and bond covenants.

The general fund is the chief operating fund of the County of Russell. At the end of the current fiscal year, unassigned fund balance was \$5,092,135. As a measure of the general fund's liquidity, it may be useful to compare fund balance to total fund expenditures. Unassigned fund balance represents 16.0% of general fund expenditures.

The fund balance of the County of Russell's General Fund decreased by \$1,792,470 during the current fiscal year. The key factor in the increase is:

• An increase in General Fund Education expenditures in the amount of \$3,559,498, which is offset by decreases in other expenditures.

The Coal Road Fund provides the 50% match required for the Virginia Department of Transportation's (VDOT) Revenue Sharing Program. Part of the coal and gas severance taxes collected are deposited into this fund and used to fund the approved projects. Several projects are approved and were in the planning stages at July 1, 2012. Construction on these projects, along with the related expenditures, occurred during fiscal year 2013. As a result, the fund balance in the Coal Road Fund decreased by \$355,701 during the fiscal year. The balance of \$889,767 at the end of the year is committed for various projects.

The Workforce Investment Board Fund is a state and federal funded program. No County funds are used to support this program. The fund balance decreased by \$4,537 during the year ended June 30, 2013. The entire fund balance of \$43,399 is restricted for future program support.

Proprietary funds. The County of Russell's proprietary funds provide the same type information found in the government-wide financial statements, but in more detail.

Unrestricted net position of the Dante Service Authority at the end of the year amounted to (\$14,838), and those for the Health Insurance Fund amounted to \$3,081,760. The total growth or (decline) in the net position for both funds was (\$111,368) and \$677,104, respectively. Other factors concerning the finances of these two funds have been addressed in the discussion of the County of Russell's business-type activities and proprietary funds.

General Fund Budgetary Highlights

For many years, management in Russell County simply adjusted the final budget at June 30 to equal the actual expenditures. In fiscal year 2011, this practice was stopped. During fiscal year 2013 proper procedures were followed in which the original budget was adjusted to reflect supplemental appropriations adopted by the Board of Supervisors throughout the year or during a public hearing to formally amend the budget. This provides a properly appropriated Final Budget for CAFR presentation.

Capital Asset and Debt Administration

Capital assets

The County of Russell's investment in capital assets for its governmental and business-type activities as of June 30, 2013, amounts to \$21,773,181 (net of accumulated depreciation). This investment in capital assets includes land, buildings, a utility plant, and machinery and equipment. The total investment in the County of Russell's capital assets for the current fiscal year decreased by 7.5% (8.1% decrease for governmental activities and 3.9% decrease for business-type activities). The decrease in investment is due to additional accumulated depreciation. Due to the continued depressed economy, the County did not expend significant funds on capital assets in fiscal year 2013.

	Government	al ac	tivities	Busi	ness-ty	pe a	ctivities		7	Fotal	I
	<u>2013</u>		<u>2012</u>	<u>20</u>	<u>13</u>	2	<u> 2012</u>		<u>2013</u>		<u>2012</u>
Land	\$ 1,561,333	\$ 1	,541,333	\$	-	\$	-	\$	1,561,333	\$	1,541,333
Construction in Progress	-		-		-		-		-		-
Buildings	15,565,287	17	,007,601		-		-	\$1	5,565,287	\$	17,007,601
Utility plant	-		-	3,254	4,610	3,3	85,627	\$	3,254,610	\$	3,385,627
Machinery and equipment	1,391,951	1	,603.697		-			\$	<u>1,391,951</u>	<u>\$</u>	1,603,697
Total	\$ <u> 18,518,571</u>	<u>\$20</u>	<u>,152,631</u>	\$3,25	<u>4,610</u>	<u>\$3.</u>	<u>385,627</u>	\$2	21,773,181	<u>\$</u>	23,528,258

Additional information on the County of Russell's capital assets can be found in note 10 on pages 51-52 of this report.

Long-term debt.

At the end of the current fiscal year, the County of Russell's governmental funds had total debt outstanding of \$17,194,489. Of this total, \$13,898,183 comprises general obligation and revenue bonds all backed by the full faith and credit of the County and \$2,112,110 comprise Literary Fund Loans and Literary Anticipation Note.

The remainder of Russell County's debt represents lease purchase agreements, landfill post-closure liabilities, OPEB obligations and compensated absences.

	Government	tal Activities	Business-ty	pe Activities	•	Total
	<u>2013</u>	<u>2012</u>	2013	2012	<u>2013</u>	<u>2012</u>
General obligation bonds	\$ 8,753,677	\$ 9,471,649	\$	\$	\$8,753,677	\$ 9,471,649
Literary loans	2,095,423	2,564,585			2,095,423	2,564,585
Revenue bonds	4,877,995	5,114,923	713,586	732,955	5,591,581	5,847,878
Literary anticipation note	16,687	630,395			16,687	630,395
Deferred amounts:						
Bond premium	266,511	283,315			266,511	283,315
Lease purchase agreements	341,188	617,454			341,188	617,454
closure/post-closure liability	267,913	526,868			267,913	526,868
OPEB obligations	6,609	6,609			6,609	6,609
Compensated absences	<u>568,486</u>	<u>595,888</u>			<u>568,486</u>	<u>595,888</u>
Total	<u>\$17,194.489</u>	\$19,811,686	<u>\$ 713.586</u>	\$ 732.955	<u>\$17.908.075</u>	<u>\$20,544,641</u>

Requests for Information

This financial report is designed to provide a general overview of the County of Russell's finances for all those with an interest in the government's finances. Questions concerning any of the information provided in this report or requests for additional financial information should be addressed to Rufus W. Hood, County Administrator, County of Russell, P.O. Box 1208, 137 Highland Drive, Lebanon, VA 24266.



County of Russell, Virginia Statement of Net Position June 30, 2013

Part										Cor	mponent Uni	ts			
Activities Act			Pr	imary	Governme	nt			Industrial R				Russell County		
Cash and cash equivalents		Gove	ernmental	Busir	ness-type					De	evelopment	Pl	ıblic Service		
Gash and cash equivalents 5,719,700 5 5,719,700 5,719,700 5,719,700 5,719,700 5,719,700 5,719,700 5,719,700 5,719,700 5,719,700 5,719,700 5,719,700 5,719,700 5,719,700 5,719,700 5,719,700 5,719,700 5,719,700 6,719,700 7,719,700		<u>Ac</u>	ctivities	<u>Ac</u>	tivities		<u>Total</u>	<u>S</u> c	hool Board		Authority		<u>Authority</u>		
Gash and cash equivalents 5,719,700 5 5,719,700 5,719,700 5,719,700 5,719,700 5,719,700 5,719,700 5,719,700 5,719,700 5,719,700 5,719,700 5,719,700 5,719,700 5,719,700 5,719,700 5,719,700 5,719,700 5,719,700 6,719,700 7,719,700	ASSETS														
Receivable Rays R		5	5.719.700	ς		ς	5.719.700	ς	351.024	ς	853.752	5	103,886		
Table Respectable Respec	·	•	-,,	*		•	2,1 , , . 2	•	,	•	,	•	,		
Decide Part Part	·		8.396,689				8,396,689								
Due from component unit					3,256				44,540		20,339		260.332		
Due from other governmental units 1,572,681 1,572,681 1,508,496					-				-				,		
Prepaid items	·								1,508,496		-		-		
Prepaid items	•				-		.,		-,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,		-		11,223		
Peter Pete			-		÷		-		385.063		-		=		
Temporarily restricted:	,								,						
Cash and cash equivalents 786,796 49,375 836,371 156,722 Capital assets (net of accumulated depreciation): Land 1,561,333 1,561,333 4,643,707 2,264,397 106,332 Land improvements 1.561,333 15,565,287 10,918,006 6,581,104 107,097 Machinery and equipment 1,391,951 1,391,951 1,400,05 358,573 2,244,427 Utility plant in service 1,391,951 3,254,610 1,400,05 358,573 2,244,427 Construction in progress 2 3,307,401 3,387,545 1,400,05 358,573 2,244,427 Less: Accumulated Depreciation 3,6549,804 3,307,401 3,9857,245 19,311,801 1,17,170,90 1,170,60,908 Less: Accumulated Depreciation 3,6549,804 3,307,401 3,317,405 337,1926 3,07,202,00 3,170,609,00 Accumulated Depreciation 1,446,874 16,630 1,463,214 3,377,226 3,371,90 1,771,00 1,706,00 Accumulated Depreciation 1,445,754															
Capital assets (net of accumulated depreciation): Land	•		786.796		49.575		836.371				_		158.722		
Land 1,561,333 - 1,561,333 4,643,707 2,264,397 106,332 Land improvements 15,565,287 - 15,565,287 10,918,09 6,581,10 107,097 Machinery and equipment 1,391,951 - 13,391,951 1,460,965 358,573 2,244,427 Utility plant in service - 3,254,610 3,254,610 - - 14,744,150 Construction in progress - - - - 1,302,926 3,821,553 Less: Accumulated Depreciation -<	·		,,,,,,		,								,,		
Land improvements	•		1.561.333				1,561,333		4.643.707		2,264,397		106.332		
Buildings and improvements 15,565,287 - 15,565,287 10,918,096 6,581,104 107,097 Machinery and equipment 1,391,951 1,391,951 1,391,951 1,460,965 356,573 2,244,427 Utility plant in service 3,254,610 3,254,610 - 1,302,926 3,821,535 Less: Accumulated Depreciation 5 3,6549,804 3,307,441 3,9857,245 51,311,891 \$ 1,712,709 \$ 1,706,936 Total assets 5 3,6549,804 \$ 3,307,441 \$ 39,857,245 \$ 1,311,891 \$ 1,712,709 \$ 1,706,936 LIABILITIES Accounts payable \$ 1,446,854 \$ 16,360 \$ 1,463,214 \$ 377,926 \$ 307,908 \$ 313,102 Accrued liabilities 774 \$ 20 \$ 774 990,356 \$ 307,908 \$ 18,000 Accrued interest payable 214,411 1,734 216,45 \$ 3,33 20,000 \$ 18,000 Long-term liabilities 2 2 2 1,779,971 671,190 1,575,500 5,77	— 		-				-		.,,						
Machinery and equipment 1,391,951 - 1,391,951 1,460,965 358,573 2,244,427 Utility plant in service 3,254,610 3,254,610 - 1,301,951 - 14,744,150 - 14,744,150 - 14,744,150 - 14,744,150 - 13,00,926 3,821,553 1,202,926 3,821,553 - 1,202,926 3,821,553 1,202,926 3,821,553 - 1,202,926 3,821,553 - 1,202,926 3,821,553 - 1,202,926 3,821,553 - 1,202,926 3,821,553 - 1,202,926 3,821,553 - 1,202,926 - 1,202,926 3,821,553 - 1,202,926<	•	1	5,565,787				15,565,287		10.918.096		•		107.097		
Utility plant in service Construction in progress 3,254,610 3,254,610 3,254,610 3,254,610 3,254,610 3,20,965 3,302,965 3,821,553 2,821,553 2,821,553 3,821,553 4,656,6368 3,821,553 4,656,6368 4,656,528 3,821,553 4,656,538 4,655,245 9,9311,891 9,1712,709 9,1704,936 4,656,538 8,000,000 9,000,00															
Construction in progress - - - 1,302,926 3,821,538 Less: Accumulated Depreciation \$ 36,549,804 \$ 3,307,441 \$ 39,857,245 \$ 19,311,891 \$ 11,712,709 \$ 1,706,936 LIABILITIES Accounts payable \$ 1,446,854 \$ 16,360 \$ 1,463,214 \$ 377,926 \$ 307,908 \$ 313,102 Accrued liabilities 774 • 774 990,356 • 6 109,968 Customer deposits • 214,411 1,734 216,145 • 48,935 220,055 Due to primary government • 214,411 1,734 216,145 • 48,935 220,055 Due within one year 1,759,796 20,175 1,779,971 671,190 1,053,103 200,889 Due in more than one year 15,434,693 693,411 16,128,104 686,106 5,774,560 6,379,322 Total tiabilities 3 18,856,528 731,680 \$ 1,502,104 686,106 5,774,560 6,379,322 Due in more than one year 15,434,693 693,411 16,128,104 686,106			-		3.254.610				.,,		-				
Less: Accumulated Depreciation			_		-		-		-		1.302.926				
Total assets \$ 36,549,804 \$ 3,307,441 \$ 39,857,245 \$ 19,311,891 \$ 11,712,709 \$ 17,076,936					-		-		_		.,002,720				
Accounts payable \$ 1,446,854 \$ 16,360 \$ 1,463,214 \$ 377,926 \$ 307,908 \$ 313,102 Accrued liabilities 774 - 774 990,356 - 109,668 Customer deposits - - - - - - - - - 18,200 Accrued interest payable 214,411 1,734 216,145 - 48,935 22,055 Due to primary government - - - 683,334 200,000 - Long-term liabilities - - - 683,334 200,000 - - Due within one year 1,759,796 20,175 1,779,971 671,190 1,053,103 200,889 Due in more than one year 15,434,693 693,411 16,128,104 686,106 5,774,560 6,379,322 Total liabilities - 18,856,528 731,680 \$ 19,588,208 \$ 3,408,912 \$ 7,043,536 \$ 7,043,536 Unavailable revenue - property taxes \$ 4,570,360 \$ 2,541	•	\$ 3	6,549,804	\$	3,307,441	\$	39,857,245	\$	19,311,891	\$	11,712,709	\$			
Accounts payable \$ 1,446,854 \$ 16,360 \$ 1,463,214 \$ 377,926 \$ 307,908 \$ 313,102 Accrued liabilities 774 - 774 990,356 - 109,668 Customer deposits - - - - - - - - - 18,200 Accrued interest payable 214,411 1,734 216,145 - 48,935 22,055 Due to primary government - - - 683,334 200,000 - Long-term liabilities - - - 683,334 200,000 - - Due within one year 1,759,796 20,175 1,779,971 671,190 1,053,103 200,889 Due in more than one year 15,434,693 693,411 16,128,104 686,106 5,774,560 6,379,322 Total liabilities - 18,856,528 731,680 \$ 19,588,208 \$ 3,408,912 \$ 7,043,536 \$ 7,043,536 Unavailable revenue - property taxes \$ 4,570,360 \$ 2,541	LIARH ITIES														
Accrued liabilities 774 - 774 990,356 - 109,968 Customer deposits - - - - - - 18,200 Accrued interest payable 214,411 1,734 216,145 - 48,935 22,055 Due to primary government - - - - 683,334 200,000 - Long-term liabilities: - - - - - 683,334 200,000 - Due within one year 1,759,796 20,175 1,779,971 671,190 1,053,103 200,889 Due in more than one year 15,434,693 693,411 16,128,104 686,106 5,774,560 6,379,322 Total liabilities \$ 1,8856,528 \$ 731,680 \$ 1,588,208 \$ 3,408,912 \$ 7,384,506 \$ 7,043,536 DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES Unavailable revenue - property taxes \$ 4,570,360 \$ 10,100,807 \$ 17,022,768 \$ 4,691,433 \$ 9,936,980 NET POSITION		ς	1 446 854	ς	16 360	ς	1 463 214	5	377 926	ς	307 908	<	313 102		
Customer deposits Image: Customer deposits of the property control of the property con	* *	~		~	10,500	7		~	-	7	307,700	,	-		
Accrued interest payable 214,411 1,734 216,145 - 48,935 22,055 Due to primary government - - - 683,334 200,000 - Long-term liabilities: - - - 683,334 200,000 - Due within one year 1,759,796 20,175 1,779,971 671,190 1,053,103 200,889 Due in more than one year 15,434,693 693,411 16,128,104 686,106 5,774,560 6,379,322 Total liabilities \$ 18,856,528 \$ 731,680 \$ 19,588,208 \$ 3,408,912 \$ 7,384,506 \$ 7,043,536 Unavailable revenue - property taxes \$ 4,570,360 \$ 2.541,024 \$ 10,100,807 \$ 17,022,768 \$ 4,691,433 \$ 9,936,980 Net investment in capital assets \$ 7,559,783 \$ 2,541,024 \$ 10,100,807 \$ 17,022,768 \$ 4,691,433 \$ 9,936,980 Restricted for: Coal Road 889,767 - - - - - - - - - - -			,,,		_		,,,		· •				· ·		
Due to primary government - - - 683,334 200,000 - Long-term liabilities: Due within one year 1,759,796 20,175 1,779,971 671,190 1,053,103 200,889 Due in more than one year 15,434,693 693,411 16,128,104 686,106 5,774,560 6,379,322 Total liabilities \$ 18,856,528 \$ 731,680 \$ 19,588,208 \$ 3,408,912 \$ 7,384,506 \$ 7,043,536 DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES Unavailable revenue - property taxes \$ 4,570,360 \$ 5 4,570,360 \$ 5 4,570,360 \$ 5 \$ 7,043,536 NET POSITION Net investment in capital assets \$ 7,559,783 \$ 2,541,024 \$ 10,100,807 \$ 17,022,768 \$ 4,691,433 \$ 9,936,980 Restricted for: Coal Road 889,767 889,767 899,767 <td rowspa<="" td=""><td>•</td><td></td><td>214 411</td><td></td><td>1 734</td><td></td><td>216 145</td><td></td><td>_</td><td></td><td>⊿8 935</td><td></td><td>· ·</td></td>	<td>•</td> <td></td> <td>214 411</td> <td></td> <td>1 734</td> <td></td> <td>216 145</td> <td></td> <td>_</td> <td></td> <td>⊿8 935</td> <td></td> <td>· ·</td>	•		214 411		1 734		216 145		_		⊿ 8 935		· ·	
Due within one year 1,759,796 20,175 1,779,971 671,190 1,053,103 200,889 1,759,796 20,175 1,779,971 671,190 1,053,103 200,889 1,5434,693 693,411 16,128,104 686,106 5,774,560 6,379,322 1,041	• •				1,731		210,113		683 334		•		12,033		
Due within one year 1,759,796 20,175 1,779,971 671,190 1,053,103 200,889 Due in more than one year 15,434,693 693,411 16,128,104 686,106 5,774,560 6,379,322 Total liabilities \$ 18,856,528 731,680 \$ 19,588,208 \$ 3,408,912 \$ 7,384,506 \$ 7,043,536 DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES Unavailable revenue - property taxes \$ 4,570,360 \$ - \$ 4,570,360 \$ - <t< td=""><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td>003,35</td><td></td><td>200,000</td><td></td><td></td></t<>									003,35		200,000				
Due in more than one year 15,434,693 693,411 16,128,104 686,106 5,774,560 6,379,322 Total liabilities \$ 18,856,528 \$ 731,680 \$ 19,588,208 \$ 3,408,912 \$ 7,384,506 \$ 7,043,536 DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES Unavailable revenue - property taxes \$ 4,570,360 \$ - \$ 4,570,360 \$ - \$ - \$ - \$ - NET POSITION Net investment in capital assets \$ 7,559,783 \$ 2,541,024 \$ 10,100,807 \$ 17,022,768 \$ 4,691,433 \$ 9,936,980 Restricted for: Coal Road 889,767 - 889,767 -<	-		1 750 706		20 175		1 779 971		671 190		1 053 103		วกก 880		
Total liabilities \$ 18,856,528 \$ 731,680 \$ 19,588,208 \$ 3,408,912 \$ 7,384,506 \$ 7,043,536 DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES Unavailable revenue - property taxes \$ 4,570,360 \$ - \$ 4,570,360 \$ - \$ - \$ - \$ - \$ - \$ - \$ NET POSITION Net investment in capital assets \$ 7,559,783 \$ 2,541,024 \$ 10,100,807 \$ 17,022,768 \$ 4,691,433 \$ 9,936,980 Restricted for: Coal Road 889,767 - 889,767	•	1							-				,		
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES Unavailable revenue - property taxes \$ 4,570,360 \$ 5 \$ \$ 4,570,360 \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$	•			ς		ς		_		ς.		ς_			
NET POSITION \$ 4,570,360 \$ 2,541,024 \$ 10,100,807 \$ 17,022,768 \$ 4,691,433 \$ 9,936,980 Restricted for: Coal Road 889,767 - 889,767 - 889,767 - 9,936,980 Debt service and bond covenants - 49,575 49,575 - 10,702,768 - 4691,433 - 9,936,980 Unrestricted (deficit) 4,673,366 14,838 4,658,528 (1,119,789) (363,230) (62,302)	rotat tiabitities	-	10,030,320	7	731,000	Ţ	17,300,200		3,400,712	7	7,304,300		7,043,330		
NET POSITION Net investment in capital assets \$ 7,559,783 \$ 2,541,024 \$ 10,100,807 \$ 17,022,768 \$ 4,691,433 \$ 9,936,980 Restricted for: Coal Road 889,767 - 889,767	DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES														
Net investment in capital assets \$ 7,559,783 \$ 2,541,024 \$ 10,100,807 \$ 17,022,768 \$ 4,691,433 \$ 9,936,980 Restricted for: Coal Road 889,767 - 889,767 - 889,767 - <td>Unavailable revenue - property taxes</td> <td>\$</td> <td>4,570,360</td> <td>\$</td> <td>-</td> <td>\$</td> <td>4,570,360</td> <td>_\$_</td> <td>•</td> <td>\$</td> <td>-</td> <td>\$</td> <td>-</td>	Unavailable revenue - property taxes	\$	4,570,360	\$	-	\$	4,570,360	_\$_	•	\$	-	\$	-		
Net investment in capital assets \$ 7,559,783 \$ 2,541,024 \$ 10,100,807 \$ 17,022,768 \$ 4,691,433 \$ 9,936,980 Restricted for: Coal Road 889,767 - 889,767 - 889,767 - <td>NET POSITION</td> <td></td>	NET POSITION														
Restricted for: Coal Road 889,767 - 889,767 -		\$	7,559,783	\$	2,541,024	\$	10,100,807	\$	17,022,768	\$	4,691,433	\$	9,936,980		
Coal Road 889,767 - 889,767 -	·		•		•										
Debt service and bond covenants - 49,575 49,575 - - 158,722 Unrestricted (deficit) 4,673,366 (14,838) 4,658,528 (1,119,789) (363,230) (62,302)	Coal Road		889,767				889,767						-		
Unrestricted (deficit) 4,673,366 (14,838) 4,658,528 (1,119,789) (363,230) (62,302)	Debt service and bond covenants				49,575		•		-				158,722		
			4,673,366		•				(1,119,789)		(363,230)		•		
		\$ 1		\$		\$		\$	15,902,979			\$			

County of Russell, Virginia Statement of Activities For the Year Ended June 30, 2013

			Program Revenue	·s			Net (Expense) & Changes in No			
	-		· · - 3 · - · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·			Primary Government			Component Units	
			Operating	Capital		Government			Industrial	Russell County
		Charges for	Grants and	Grants and	Governmental	Business-type		ı	Development	Public Service
Functions/Programs	Expenses	Services	Contributions	Contributions	<u>Activities</u>	<u>Activities</u>	<u>Total</u>	School Board	Authority	<u>Authority</u>
PRIMARY GOVERNMENT:										
Governmental activities:							80.00	***************************************		province commence produces con 2500/aii
General government administration	\$ 1,265,678			\$ -	5 (953,624)	\$ - \$	(953,624)			
Judicial administration	2,097,216	8,085	588,220	•	(1,500,911)	•	(1,500,911)			
Public safety	5,894,181	105,009	1,692,927	•	(4,096,245)	-	(4,096,245)			
Public works	4,591,542	205,056	15,169	-	(4,371,317)	-	(4,371,317)			
Health and welfare	8,270,658	-	6,879,852	•	(1,390,806)	•	(1,390,806)			
Education	7,484,972		-	•	(7,484,972)	-	(7,484,972)			
Parks, recreation, and cultural	529,706	29,690	338,530	-	(161,486)	-	(161,486)			
Community development	2,173,719		-	-	(2,173,719)	-	(2,173,719)			
Interest on long-term debt	498,401	<u> </u>		<u> </u>	(498,401)		(498,401)			
Total governmental activities	\$ 32,806,073	\$ 352,519	\$ 9,822,073	\$ -	\$ (22,631,481)	\$ - \$	(22,631,481)			Vii
Business-type activities:										
Service Authority	\$ 441,349	\$ 46,192	ş .	\$ -	\$ -	\$ (395,157) \$	(395,157)			
Total primary government	\$ 33,247,422	\$ 398,711	\$ 9,822,073	\$ -	\$ (22,631,481)	\$ (395,157) \$	(23,026,638)			
COMPONENT UNITS:										
School Board	\$ 41,136,895	\$ 647,817	\$ 32,016,007	\$ -				(8,473,071) \$	-	\$ -
Industrial Development Authority	1.098,857	-	17,466	1,387,708				-	306,317	
Russell County Public Service Authority	1,850,003	1,133,980	, ,	1,411,104					-	695,081
Total component units		\$ 1,781,797	\$ 32,033,473	\$ 2,798,812			9	(8,473,071) \$	306,317	
	General revenues									
	General propert				\$ 14,686,993	s - s	14,686,993	; <u> </u>		S -
	Other local taxe	•			3 14,000,773	, ,	14,000,773	, , ,	•	3
	Local sales and				1,689,275		1,689,275			
		severence taxes			2.285,086	•	2,285,086		-	
	Consumers' util				567,707		567,707			
	Motor vehicle l	-			355,686	_	355,686	_		_
	Other local tax				181,858	-	181,858	_		
			of money and prop	ertv	45,865	_	45,865	3,215	638,040	4,898
	Miscellaneous		or money and prop	, ,	60,479	_	60,479	292,514	196,335	61,721
	Payments from t	the County of Ru	ssell. Virginia		-	-	-	7,962,364	1,537,278	1,213,068
	-	-	tricted to specific	programs	2,580,839	-	2,580,839	.,,	.,,	.,,
	Gain on disposal			E9. A	-,555,557	-	_,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,	-	-	79,117
	Transfers	3-6	=		(283,789)	283,789	_	•	-	
	Total general re	venues and trans	sfers		\$ 22,169,999	\$ 283,789 \$	22,453,788 \$	8,258,093 \$	2,371,653	\$ 1,358,804
	Change in net pos				\$ (461,482)		{572,850} \$		2,677,970	\$ 2,053,885
	Net position - beg		ted		13,584,398	2,687,129	16,271,527	16,117,957	1,650,233	7,979,515
	Net position - end					\$ 2,575,761 \$			4,328,203	\$ 10,033,400
		-			-,, /	,, -, -,				

County of Russell, Virginia Balance Sheet Governmental Funds June 30, 2013

		<u>General</u>		Coal <u>Road</u>		Vorkforce stment Board		<u>Total</u>
ASSETS								
Cash and cash equivalents	\$	2,405,137	\$	•	\$	120,642	\$	2,525,779
Receivables (net of allowance for uncollectibles):								
Taxes receivable		8,396,689		•		•		8,396,689
Accounts receivable		258,314		71,507		-		329,821
Due from other funds		46,115		65,105		-		111,220
Due from component unit		883,334		•		-		883,334
Due from other governmental units		1,246,030		-		326,651		1,572,681
Restricted assets:								
Temporarily restricted:								
Cash and cash equivalents		-		786,796		•		786,796
Total assets	\$	13,235,619	\$	923,408	\$	447,293	\$	14,606,320
LIABILITIES								
Accounts payable	\$	666,166	\$	33,641	\$	292,674	\$	992,481
Accrued liabilities		774		-		-		774
Due to other funds		-		-		111,220		111,220
Total liabilities	\$	666,940	\$	33,641	\$	403,894	\$	1,104,475
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES								
Unavailable revenue - property taxes	\$	7,476,544	\$	-	\$		\$	7,476,544
FUND BALANCES								
Restricted:								
Coal Road	\$	-	5	889,767	5	=	\$	889,767
Committed:	,		·	,			·	•
Special revenue funds		_		-		43,399		43,399
Unassigned:		5,092,135						5,092,135
Total fund balances	5	5,092,135	5	889,767	5	43,399	5	6,025,301
Total liabilities, deferred inflows of resources, and fund balances	\$	13,235,619	\$	923,408	\$	447,293	\$	14,606,320

\$ 13,122,916

County of Russell, Virginia Reconciliation of the Balance Sheet of Governmental Funds To the Statement of Net Position June 30, 2013

Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of net position are different because: Total fund balances per Exhibit 3 - Balance Sheet - Governmental Funds \$ 6,025,301 Capital assets used in governmental activities are not financial resources and, therefore, are not reported in the funds. Land 1,561,333 Buildings and improvements 15,565,287 Machinery and equipment 1,391,951 18,518,571 Other long-term assets are not available to pay for current-period expenditures and, therefore, are deferred in the funds. 2,906,184 Internal service funds are used by management to charge the costs of certain activities, such as insurance and telecommunications, to individual funds. The assets and liabilities of the internal service funds are included in governmental activities in the statement of net position. 3,081,760 Long-term liabilities, including bonds payable, are not due and payable in the current period and, therefore, are not reported in the funds. Bonds, literary loans, and note (15,743,782)Capital lease (341, 188)Unamortized premium (266,511)Accrued interest payable (214,411)Landfill accrued closure and postclosure liability (267, 913)Net OPEB obligation (6,609)Compensated absences (568, 486) (17,408,900)

The accompanying notes to the financial statements are an integral part of this statement.

Net position of governmental activities

County of Russell, Virginia Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances Governmental Funds

For the Year Ended June 30, 2013

Semeral property taxes	REVENUES		General		Coal <u>Road</u>	<u>Inv</u>	Workforce vestment Board		Total
Other local taxes 3,937,219 1,142,993 5,079,612 Permits, privilege fees, and regulatory licenses 34,152 . 34,152 Fines and forfeitures 14,955 . 36,663 Revenue from the use of money and property 31,431 5,232 . 36,663 Charges for services 303,412 . . 303,412 Miscellaneous 60,479 . . 60,479 Recovered costs 1,009,359 . . 1,009,359 Intergovernmental revenues: . 2,550 7,734,056 Federal 7,734,506 . 2,550 7,737,056 Federal 2,458,978 . 1,209,388 4,665,856 Total revenues . 3,0281,078 1,147,625 \$ 2,206,878 4,665,856 Total revenues . 2,458,978 . 1,797,929 \$ 2,206,878 4,665,856 Total revenues . 1,797,929 \$. \$. \$.096,382 Currents . </td <td></td> <td>¢</td> <td>14 696 587</td> <td>¢</td> <td></td> <td>ς</td> <td>_</td> <td>ς</td> <td>14 696 587</td>		¢	14 696 587	¢		ς	_	ς	14 696 587
Permits, privilege fees, and regulatory licenses 34,152 34,152 Fines and forfeitures 14,955 31,4955 Revenue from the use of money and property 31,4131 5,232 36,643 Charges for services 303,412 303,412 303,412 Miscellaneous 60,479 60,479 60,479 Recovered costs 1,009,359 30,000,300 1,009,359 Intergovernmental revenues: 7,734,506 2,550 7,737,056 Federal 2,458,978 2,206,878 4,665,856 Total revenues 5,30,281,078 1,147,625 2,209,428 33,638,131 EXPENDITURES Current: General government administration 1,797,929 \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$		Ţ		7	1 142 393	~	_	7	
Fines and forfeitures									
Revenue from the use of money and property 31,431 5,232 36,663 Charges for services 303,412 -			•				_		
Charges for services					5 232		_		
Miscellaneous 60,479 - 60,479 Recovered costs 1,009,359 - 60,479 Intergovernmental revenues: 1,009,359 - 2,050,878 7,734,506 Federal 2,458,978 - 2,266,878 4,665,856 Total revenues 5,30,281,078 1,147,625 2,209,428 3,336,813 EXPENDITURES Current: General government administration 2,096,382 - 2,096,382 - 2,096,382 - 2,096,382 - 2,096,382 - 2,096,382 - 2,096,382 - 2,096,382 - 2,096,382 - 2,096,382 - 5,742,101 - - 2,096,382 - - 2,096,382 - - 5,742,101 - - 2,213,965 8,334,736 - - 5,742,101 - - 2,213,965 8,334,736 - - 2,213,965 8,334,736 - - 2,213,965 8,334,736 - -					J, LJL		-		
Recovered costs 1,009,359	-		•		_		_		•
Note			•		_		-		
Commonwealth 7,734,506 2,550 7,737,056 Federal 2,458,978 2,206,678 4,665,856 Total revenues 30,281,078 1,147,625 2,209,428 3,368,131 EXPENDITURES Current: General government administration \$1,797,929 \$ \$ \$ 1,797,929 Judicial administration 2,096,382 \$ \$ \$ 1,797,929 Public works 3,241,005 1,503,326 \$ \$ 5,742,101 Public works 3,241,005 1,503,326 \$ \$ 5,742,101 Public works 3,241,005 1,503,326 \$ \$ 5,742,101 Public works 3,241,005 1,503,326 \$ \$ 6,390,469 Public works 6,120,771 \$ \$ 2,213,965 6,390,469 Parks, recreation, and cultural 488,706 \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ 423,373 \$ \$ \$ \$			1,007,007						,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,
Federal Total revenues 2,458,978 - 2,206,878 3,638,138 S 30,281,078 1,147,625 2,209,428 \$ 33,638,138 EXPENDITURES Current: General government administration \$ 1,797,929 \$ 2 \$ 1,797,929 \$ 3 \$ 1,797,929 \$ 1,792,929 \$ 1,792,929 \$ 1,792,929 \$ 1,792,929 \$ 1,792,929 \$ 1,792,929 \$ 1,792,929 \$ 1,792,929 \$ 1,792,929 \$ 1,792,929 \$ 1,792,929	•		7 734 506				2.550		7.737.056
Total revenues \$ 30,281,078 \$ 1,147,625 \$ 2,209,428 \$ 33,638,131 EXPENDITURES Current: Seneral government administration \$ 1,797,929 \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ 1,797,929 Judicial administration 2,096,382 \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$					_				
Current: General government administration \$ 1,797,929 \$. \$. \$ 1,797,929 \$. \$. \$ 1,797,929 \$. \$. \$ 1,797,929 \$. \$. \$. \$ 2,096,382 \$. \$. \$. \$ 2,096,382 \$. \$. \$. \$. \$. \$. \$. \$. \$. \$.		\$		\$	1,147,625	\$		\$	
Current: General government administration \$ 1,797,929 \$. \$. \$ 1,797,929 \$. \$. \$ 1,797,929 \$. \$. \$ 1,797,929 \$. \$. \$. \$ 2,096,382 \$. \$. \$. \$ 2,096,382 \$. \$. \$. \$. \$. \$. \$. \$. \$. \$.	EXPENDITURES								
General government administration \$ 1,797,929 \$ - \$ \$ 1,797,929 Judicial administration 2,096,382 - \$ 2,096,382 Public safety 5,742,101 - \$ 5,742,101 Public works 3,241,005 1,503,326 - 4,744,331 Health and welfare 6,120,771 - \$ 2,213,965 8,334,736 Education 6,390,469 - \$ 2,213,965 8,334,736 Parks, recreation, and cultural 488,706 - \$ 6,390,469 - \$ 2,283,910 Nondepartmental 423,737 - \$ 2,283,910 - \$ 2,283,910 Nondepartmental 423,737 - \$ 2,314,036 - \$ 334,929 Debt service: - \$ 2,314,036 - \$ 2,314,036 - \$ 2,314,036 Interest and other fiscal charges 555,784 - \$ 2,213,965 \$ 35,507,050 Excess (deficiency) of revenues over (under) expenditures \$ 31,789,759 \$ 1,503,326 \$ 2,213,965 \$ 35,507,050 OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES) \$ (1,508,681) \$ (355,701) \$ (4,537) \$ (1,868,919) Net change in fund balances \$ (1,792,470) \$ (355,701) \$ (4,53									
Judicial administration 2,096,382 - - 2,096,382 Public safety 5,742,101 - - 5,742,101 Public works 3,241,005 1,503,326 - 4,744,331 Health and welfare 6,120,771 - 2,213,965 8,334,736 Education 6,390,469 - - 6,390,469 Parks, recreation, and cultural 488,706 - - 6,390,469 Community development 2,283,910 - - 2,283,910 Nondepartmental 423,737 - - 2,283,910 Nondepartmental 423,737 - - 334,929 Debt service: - - - - 334,929 Debt service: - - - - 2,314,036 Interest and other fiscal charges 555,784 - - 555,784 Total expenditures \$ (1,508,681) \$ (355,701) \$ (4,537) \$ (1,868,919) OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)	General government administration	\$	1,797,929	\$	-	\$	-	\$	1,797,929
Public safety 5,742,101 - 5,742,101 Public works 3,241,005 1,503,326 - 4,744,331 Health and welfare 6,120,771 - 2,213,965 8,334,736 Education 6,390,469 - - 6,390,469 Parks, recreation, and cultural 488,706 - - 488,706 Community development 2,283,910 - - 2,283,910 Nondepartmental 423,737 - - 423,737 Capital projects 334,929 - - 334,929 Debt service: - - - 2,314,036 Interest and other fiscal charges 555,784 - - 2,314,036 Interest and other fiscal charges 531,789,759 \$ 1,503,326 \$ 2,213,965 \$ 35,507,050 Excess (deficiency) of revenues over (under) expenditures \$ (1,508,681) \$ (355,701) \$ (4,537) \$ (1,868,919) OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES) \$ (283,789) \$ - \$ (4,537) \$ (2,152,708) <td< td=""><td>-</td><td>·</td><td></td><td></td><td>-</td><td>·</td><td>-</td><td></td><td></td></td<>	-	·			-	·	-		
Public works 3,241,005 1,503,326 4,744,331 Health and welfare 6,120,771 - 2,213,965 8,334,736 Education 6,390,469 - - 6,390,469 Parks, recreation, and cultural 488,706 - - 488,706 Community development 2,283,910 - - 2,283,910 Nondepartmental 423,737 - - 423,737 Capital projects 334,929 - - 334,929 Debt service: - - - 2,314,036 Interest and other fiscal charges 555,784 - - 555,784 Total expenditures \$31,789,759 \$1,503,326 \$2,213,965 \$35,507,050 Excess (deficiency) of revenues over (under) expenditures \$(1,508,681) \$(355,701) \$(4,537) \$(1,868,919) OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES) \$(283,789) - \$ \$(283,789) Net change in fund balances \$(1,792,470) \$(355,701) \$(4,537) \$(2,152,708) Fund	Public safety		5,742,101		-		-		5,742,101
Health and welfare 6,120,771 . 2,213,965 8,334,736 Education 6,390,469 . . 6,390,469 Parks, recreation, and cultural 488,706 . . 488,706 Community development 2,283,910 . . 2,283,910 Nondepartmental 423,737 . . . 423,737 Capital projects 334,929 334,929 Debt service: .	-				1,503,326				4,744,331
Education 6,390,469 - 6,390,469 Parks, recreation, and cultural 488,706 - 488,706 Community development 2,283,910 - 2,283,910 Nondepartmental 423,737 - - 423,737 Capital projects 334,929 - - 334,929 Debt service: - - - 2,314,036 Interest and other fiscal charges 555,784 - - 555,784 Total expenditures \$31,789,759 \$1,503,326 \$2,213,965 \$35,507,050 Excess (deficiency) of revenues over (under) expenditures \$(1,508,681) \$(355,701) \$(4,537) \$(1,868,919) OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES) Transfers out \$(283,789) - \$ \$(283,789) Net change in fund balances \$(1,792,470) \$(355,701) \$(4,537) \$(2,152,708) Fund balances - beginning 6,884,605 1,245,468 47,936 8,178,009	Health and welfare		6,120,771		-		2,213,965		8,334,736
Parks, recreation, and cultural 488,706 - - 488,706 Community development 2,283,910 - 2,283,910 Nondepartmental 423,737 - - 423,737 Capital projects 334,929 - - 334,929 Debt service: - - - 2,314,036 Interest and other fiscal charges 555,784 - - 2,314,036 Interest and other fiscal charges 555,784 - - 5555,784 Total expenditures \$31,789,759 \$1,503,326 \$2,213,965 \$35,507,050 Excess (deficiency) of revenues over (under) expenditures \$(1,508,681) \$(355,701) \$(4,537) \$(1,868,919) OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES) Transfers out \$(283,789) - \$ \$(283,789) Net change in fund balances \$(1,792,470) \$(355,701) \$(4,537) \$(2,152,708) Fund balances - beginning 6,884,605 1,245,468 47,936 8,178,009	Education				-		-		6,390,469
Community development 2,283,910 - 2,283,910 Nondepartmental 423,737 - 423,737 Capital projects 334,929 - - 334,929 Debt service: - - - 2,314,036 Interest and other fiscal charges 555,784 - - 2,314,036 Interest and other fiscal charges \$31,789,759 \$1,503,326 \$2,213,965 \$35,507,050 Excess (deficiency) of revenues over (under) expenditures \$(1,508,681) \$(355,701) \$(4,537) \$(1,868,919) OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES) \$(283,789) \$- \$ \$(283,789) Net change in fund balances \$(1,792,470) \$(355,701) \$(4,537) \$(2,152,708) Fund balances - beginning 6,884,605 1,245,468 47,936 8,178,009	Parks, recreation, and cultural				-		-		488,706
Nondepartmental 423,737 - - 423,737 Capital projects 334,929 - - 334,929 Debt service: - - - - 2,314,036 Principal retirement 2,314,036 - - 2,314,036 - - 2,314,036 Interest and other fiscal charges 555,784 - - 5555,784 - - 5555,784 - - 5555,784 - - 5555,784 - - 5555,784 - - 5555,784 - - 5555,784 - - 5555,784 - - 555,784 - - 555,784 - - 555,784 - - - 555,784 - - - 555,784 - <			2,283,910		-		-		
Capital projects 334,929 - - 334,929 Debt service: - - - - - 2,314,036 - - 2,314,036 - - 2,314,036 - - 2,314,036 - - 555,784 - - - 555,784 - - - 555,784 - - - 555,784 - - - - 555,784 - - - - 555,784 - - - - 555,784 - - - - 555,784 - - - - 555,784 - - - - - 555,784 -			423,737		-		-		423,737
Principal retirement 2,314,036 - - 2,314,036 Interest and other fiscal charges 555,784 - - 555,784 Total expenditures \$ 31,789,759 \$ 1,503,326 \$ 2,213,965 \$ 35,507,050 Excess (deficiency) of revenues over (under) expenditures \$ (1,508,681) \$ (355,701) \$ (4,537) \$ (1,868,919) OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES) \$ (283,789) - \$ (4,537) \$ (283,789) Net change in fund balances \$ (1,792,470) \$ (355,701) \$ (4,537) \$ (2,152,708) Fund balances - beginning 6,884,605 1,245,468 47,936 8,178,009			334,929		-		-		334,929
Interest and other fiscal charges 555,784 - 555,784 Total expenditures \$ 31,789,759 \$ 1,503,326 \$ 2,213,965 \$ 35,507,050 Excess (deficiency) of revenues over (under) expenditures \$ (1,508,681) \$ (355,701) \$ (4,537) \$ (1,868,919) OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES) Transfers out \$ (283,789) \$ - \$ - \$ (283,789) Net change in fund balances \$ (1,792,470) \$ (355,701) \$ (4,537) \$ (2,152,708) Fund balances - beginning 6,884,605 1,245,468 47,936 8,178,009	Debt service:						-		
Total expenditures \$ 31,789,759 \$ 1,503,326 \$ 2,213,965 \$ 35,507,050 Excess (deficiency) of revenues over (under) expenditures \$ (1,508,681) \$ (355,701) \$ (4,537) \$ (1,868,919) OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES) \$ (283,789) \$ - \$ - \$ (283,789) Transfers out \$ (283,789) \$ - \$ \$ (4,537) \$ (283,789) Net change in fund balances \$ (1,792,470) \$ (355,701) \$ (4,537) \$ (2,152,708) Fund balances - beginning 6,884,605 1,245,468 47,936 8,178,009	Principal retirement		2,314,036		-		•		2,314,036
Total expenditures \$ 31,789,759 \$ 1,503,326 \$ 2,213,965 \$ 35,507,050 Excess (deficiency) of revenues over (under) expenditures \$ (1,508,681) \$ (355,701) \$ (4,537) \$ (1,868,919) OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES) \$ (283,789) \$ - \$ - \$ (283,789) Transfers out \$ (283,789) \$ - \$ \$ (4,537) \$ (283,789) Net change in fund balances \$ (1,792,470) \$ (355,701) \$ (4,537) \$ (2,152,708) Fund balances - beginning 6,884,605 1,245,468 47,936 8,178,009	Interest and other fiscal charges		555,784		-		-		555,784
(under) expenditures \$ (1,508,681) \$ (355,701) \$ (4,537) \$ (1,868,919) OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES) \$ (283,789) \$ - \$ - \$ (283,789) Transfers out \$ (283,789) \$ - \$ - \$ (283,789) Net change in fund balances \$ (1,792,470) \$ (355,701) \$ (4,537) \$ (2,152,708) Fund balances - beginning 6,884,605 1,245,468 47,936 8,178,009	Total expenditures	\$	31,789,759	\$	1,503,326	\$	2,213,965	\$	35,507,050
(under) expenditures \$ (1,508,681) \$ (355,701) \$ (4,537) \$ (1,868,919) OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES) \$ (283,789) \$ - \$ - \$ (283,789) Transfers out \$ (283,789) \$ - \$ - \$ (283,789) Net change in fund balances \$ (1,792,470) \$ (355,701) \$ (4,537) \$ (2,152,708) Fund balances - beginning 6,884,605 1,245,468 47,936 8,178,009	Excess (deficiency) of revenues over								
Transfers out \$ (283,789) \$ - \$ - \$ (283,789) Net change in fund balances \$ (1,792,470) \$ (355,701) \$ (4,537) \$ (2,152,708) Fund balances - beginning 6,884,605 1,245,468 47,936 8,178,009		\$	(1,508,681)	\$	(355,701)	\$	(4,537)	\$	(1,868,919)
Transfers out \$ (283,789) \$ - \$ - \$ (283,789) Net change in fund balances \$ (1,792,470) \$ (355,701) \$ (4,537) \$ (2,152,708) Fund balances - beginning 6,884,605 1,245,468 47,936 8,178,009	OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)								
Fund balances - beginning 6,884,605 1,245,468 47,936 8,178,009	•	\$	(283,789)	\$	-	\$	-	\$	(283,789)
Fund balances - beginning 6,884,605 1,245,468 47,936 8,178,009	Net change in fund halances	S	(1.792.470)	\$	(355.701)	S	(4,537)	\$	(2,152,708)
	_	~		7		*		7	
	<u> </u>	ς		5		S	*********	S	

\$ (461,482)

County of Russell, Virginia Reconciliation of Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances of Governmental Funds To the Statement of Activities For the Year Ended June 30, 2013

To the real Ended basic co, 2010

Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of activities are different because:		
Net change in fund balances - total governmental funds		\$ (2,152,708)
Governmental funds report capital outlays as expenditures. However, in the statement of activities the cost of those assets is allocated over their estimated useful lives and reported as depreciation expense. This is the amount by which depreciation exceeded capital outlays in the current period.		
Capital outlay Reversion of assets back to the School Board (net) Depreciation expense	378,940 (876,894) (1,136,106)	(1,634,060)
Revenues in the statement of activities that do not provide current financial resources are not reported as revenues in the funds.		(9,594)
The issuance of long-term obligations (e.g. bonds, leases) provides current financial resources to governmental funds, while the repayment of the principal of long-term obligations consumes the current financial resources of governmental funds. Neither transaction, however, has any effect on net position. Also, governmental funds report the effect of premiums, discounts, and similar items when obligations is first issued, whereas these amounts are deferred and amortized in the statement of activities. This amount is the net effect of these differences in the treatment of long-term obligations and related items.		
Principal Payments: Bonds, literary loans, and notes Landfill accrued closure and postclosure liability Capital lease	2,037,770 258,955 276,266	2,572,991
Some expenses reported in the statement of activities do not require the use of current financial resources and, therefore are not reported as expenditures in governmental funds.		
(Increase) decrease in compensated absences (Increase) decrease in accrued interest payable Amortization of bond premiums	27,402 40,579 16,804	84,785
Internal service funds are used by management to charge the costs of certain activities, such as insurance and telecommunications, to individual funds. The net revenue (expense) of certain internal service funds is reported with governmental activities.		677,104

The accompanying notes to the financial statements are an integral part of this statement.

Change in net position of governmental activities

County of Russell, Virginia Statement of Net Position Proprietary Funds June 30, 2013

		Enterprise		Internal	
		Fund	Service Fund Self		
		Dante			
		<u>Fund</u>		<u>Health Insurance</u>	
ASSETS					
Current assets:					
Cash and cash equivalents	\$	-	\$	3,193,921	
Interest receivable		58		1,504	
Accounts receivable, net of allowance for uncollectibles		3,198		340,708	
Total current assets	\$	3,256	\$	3,536,133	
Noncurrent assets:					
Restricted assets:					
Cash and cash equivalents (in custody of others)	\$	49,575	\$	-	
Capital assets:					
Utility plant in service	\$	5,240,699	\$	-	
Less accumulated depreciation		(1,986,089)			
Total capital assets	\$ \$ \$	3,254,610	\$	•	
Total noncurrent assets	\$	3,304,185	\$	~	
Total assets	\$	3,307,441	\$	3,536,133	
LIABILITIES					
Current liabilities:					
Accounts payable	\$	16,360	\$	454,373	
Accrued interest payable		1,734		-	
Revenue bonds - current portion		20,175			
Total current liabilities	\$	38,269	\$	454,373	
Noncurrent liabilities:					
Revenue bonds - net of current portion	\$	693,411	\$	-	
Total liabilities	\$	731,680	\$	454,373	
NET POSITION					
Net investment in capital assets	\$	2,541,024	\$	-	
Restricted for debt service and bond covenants		49,575		-	
Unrestricted		(14,838)		3,081,760	
Total net position	\$	2,575,761	\$	3,081,760	

County of Russell, Virginia Statement of Revenues, Expenses, and Changes in Net Position Proprietary Funds

For the Year Ended June 30, 2013

	E	nterprise	Internal		
		Fund	Service Fund Self		
		Dante			
	<u>Fund</u>		<u>Health Insurance</u>		
OPERATING REVENUES					
Charges for services:					
Sewer revenues	\$	46,192	\$	-	
Insurance premiums		-		5,494,453	
Total operating revenues	\$	46,192	\$	5,494,453	
OPERATING EXPENSES					
Salaries and benefits	\$	157,187	\$		
Professional services		8,389		-	
Utilities		1,045		-	
Materials and supplies		39,456		-	
Office expenses		62,531		_	
Repairs and maintenance		9,689		-	
Insurance claims and expenses		-		4,826,551	
Depreciation		131,017		-	
Total operating expenses	\$	409,314	\$	4,826,551	
Operating income (loss)	\$	(363,122)	\$	667,902	
NONOPERATING REVENUES (EXPENSES)					
Investment income	\$	-	\$	9,202	
Interest expense		(32,035)		-	
Total nonoperating revenues (expenses)	\$	(32,035)	\$	9,202	
Income before transfers	\$	(395,157)	\$	677,104	
Transfers in	\$	283,789	\$	-	
Change in net position	\$	(111,368)	\$	677,104	
Total net position - beginning		2,687,129		2,404,656	
Total net position - ending	\$	2,575,761	\$	3,081,760	

County of Russell, Virginia Statement of Cash Flows Proprietary Funds For the Year Ended June 30, 2013

To the real Ended same so,	E	interprise	Internal	
		Fund	Service Fund	
		Dante	Self	
		<u>Fund</u>	<u>Health Insurance</u>	
CASH FLOWS FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES				
Receipts from customers and users	\$	49,408	\$ -	
Receipts for insurance premiums		-	5,153,745	
Payments to suppliers		(125,260)	-	
Payments to employees		(157,187)	•	
Payments for premiums		-	(4,938,609)	
Net cash provided by (used for) operating activities	\$	(233,039)	\$ 215,136	
CASH FLOWS FROM NONCAPITAL FINANCING ACTIVITIES				
Transfers from other funds	\$	283,789	\$ -	
CASH FLOWS FROM CAPITAL AND RELATED FINANCING ACTIVITIES				
Principal payments on bonds	\$	(19, 369)	\$ -	
Interest payments		(32,078)	•	
Net cash provided by (used for) capital and related financing activities	\$	(51 447)		
infancing activities	->	(51,447)	Ş <u>-</u>	
CASH FLOWS FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES				
Interest income	\$	39	\$ 10,206	
Net increase (decrease) in cash and cash equivalents	\$	(658)	\$ 225,342	
Cash and cash equivalents - beginning		50,233	2,968,579	
Cash and cash equivalents - ending	\$	49,575	\$ 3,193,921	
Reconciliation of operating income (loss) to net cash provided by (used for) operating activities:				
Operating income (loss)	\$	(363,122)	\$ 667,902	
Adjustments to reconcile operating income (loss) to net cash provided by (used for) operating activities:				
Depreciation	\$	131,017	\$ -	
(Increase) decrease in accounts receivable		3,216	(340,708)	
Increase (decrease) in accounts payable		(4,150)	(112,058)	
Total adjustments	\$	130,083	\$ (452,766)	
Net cash provided by (used for) operating activities	\$	(233,039)	\$ 215,136	

County of Russell, Virginia Statement of Fiduciary Net Position Fiduciary Fund June 30, 2013

	Agency <u>Funds</u>	
ASSETS		
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 50,670	
Total assets	\$ 50,670	
LIABILITIES Amounts held for Social Services clients Amounts held for VASAP	\$ 60,387 (9,717)	
Total liabilities	\$ 50,670	

COUNTY OF RUSSELL, VIRGINIA

Notes to the Financial Statements June 30, 2013

Note 1-Summary of Significant Accounting Policies:

The financial statements of the County conform to generally accepted accounting principles (GAAP) applicable to governmental units promulgated by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB). The following is a summary of the more significant policies:

A. Financial Reporting Entity

The County of Russell, Virginia is a municipal corporation governed by an elected six-member Board of Supervisors. The accompanying financial statements present the government and its component units, entities for which the government is considered to be financially accountable. Blended component units, although legally separate entities, are, in substance, part of the government's operations. Each discretely presented component unit is reported in a separate column in the government-wide financial statements (see note below for description) to emphasize that it is legally separate from the government.

Blended component units - None

Discretely Presented Component Units - The component unit columns in the financial statements include the financial data of the County's discretely presented component units. They are reported in a separate column to emphasize that they are legally separate from the County.

The Russell County School Board operates the elementary and secondary public schools in the County. School Board members are popularly elected. The School Board is fiscally dependent upon the County because the County approves all debt issuances of the School Board and provides significant funding to operate the public schools since the School Board does not have separate taxing powers. The School Board is presented as a governmental fund type. The School Board does not issue separate financial statements.

The Industrial Development Authority of Russell County, Virginia (IDA) encourages and provides financing for industrial development in Russell County. The financial statements of the IDA have been included because the County appoints the governing body and has made moral obligation resolutions to finance deficits of any kind or nature that may occur each year subject to annual appropriation. Complete financial statements of the IDA can be obtained in writing at 137 Highland Drive, Lebanon, VA 24266.

The Russell County Public Service Authority (PSA) provides water and sewer service to residents of Russell County. The Authority is fiscally dependent on the County because the County appoints the governing body and has financing guarantees involving the Authority. Complete financial statements of the PSA can be obtained in writing at 7341 Swords Creek Road, Swords Creek, VA 24649.

The Castlewood Water and Sewage Authority of Russell County provides water and sewer service to residents of Russell County. The Authority is fiscally dependent on the County because the County appoints the governing body and has financing guarantees involving the Authority. Complete financial statements of the Authority can be obtained in writing at P.O. Box 655, Castlewood, VA 24224, but they were not available as of the report date.

A. Financial Reporting Entity (continued)

Related Organizations - The County's officials are also responsible for appointing the members of the boards of other organizations, but the county's accountability for these organizations does not extend beyond making the appointment.

Jointly Governed Organizations - The County, in conjunction with other local jurisdictions, participates in supporting the Southwest Virginia Regional Jail and the Cumberland Mountain Community Services Board. The governing bodies of these organizations are appointed by the respective governing bodies of the participating jurisdictions. During the year, the County contributed \$2,157,445 to the Regional Jail and \$154,433 to the Community Services Board. The County does not have any ongoing financial responsibility for these Organizations.

B. Government-wide and Fund Financial Statements

<u>Government-wide financial statements</u> - The reporting model includes financial statements prepared using full accrual accounting for all of the government's activities. This approach includes not just current assets and liabilities but also capital assets and long-term liabilities (such as buildings and general obligation debt).

The government-wide financial statements (i.e., the statement of net position and the statement of activities) report information on all of the nonfiduciary activities of the primary government and its component units. For the most part, the effect of interfund activity has been removed from these statements. Governmental activities, which normally are supported by taxes and intergovernmental revenues, are reported separately from business-type activities, which rely to a significant extent on fees and charges for support. Likewise, the primary government is reported separately from certain legally separate component units for which the primary government is financially accountable.

Statement of Net Position - The government-wide Statement of Net Position is designed to display the financial position of the primary government (government and business-type activities) and its component units. Governments report all capital assets, including infrastructure, in the government-wide statement of net position and report depreciation expense - the cost of "using up" capital assets - in the statement of activities. The net position of a government will be broken down into three categories: 1) net investment in capital assets; 2) restricted; and 3) unrestricted.

Statement of Activities - The government-wide Statement of Activities reports expenses and revenues in a format that focuses on the cost of each of the government's functions. The expense of individual functions is compared to the revenues generated directly by the function (for instance, through user charges or intergovernmental grants).

The statement of activities demonstrates the degree to which the direct expenses of a given function or segment are offset by program revenues. Direct expenses are those that are clearly identifiable with a specific function or segment. Program revenues include 1) charges to customers or applicants who purchase, use, or directly benefit from goods, services, or privileges provided by a given function or segment and 2) grants and contributions that are restricted to meeting the operational or capital requirements of a particular function or segment. Taxes and other items not properly included among program revenues are reported instead as general revenues.

B. Government-wide and Fund Financial Statements (continued)

Separate financial statements are provided for governmental funds, proprietary funds, and fiduciary funds, even though the latter are excluded from the government-wide financial statements. Major individual governmental funds and major individual enterprise funds, if any, are reported as separate columns in the fund financial statements.

C. Measurement Focus, Basis of Accounting, and Financial Statement Presentation

The government-wide financial statements are reported using the *economic resources measurement* focus and the accrual basis of accounting, as are the proprietary fund and fiduciary fund financial statements. Revenues are recorded when earned and expenses are recorded when a liability is incurred, regardless of the timing of related cash flows. Property taxes are recognized as revenues in the year for which they are levied. Grants and similar items are recognized as revenue as soon as all eligibility requirements imposed by the provider have been met.

The government-wide Statement of Activities reflects both the gross and net cost per functional category (public safety, public works, health and welfare, etc.) which are otherwise being supported by general government revenues (property, sales and use taxes, certain intergovernmental revenues, fines, permits and charges, etc.) The Statement of Activities reduces gross expenses (including depreciation) by related program revenues, operating and capital grants, and contributions. The program revenues must be directly associated with the function (public safety, public works, health and welfare, etc.) or a business-type activity.

Governmental fund financial statements are reported using the *current financial resources* measurement focus and the modified accrual basis of accounting. Revenues are recognized as soon as they are both measurable and available. Revenues are considered to be available when they are collectible within the current period or soon enough thereafter to pay liabilities of the current period. For this purpose, the government considers revenues to be available if they are collected within 60 days of the end of the current fiscal period. Expenditures generally are recorded when a liability is incurred, as under accrual accounting. However, debt service expenditures, as well as expenditures related to compensated absences and claims and judgments, are recorded only when payment is due.

Property taxes, franchise taxes, licenses, and interest associated with the current fiscal period are all considered to be susceptible to accrual and so have been recognized as revenues of the current fiscal period. Accordingly, real and personal property taxes are recorded as revenues and receivables when billed, net of allowances for un-collectible amounts. Property taxes not collected within 60 days after year-end are reflected as unavailable revenues.

Sales and utility taxes, which are collected by the state or utilities and subsequently remitted to the County, are recognized as revenues and receivables upon collection by the state or utility, which is generally in the month preceding receipt by the County.

C. Measurement Focus, Basis of Accounting, and Financial Statement Presentation (continued)

Licenses, permits, fines and rents are recorded as revenues when received. Intergovernmental revenues, consisting primarily of federal, state and other grants for the purpose of funding specific expenditures, are recognized when earned or at the time of the specific expenditure. Revenues from general-purpose grants are recognized in the period to which the grant applies. All other revenue items are considered to be measurable and available only when the government receives cash.

The government reports the following major governmental funds:

The General Fund is the government's primary operating fund. It accounts for and reports all financial resources of the general government, except those required to be accounted for in other funds. The General Fund includes the activities of the Social Services, E-911, Dog Tag, Damage Stamp, Revenue Anticipation Note, Law Library, and Knox Creek Funds. The aforementioned Funds have been merged with the General Fund for financial reporting purposes.

The Coal Road and Workforce Investment Board Funds serve as the County's major *Special Revenue Funds*. The Coal Road Fund accounts for and reports financial resources to be used for improvements to roads used in conjunction with coal mining and other expenses allowable by the Code of Virginia, (1950), as amended. The Workforce Investment Board Fund accounts for and reports financial resources to be used for workforce development benefiting the County.

The government reports the following major proprietary funds:

The County operates a water treatment system. The activities of the system are accounted for in the Dante fund.

Additionally, the government reports the following fund types:

Internal Service Funds account for the financing of goods and services provided to other departments or agencies of the government, or to other governments, on a cost reimbursement basis. The Internal Service Funds consist of the Self Health Insurance Funds.

Fiduciary funds (Trust and Agency Funds) account for assets held by the government in a trustee capacity or as agent or custodian for individuals, private organizations, other governmental units, or other funds. Agency funds include the Special Welfare Fund and VASAP Fund. The Special Welfare Fund includes activity of the Title XX and the SSI Fund, which have all been merged for financial reporting purposes.

As a general rule, the effect of interfund activity has been eliminated from the government-wide financial statements. Exceptions to this general rule are other charges between the government's functions. Elimination of these charges would distort the direct costs and program revenues reported for the various functions concerned.

C. Measurement Focus, Basis of Accounting, and Financial Statement Presentation (continued)

Amounts reported as *program revenues* include 1) charges to customers or applicants for goods, services, or privileges provided, 2) operating grants and contributions, and 3) capital grants and contributions, including special assessments. Internally dedicated resources are reported as *general revenues* rather than as program revenues. Likewise, general revenues include all taxes.

Proprietary Funds distinguish operating revenues and expenses from non-operating items. Operating revenues and expenses generally result from providing services and producing and delivering goods in connection with a proprietary fund's principal ongoing operations. The principal operating revenues of the County's Internal Service Funds are charges to departments for health insurance. Operating expenses for Internal Service Funds include the cost of services and administrative expenses. All revenues and expenses not meeting this definition are reported as non-operating revenues and expenses.

D. Assets, deferred outflows/inflows of resources, liabilities, and net position/fund balance:

1. Cash and Cash Equivalents

The government's cash and cash equivalents are considered to be cash on hand, demand deposits, and short-term investments with original maturities of three months or less from the date of acquisition.

Deposits with banks are covered by the Federal Deposit Insurance Corporation (FDIC) and Collateralized in accordance with the Virginia Security for Public Deposits Act (the "Act").

Investments for the government, as well as for its component units, are reported at fair value. The State Treasurer's Local Government Investment Pool operates in accordance with appropriate state laws and regulations. The reported value of the pool is the same as the fair value of the pool shares.

2. Receivables and Payables

Activity between funds that are representative of lending/borrowing arrangements outstanding at the end of the fiscal year are referred to as either "due to/from other funds" (i.e., the current portion of interfund loans) or "advances to/from other funds" (i.e., the non-current portion of interfund loans). All other outstanding balances between funds are reported as "due to/from other funds." Any residual balances outstanding between the governmental activities and business-type activities are reported in the government-wide financial statements as "internal balances."

Advances between funds, as reported in the fund financial statements, are offset by nonspendable fund balance in applicable governmental funds to indicate that they are not available for appropriation and are not expendable available financial resources.

D. Assets, deferred outflows/inflows of resources, liabilities, and net position/fund balance: (continued)

3. Property Taxes

Property is assessed at its value on January 1. Property taxes attach as an enforceable lien on property as of January 1. Real estate taxes are payable in installments on June 5th and December 5th. Personal property taxes are due and collectible on December 5th. The County bills and collects its own property taxes.

4. Allowance for Uncollectible Accounts

The County calculates its allowance for uncollectible accounts using historical collection data and, in certain cases, specific account analysis. The allowance amounted to approximately \$886,473 at June 30, 2013 and is comprised solely of property taxes.

5. Use of Estimates

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with generally accepted accounting principles requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect certain reported amounts and disclosures. Accordingly, actual results could differ from those estimates.

6. Capital Assets

Capital assets, which include property, plant, equipment, and infrastructure assets (e.g., roads, bridges, sidewalks, and similar items), are reported in the applicable governmental column in the government-wide financial statements. Capital assets are defined by the government as assets with an initial, individual cost of more than \$5,000 (amount not rounded) and an estimated useful life in excess of one year. Such assets are recorded at historical cost or estimated historical cost if purchased or constructed. Donated capital assets are recorded at estimated fair market value at the date of donation.

The cost of normal maintenance and repairs that do not add to the value of the asset or materially extend the asset's life are not capitalized.

Major outlays for capital assets and improvements are capitalized as projects are constructed.

Property, plant, equipment, and infrastructure of the primary government, as well as the Component Unit - School Board, are depreciated using the straight line method over the following estimated useful lives:

Assets	Years
Buildings	40
Building improvements	40
Structures, lines, and accessories	20-40
Machinery and equipment	4-30

D. Assets, deferred outflows/inflows of resources, liabilities, and net position/fund balance: (continued)

7. Prepaid Items

Certain payments to vendors represent costs applicable to future accounting periods and are recorded as prepaid items in both the government-wide and fund financial statements. The cost of prepaid items is recorded as expenditures/expenses when consumed rather than when purchased.

8. Deferred Outflows/Inflows of Resources

In addition to assets, the statement of financial position will sometimes report a separate section for deferred outflows of resources. This separate financial statement element, deferred outflows of resources, represents a consumption of net position that applies to a future period(s) and so will not be recognized as an outflow of resources (expense/expenditure) until then. The County does not have any deferred outflows of resources as of June 30, 2013.

In addition to liabilities, the statement of financial position will sometimes report a separate section for deferred inflows of resources. This separate financial statement element, deferred inflows of resources, represents an acquisition of net position that applies to a future period(s) and so will not be recognized as an inflow of resources (revenue) until that time. The County has one type of item that qualifies for reporting in this category. Under a modified accrual basis of accounting, unavailable revenue representing property taxes receivable is reported in the governmental funds balance sheet. This amount is comprised of uncollected property taxes due prior to June 30, 2nd half installments levied during the fiscal year but due after June 30th, and amounts prepaid on the 2nd half installments and is deferred and recognized as an inflow of resources in the period that the amount becomes available. Under the accrual basis, 2nd half installments levied during the fiscal year but due after June 30th and amounts prepaid on the 2nd half installments are reported as deferred inflows of resources.

9. Compensated Absences

Vested or accumulated vacation leave that is expected to be liquidated with expendable available financial resources is reported as an expenditure and a fund liability of the governmental fund that will pay it. In accordance with the provisions of Governmental Accounting Standards No. 16, Accounting for Compensated Absences, no liability is recorded for non-vesting accumulating rights to receive sick pay benefits. The County accrues salary-related payments associated with the payment of compensated absences. All vacation pay is accrued when incurred in the government-wide and proprietary fund financial statements.

D. Assets, deferred outflows/inflows of resources, liabilities, and net position/fund balance: (continued)

10. Long-term Obligations

In the government-wide financial statements, and proprietary fund types in the fund financial statements, long-term obligations are reported as liabilities in the applicable governmental activities, business-type activities, or proprietary fund type statement of net position. Bond premiums and discounts, are deferred and amortized over the life of the bonds using the effective interest method. Bonds payable are reported net of the applicable bond premium or discount.

In the fund financial statements, governmental fund types recognize bond premiums and discounts, during the current period. The face amount of debt issued is reported as other financing sources. Premiums received on debt issuances are reported as other financing sources while discounts on debt issuances are reported as other financing uses.

11. Fund Equity

The County reports fund balance in accordance with GASB Statement 54, Fund Balance Reporting and Governmental Fund Type Definitions. The following classifications describe the relative strength of the spending constraints placed on the purposes for which resources can be used:

- Nonspendable fund balance amounts that are not in spendable form (such as inventory and prepaid expenditures) or are required to be maintained intact (corpus of a permanent fund);
- Restricted fund balance amounts constrained to specific purposes by their providers (such as grantors, bondholders, and higher levels of government), through constitutional provisions, or by enabling legislation;
- Committed fund balance amounts constrained to specific purposes by a government itself, using its highest level of decision-making authority; to be reported as committed, amounts cannot be used for any other purpose unless the government takes the same highest level action to remove or change the constraint;
- Assigned fund balance amounts a government intends to use for a specific purpose; intent can be expressed by the governing body or by an official or body to which the governing body delegates the authority;
- Unassigned fund balance amounts that are available for any purpose; positive amounts are only reported in the general fund.

The Board of Supervisors is the highest level of decision-making authority and the formal action that is required to establish, modify or rescind a fund balance commitment is a resolution approved by the Board of Supervisors. The resolution must either be approved or rescinded as applicable, prior to the last day of the fiscal year for which the commitment is made. The amount subject to the constraint may be determined in the subsequent period.

D. Assets, deferred outflows/inflows of resources, liabilities, and net position/fund balance: (continued)

11. Fund Equity (continued)

The Board of Supervisors has authorized the County Administrator as the official authorized to assign fund balance to a specific purpose as approved by the fund balance policy.

The County of Russell will maintain an unassigned fund balance in the general fund equal to 16% of the expenditures/operating revenues (two months). The County considers a balance of less than 10% to be a cause for concern, barring unusual of deliberate circumstances.

The County considers restricted fund balance to be spent when an expenditure is incurred for purposes for which restricted and unassigned, assigned, or committed fund balances are available, unless prohibited by legal documents or contracts. When an expenditure is incurred for purposes for which committed, assigned or unassigned amounts are available, the County considers committed fund balance to be spent first, then assigned fund balance, and lastly unassigned fund balance.

12. Net Position

Net position is the difference between a) assets and deferred outflows of resources and (b) liabilities and deferred inflows of resources. Net investment in capital assets represents capital assets, less accumulated depreciation, less any outstanding debt related to the acquisition, construction or improvement of those assets. Deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources that are attributable to the acquisition, construction, or improvement of those assets or related debt are also included in this component of net position.

13. Net Position Flow Assumption

Sometimes the County will fund outlays for a particular purpose from both restricted (e.g., restricted bond or grant proceeds) and unrestricted resources. In order to calculate the amounts to report as restricted - net position and unrestricted - net position in the government-wide and proprietary fund financial statements, a flow assumption must be made about the order in which the resources are considered to be applied. It is the County's policy to consider restricted - net position to have been depleted before unrestricted - net position is applied.

- D. Assets, deferred outflows/inflows of resources, liabilities, and net position/fund balance: (continued)
 - 14. Financial Reporting of Deferred Outflows of Resources, Deferred Inflows of Resources, and Net Position, Statement No. 63 of the Governmental Accounting Standards Board:

The County implemented the financial reporting provisions of the above Statement for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2013. This Statement provides guidance for reporting deferred inflows and deferred outflows of resources. The requirements of this Statement will improve financial reporting by standardizing the presentation of deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources and their effects on an entity's net position. With the implementation of this Statement, certain terminology has changed and financial statement descriptions have changed from "net assets" to "net position." The net equity reported in the financial statements was not changed as a result of implementing this Statement and no restatement of prior balances is required.

15. Items Previously Reported as Assets and Liabilities, Statement No. 65 of the Governmental Accounting Standards Board:

The County implemented the financial reporting provisions of the above Statement for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2013. This Statement establishes accounting and financial reporting standards that reclassify, as deferred outflows of resources or deferred inflows of resources, certain items that were previously reported as assets and liabilities and recognizes, as outflows of resources or inflows of resources, certain items that were previously reported as assets and liabilities. The net equity reported in the financial statements was not changed as a result of implementing this Statement and no restatement of prior balances is required.

Note 2-Stewardship, Compliance, and Accountability:

A. Budgetary Information

The following procedures are used by the County in establishing the budgetary data reflected in the financial statements:

- Prior to March 30, the County Administrator submits to the Board of Supervisors a proposed operating and capital budget for the fiscal year commencing the following July 1. The operating and capital budget includes proposed expenditures and the means of financing them. All Funds of the County have legally adopted budgets with the exception of the Industrial Development Authority Fund and Agency Funds.
- 2. Public hearings are conducted to obtain citizen comments.
- Prior to June 30, the budget is legally enacted through passage of an Appropriations Resolution.
- 4. The Appropriations Resolution places legal restrictions on expenditures at the function level. Only the Board of Supervisors can revise the appropriation for each department or category. The County Administrator is authorized to transfer budgeted amounts within general government departments; however, the School Board is authorized to transfer budgeted amounts within the school system's categories.
- 5. Formal budgetary integration is employed as a management control device during the year for the General Fund, and the Special Revenue Funds (except the School Fund). The School Fund is integrated only at the level of legal adoption.
- 6. All budgets are adopted on a basis consistent with generally accepted accounting principles (GAAP).
- 7. Appropriations lapse on June 30, for all County units.
- 8. Encumbrance accounting, under which purchase orders, contracts, and other commitments for the expenditure of monies are recorded in order to commit that portion of the applicable appropriations, is not part of the County's accounting system.
- B. Excess of expenditures over appropriations

The County had numerous departments and funds that had excess expenditures over appropriations in the current year.

C. Deficit fund equity

At June 30, 2013, there were no funds which had deficit fund equity.

Note 3-Deposits and Investments:

Deposits:

Deposits with banks are covered by the Federal Deposit Insurance Corporations (FDIC) and collateralized in accordance with the Virginia Security for Public Deposits Act (the "Act") Section 2.2-4400 et. seq. of the Code of Virginia. Under the Act, banks and savings institutions holding public deposits in excess of the amount insured by the FDIC must pledge collateral to the Commonwealth of Virginia Treasury Board. Financial Institutions may choose between two collateralization methodologies and depending upon that choice, will pledge collateral that ranges in the amounts from 50% to 130% of excess deposits. Accordingly, all deposits are considered fully collateralized.

Investments:

Statutes authorize local governments and other public bodies to invest in obligations of the United States or agencies thereof, obligations of the Commonwealth of Virginia or political subdivisions thereof, obligations of the International Bank for Reconstruction and Development (World Bank), the Asian Development Bank, the African Development Bank, "prime quality" commercial paper and certain corporate notes, banker's acceptances, repurchase agreements, and the State Treasurer's Local Government Investment Pool (LGIP). At June 30, 2013, the County had no investments.

Note 4-Due from Other Governmental Units:

The following amounts represent receivables from other governments at year-end:

		Primary	Component Unit
	(Government	School Board
Commonwealth of Virginia:			
Local sales tax		296,591	-
State sales tax		-	674,359
Non-categorical aid		320,630	-
Categorical aid-shared expenses		180,243	-
Categorical aid-Virginia Public Assistance funds		137,747	-
Categorical aid-other		42,341	-
Categorical aid-Comprehensive Services Act funds		114,332	-
Federal Government:			
Categorical aid-Virginia Public Assistance funds		146,827	-
Categorical aid-Workforce Investment funds		326,651	-
School federal programs		-	834,137
Categorical aid-other		7,319	Hadrondon .
Total Amount Due from Other Governmental Units	\$_	1,572,681	\$ 1,508,496

Note 5-Interfund/Component-Unit Obligations:

Fund	(ue to Primary Government/ omponent Unit	Due from Primary Government/ Component Unit			
Primary Government: General Fund	\$ <u></u>	-	\$	883,334		
Component Unit: School Board IDA	\$	683,334 200,000	\$			
Total	\$	883,334	\$	883,334		

Interfund transfers and remaining balances for the year ended June 30, 2013, consisted of the following:

Fund	Tra	ansfers In	Transfers Out			
Primary Government:						
General Fund	\$,	\$	283,789		
Dante Fund		283,789		-		
Total	\$	283,789	\$	283,789		
Primary Government:	D	ue From	Due To			
General Fund	\$	46,115	\$	-		
Coal Road Fund		65,105		-		
Workforce Investment Board Fund		-		111,220		
Total	\$	111,220	\$	111,220		

Transfers are used to (1) move revenues from the fund that statute or budget requires to collect them to the fund that statute or budget requires to expend them and (2) use unrestricted revenues collected in the General Fund to finance various programs accounted for in other funds in accordance with budgeting authorization.

Note 6-Long-Term Obligations:

Primary Government - Governmental Activity Indebtedness

The following is a summary of long-term obligation transactions of the County for the year ended June 30, 2013:

		Balance		Increases/		Decreases/		Balance
	_	July 1, 2012	_	Issuances		Retirements		June 30, 2013
General obligation bonds	\$	9,471,649	\$	-	\$	(717,972)	\$	8,753,677
Literary loans		2,564,585		-		(469,162)		2,095,423
Revenue bonds		5,114,923		-		(236,928)		4,877,995
Literary anticipation note		630,395		-		(613,708)		16,687
Deferred Amounts:								
Bond premiums		283,315		-		(16,804)		266,511
Capital lease		617,454		-		(276, 266)		341,188
Landfill closure/								
postclosure liability		526,868		-		(258,955)		267,913
Net OPEB obligation		6,609		-		-		6,609
Compensated absences	•	595,888	-	454,472		(481,874)		568,486
Total	\$_	19,811,686	\$_	454,472	\$	(3,071,669)	\$	17,194,489

Annual requirements to amortize long-term obligations and related interest are as follows:

Year Ending	_	General Obliga	tion Bonds	Literary L	oans	Revenue E	Bonds
June 30,	_	Principal	Interest	Principal	Interest	Principal	Interest
2014	\$	611,026 \$	403,830 \$	282,792 \$	38,872 \$	237,459 \$	-
2015		627,696	372,805	375,977	41,092	237,459	-
2016		644,976	340,870	375,977	32,130	237,459	-
2017		647,901	308,788	375,977	23,167	237,459	-
2018		670,770	277,286	282,792	14,205	237,459	-
2019-2023		3,284,952	856,665	401,908	13,642	1,187,295	•
2024-2028		1,706,356	366,998	-	-	1,135,623	-
2029-2033		560,000	50,388	-	-	1,017,958	-
2034-2038	_	<u> </u>	-	-	- -	349,824	•
Totals	\$_	8,753,677 \$	2,977,630 \$	2,095,423 \$_	163,108 \$	4,877,995 \$	•

Notes to Financial Statements (Continued) June 30, 2013

Note 6-Long-Term Obligations: (continued)

Primary Government - Governmental Activity Indebtedness (continued)

Details of long-term indebtedness:

	Interest Rates	Date	Final Maturity Date	Installment Amounts	Amount of Original	Balance Governmental Activities		Amount Due Within <u>One Year</u>	
General Obligation Bonds:	Kates	<u>Issued</u>	Date	Amounts	<u>Issue</u>		Activities	<u>u</u>	nie reai
General obligation bond	5.10%-6.10%	1995	2016	\$15,000 a+	\$ 325,000	\$	45,000	s	15,000
General obligation bond	5.10%-6.10%	1997	2016	\$5,000 a+	140,000	•	25,000	*	5,000
General obligation bond	4.10%-5.23%	1999	2019	\$25,000 a+	510,000		175,000		25,000
General obligation bond	4.98%-5.10%	2000	2021	\$94,999-115,952 a+	1,802,210		839,548		94,999
General obligation bond	2,35%-5.10%	2002	2023	\$213,799-272,702 a+	4,382,954		2,419,261		213,799
General obligation bond	4.60%-5.10%	2006	2027	\$147,228-197,458 a+	3,205,190		2,394,868		147,228
General obligation bond	4.60%-5.10%	2009	2030	\$55,000-110,000 a+	1,485,000		1,340,000		55,000
General obligation bond	3.05%-5.05%	2010	2031	\$55,000-120,000 a+	1,620,000		1,515,000		55,000
			_,,	**************************************	,,,,,,,,,,	_	,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,		
Total General Obligation Bonds						\$	8,753,677	\$	611,026
Revenue Bonds:									
Revenue bond	0.00%	11/28/2001	2033	\$15,595 sa	935,690		592,604		31,190
Revenue bond	0.00%	11/28/2001	2033	\$27,973 sa	1,678,400		1,080,612		55,946
Revenue bond	0.00%	11/28/2001	2025	\$8,612 sa	344,477		206,686		17,224
Revenue bond	0.00%	11/1/2002	2033	\$13,707 sa	822,366		534,538		27,412
Revenue bond	0.00%	3/10/2005	2036	\$9,276 sa	556,538		417,404		18,551
Revenue bond	0.00%	10/14/2005	2036	\$1,524 sa	91,439		70,103		3,048
Revenue bond	0.00%	10/14/2005	2037	\$31,779 sa	1,906,717		1,493,595		63,557
Revenue bond	0.00%	4/28/2006	2037	\$6,925 sa	415,513		325,484		13,851
Revenue bond	0.00%	3/30/2007	2037	\$3,340 sa	197,179		156,969		6,680
Total Revenue Bonds						\$	4,877,995	\$	237,459
Plus:									
Unamortized Premium						\$	266,511	\$	16,804
Total General Obligation and Reve	enue Bonds					\$	13,898,183	\$	865,289

Note 6-Long-Term Obligations: (continued)

Primary Government - Governmental Activity Indebtedness (continued)

Details of long-term indebtedness: (continued)

	Interest <u>Rates</u>	Date <u>Issued</u>	Final Maturity <u>Date</u>	Installment <u>Amounts</u>	Amount of Original <u>Issue</u>	G	Balance Governmental <u>Activities</u>		Amount ue Within One Year
Literary loans:									
Literary loan	3.00%	7/15/1986	2017	\$30,222 a+		\$	90,666	\$	-
Literary loan	3.00%	7/15/1986	2017	\$62,693 a+	2,000,000		188,889		-
Literary loan	3.00%	2/1/1988	2018	\$18,522 a+	530,999		92,610		18,522
Literary loan	3.00%	2/1/1988	2018	\$12,581 a+	358,151		62,905		12,581
Literary loan	3.00%	2/1/1988	2018	\$3,005 a+	84,805		15,025		3,005
Literary loan	3.00%	2/1/1988	2018	\$9,995 a+	281,079		49,975		9,995
Literary loan	3.00%	2/1/1988	2018	\$6,989 a+	196,873		34,945		6,989
Literary loan	2.00%	1/1/2000	2020	\$57,757 a+	1,155,140		404,299		57,757
Literary loan	2.00%	3/15/1999	2019	\$55,700 a+	1,114,086		334,286		55,700
Literary loan	2.00%	3/15/1999	2019	\$8,200 a+	161,449		46,649		8,200
Literary loan	2.00%	6/15/1999	2019	\$21,134 a+	422,680		126,804		21,134
Literary loan	2.00%	6/15/1999	2019	\$44,020 a+	880,411		264,131		44,020
Literary loan	2.00%	11/15/2000	2021	\$24,689 a+	493,789		197,521		24,689
Literary loan	3.00%	12/15/2000	2021	\$7,700 a+	154,118		61,718		7,700
Literary loan	2.00%	7/1/2003	2023	\$12,500 a+	250,000		125,000		12,500
Total Literary Loans						\$	2,095,423	\$	282,792
Literary Anticipation Note	4.10%	9/4/2008	9/4/2013		\$ 992,638	\$	16,687	\$	16,687
Other Obligations:									
Capital Lease (Note 7)						\$	341,188	\$	168,663
Landfill Closure and Postclosure	Liability						267,913		
Net OPEB Obligation	•						6,609		
Compensated Absences							568,486		426,365
Total Other Obligations						\$	1,184,196	\$	595,028
Total Long-term Obligations						\$	17,194,489	\$	1,759,796

⁽a+) - annual principal installments shown; does not include semi-annual interest installments

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED) JUNE 30, 2013

Note 6-Long-Term Obligations: (continued)

<u>Primary Government - Business-type Activity Indebtedness:</u>

The following is a summary of long-term obligation transactions of the Enterprise Fund for the year ended June 30, 2013:

	July 1, 2012	_	Issuances	Retirements	 June 30, 2013
Revenue bonds	\$ 732,955	\$	- \$	(19,369)	\$ 713,586

Annual requirements to amortize long-term obligations and related interest are as follows:

Year Ending	Revenue Bonds							
June 30,	P	rincipal		Interest				
2014	\$	20,175	\$	31,272				
2015		21,015		30,432				
2016		21,894		29,553				
2017		22,814		28,633				
2018		23,776		27,671				
2019-2023		126,492		122,306				
2024-2028		157,168		90,691				
2029-2033		196,743		51,117				
2034-2036		123,509		7,723				
Totals	\$	713,586	\$	419,398				

Details of long-term indebtedness:

	Interest Rates	Date Issued	Final Amount of Balance Maturity Original Governmen Date Issue Activities		vernmental	Du	Amount ie Within ine Year	
Revenue Bonds:								
Revenue bond	0.00%	3/24/1999	2019	\$ 37,500	\$	10,313	\$	1,875
Revenue bond	4.50%	4/10/1996	2036	900,000		703,273		18,300
Total Revenue Bonds					\$	713,586	\$	20,175

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED) JUNE 30, 2013

Note 6-Long-Term Obligations: (continued)

Component Unit - School Board Indebtedness

The following is a summary of long-term obligation transactions of the discretely presented component unit for the year ended June 30, 2013:

		Balance July 1, 2012, As restated		Increases	Decreases	Balance June 30, 2013
	_				 	
Net OPEB obligation	Ş	44,828	\$	885,708	\$ (503,000) \$	427,536
Early retirement incentive		546,791		-	(368,111)	178,680
Compensated absences	_	740,978	_	565,835	 (555,733)	751,080
			_			
Total	\$_	1,332,597	\$_	1,451,543	\$ (1,426,844) \$	1,357,296

Details of long-term indebtedness:

	Total Amount		Dι	Amount ue Within One Year
Other Obligations:				***************************************
Early retirement incentive	\$	178,680	\$	107,880
Net OPEB Obligation		427,536		-
Compensated Absences		751,080		563,310
Total Other Obligations	\$	1,357,296	\$	671,190

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED)
JUNE 30, 2013

Note 7-Capital Lease:

Primary Government

The County has entered into a lease agreement to finance the acquisition of school buses for the School Board. This lease agreement qualifies as a capital lease for accounting purposes and, therefore, has been recorded at the present value of minimum lease payments at the date of inception.

The capital assets acquired through capital leases are as follows:

	lachinery & Equipment
Machinery and equipment Less: Accumulated depreciation	\$ 565,114 (70,638)
Net capital asset	\$ 494,476

The future minimum lease obligations and the net present value of minimum lease payments as of June 30, 2013, were as follows:

Year Ending June 30,	_	Capital Leases
2014 2015	\$	176,476 176,476
Subtotal Less, amount	\$	352,952
representing interest		(11,764)
Present Value of Lease Agreement	\$_	341,188

A. Plan Description

Name of Plan: Virginia Retirement System (VRS)

Identification of Plan: Agent and Cost-Sharing Multiple-Employer Defined Benefit Pension Plan

Administering Entity: Virginia Retirement System (System)

All full-time, salaried permanent (professional) employees of public school divisions and employees of participating employers are automatically covered by VRS upon employment. Benefits vest after five years of service credit. Members earn one month of service credit for each month they are employed and their employer is paying into the VRS. Members are eligible to purchase prior public service, active duty military service, certain periods of leave, and previously refunded VRS service as service credit in their plan.

VRS administers two defined benefit plans for local government employees - Plan 1 and Plan 2:

- Members hired before July 1, 2010 and who were vested as of January 1, 2013
 are covered under Plan 1. Non-hazardous duty members are eligible for an
 unreduced retirement benefit beginning at age 65 with at least five years of
 service credit or age 50 with at least 30 years of service credit. They may retire
 with a reduced benefit early at age 55 with at least five years of service credit
 or age 50 with at least 10 years of service credit.
- Members hired or rehired on or after July 1, 2010 and Plan 1 members who were
 not vested on January 1, 2013 are covered under Plan 2. Non-hazardous duty
 members are eligible for an unreduced benefit beginning at their normal Social
 Security retirement age with at least five years of service credit or when the sum
 of their age and service equals 90. They may retire with a reduced benefit as
 early as age 60 with at least five years of service credit.
- Eligible hazardous duty members in Plan 1 and Plan 2 are eligible for an
 unreduced benefit beginning at age 60 with at least 5 years of service credit or
 age 50 with at least 25 years of service credit. These members include sheriffs,
 deputy sheriffs and hazardous duty employees of political subdivisions that have
 elected to provide enhanced coverage for hazardous duty service. They may
 retire with a reduced benefit as early as age 50 with at least five years of service
 credit. All other provisions of the member's plan apply.

The VRS Basic Benefit is a lifetime monthly benefit based on a retirement multiplier as a percentage of the member's average final compensation multiplied by the member's total service credit. Under Plan 1, average final compensation is the average of the member's 36 consecutive months of highest compensation. Under Plan 2, average final compensation is the average of the member's 60 consecutive months of highest compensation. The retirement multiplier for non-hazardous duty members is 1.70%. The retirement multiplier for sheriffs and regional jail superintendents is 1.85%. The retirement multiplier for eligible political subdivision hazardous duty employees other than sheriffs and jail superintendents is 1.70% or 1.85% as elected by the employer. The multiplier for Plan 2 members was reduced to 1.65% effective January 1, 2013 unless they are hazardous duty employees and their employer has elected the enhanced retirement multiplier. At retirement, members can elect the Basic Benefit, the Survivor Option, a Partial Lump-Sum Option Payment (PLOP) or the Advance Pension Option. A retirement reduction factor is applied to the Basic Benefit amount for members electing the Survivor Option, PLOP or Advance Pension Option or those retiring with a reduced benefit.

A. Plan Description (continued)

Retirees are eligible for an annual cost-of-living adjustment (COLA) effective July 1 of the second calendar year of retirement. Under Plan 1, the COLA cannot exceed 5.00%; under Plan 2, the COLA cannot exceed 6.00%. During years of no inflation or deflation, the COLA is 0.00%. The VRS also provides death and disability benefits. Title 51.1 of the Code of Virginia (1950), as amended, assigns the authority to establish and amend benefit provisions to the General Assembly of Virginia.

The system issues a publicly available comprehensive annual financial report that includes financial report that includes financial statements and required supplementary information for VRS. A copy of the most recent report may be obtained from the VRS website at http://www.varetire.org/Pdf/Publications/2012-annual-report.pdf or by writing to the System's Chief Financial Officer at P.O. Box 2500, Richmond, VA, 23218-2500.

B. Funding Policy

Primary Government:

Plan members are required by Title 51.1 of the <u>Code of Virginia</u> (1950), as amended, to contribute 5.00% of their compensation toward their retirement. All or part of the 5.00% member contribution may be assumed by the employer. Beginning July 1, 2012 new employees were required to pay the 5% member contribution. In addition, for existing employees, employers were required to begin making the employee pay the 5% member contribution. This could be phased in over a period of up to 5 years and the employer is required to provide a salary increase equal to the amount of the increase in the employee-paid member contribution. In addition, the County of Russell, Virginia is required to contribute the remaining amounts necessary to fund its participation in the VRS using the actuarial basis specified by the <u>Code of Virginia</u> and approved by the VRS Board of Trustees. The County of Russell, Virginia's contribution rate for the fiscal year ended 2013 was 14.36% of annual covered payroll.

Discretely Presented Component Unit - School Board (Non-Professional Employees):

Plan members are required by Title 51.1 of the <u>Code of Virginia</u> (1950), as amended, to contribute 5.00% of their compensation toward their retirement. All or part of the 5.00% member contribution may be assumed by the employer. Beginning July 1, 2012 new employees were required to pay the 5% member contribution. In addition, for existing employees, employers were required to begin making the employee pay the 5% member contribution. This could be phased in over a period of up to 5 years and the employer is required to provide a salary increase equal to the amount of the increase in the employee-paid member contribution. In addition, the School Board is required to contribute the remaining amounts necessary to fund its participation in the VRS using the actuarial basis specified by the <u>Code of Virginia</u> and approved by the VRS Board of Trustees. The School Board's contribution rate for the fiscal year ended 2013 was 16.24% of annual covered payroll.

C. Annual Pension Cost

For fiscal year 2013, the County and School Board annual pension costs of \$800,479 and \$434,345 were equal to the required and actual contributions for the County and the School Board Non-Professionals, respectively.

Three-Year Trend Information

	Fiscal Year Ending	Annual Pension est (APC) ¹	Percentage of APC Contributed	Ne Pens Oblig	sion
Primary Government:					
County	6/30/2011	\$ 579,314	100.00%	\$	-
	6/30/2012	576,628	100.00%		-
	6/30/2013	800,479	100.00%		-
Discretely Presented-Component Unit:					
School Board Non-Professional	6/30/2011	\$ 384,524	100.00%	\$	-
	6/30/2012	386,243	100.00%		_
	6/30/2013	434,345	100.00%		-

¹ Employer portion only

Primary Government:

The FY 2013 required contribution was determined as part of the June 30, 2011 actuarial valuation using the entry age actuarial cost method. The actuarial assumptions at June 30, 2011 included (a) an investment rate of return (net of administrative expenses) of 7.00%, (b) projected salary increases ranging from 3.75% to 5.60% for general government employees, 3.75% to 6.20% per year for teachers, and 3.50% to 4.75% for employees eligible for enhanced benefits available to law enforcement officers, firefighters, and sheriffs, and (c) a cost-of-living adjustment of 2.50% per year for Plan 1 employees and 2.25% for Plan 2 employees. Both the investment rate of return and the projected salary increases include an inflation component of 2.50%. The actuarial value of the County's assets is equal to the modified market value of assets. This method uses techniques that smooth the effects of short-term volatility in the market value of assets over a five-year period. The County's unfunded actuarial accrued liability is being amortized as a level percentage of projected payrolls on an open basis. The remaining amortization period at June 30, 2011 for the Unfunded Actuarial Liability (UAAL) was 30 years.

C. Annual Pension Cost (continued)

Discretely Presented-Component Unit School Board - Non-Professional:

The FY 2013 required contribution was determined as part of the June 30, 2011 actuarial valuation using the entry age actuarial cost method. The actuarial assumptions at June 30, 2011 included (a) an investment rate of return (net of administrative expenses) of 7.00%, (b) projected salary increases ranging from 3.75% to 5.60% for general government employees, 3.75% to 6.20% per year for teachers, and 3.50% to 4.75% for employees eligible for enhanced benefits available to law enforcement officers, firefighters, and sheriffs, and (c) a cost-of-living adjustment of 2.50% per year for Plan 1 employees and 2.25% for Plan 2 employees. Both the investment rate of return and the projected salary increases include an inflation component of 2.50%. The actuarial value of the School Board's assets is equal to the modified market value of assets. This method uses techniques that smooth the effects of short-term volatility in the market value of assets over a five-year period. The School Board's unfunded actuarial accrued liability is being amortized as a level percentage of projected payrolls on an open basis. The remaining amortization period at June 30, 2011 for the Unfunded Actuarial Liability (UAAL) was 30 years.

D. Funded Status and Funding Progress

Primary Government:

As of June 30, 2012, the most recent actuarial valuation date, the plan was 70.15% funded. The actuarial accrued liability for benefits was \$28,359,443, and the actuarial value of assets was \$19,894,452, resulting in an unfunded actuarial accrued liability (UAAL) of \$8,464,991. The covered payroll (annual payroll of active employees covered by the plan) was \$5,481,683, and ratio of the UAAL to the covered payroll was 154.42%.

Discretely Presented Component Unit - School Board (Non-Professional Employees):

As of June 30, 2012, the most recent actuarial valuation date, the plan was 61.14% funded. The actuarial accrued liability for benefits was \$16,469,710, and the actuarial value of assets was \$10,068,998, resulting in an unfunded actuarial accrued liability (UAAL) of \$6,400,712. The covered payroll (annual payroll of active employees covered by the plan) was \$2,689,457, and ratio of the UAAL to the covered payroll was 237.99%.

The schedule of funding progress, presented as Required Supplementary Information (RSI) following the notes to the financial statements, presents multiyear trend information about whether the actuarial value of plan assets is increasing or decreasing over time relative to the actuarial accrued liability (AAL) for benefits.

E. Discretely Presented Component Unit School Board

Professional Employees:

Plan Description

The Russell County School Board contributes to the Virginia Retirement System (VRS), a cost-sharing multiple-employer defined benefit pension plan administered by the Virginia Retirement System. VRS provides retirement and disability benefits, annual cost-of-living adjustments, and death benefits to plan members and beneficiaries. Title 51.1 of the Code of Virginia (1950), as amended, assigns the authority to establish and amend benefit provisions to the General Assembly of Virginia. The system issues a publicly available comprehensive annual financial report that includes financial report that includes financial statements and required supplementary information for VRS. A copy of the most recent report may be obtained from the VRS website at http://www.varetire.org/Pdf/Publications/2012-annual-report.pdf or obtained by writing to the System's Chief Financial Officer at P. O. Box 2500, Richmond, Virginia 23218-2500.

Funding Policy

Plan members are required by Title 51.1 of the <u>Code of Virginia</u> (1950), as amended, to contribute 5.00% of their compensation toward their retirement. All or part of the 5.00% member contribution may be assumed by the employer. Beginning July 1, 2012 new employees were required to pay the 5% member contribution. In addition, for existing employees, employers were required to begin making the employee pay the 5% member contribution. This could be phased in over a period of up to 5 years and the employer is required to provide a salary increase equal to the amount of the increase in the employee-paid member contribution. In addition, the School Board is required to contribute the remaining amounts necessary to fund its participation in the VRS using the actuarial basis specified by the statute and approved by the VRS Board of Trustees. The School Board's contribution to the statewide cost sharing pool for professional employees was \$2,037,610, \$1,164,108, and \$700,575 for the fiscal years ended 2013, 2012, and 2011, respectively. Employer contributions represented 11.66%, 6.33%, and 3.93% of covered payroll for the fiscal years ended 2013, 2012, and 2011, respectively.

Notes to Financial Statements (Continued) June 30, 2013

Note 9-Capital Assets:

Capital asset activity for the year ended June 30, 2013 was as follows:

Primary Government:

	_	Beginning Balance		Increases	_	Decreases		Ending Balance
Governmental Activities:								
Capital assets, not being depreciated:								
Land	\$_	1,541,333	\$_	20,000	\$_	<u> </u>	\$_	1,561,333
Capital assets, being depreciated:								
Buildings and improvements	\$	28,465,973	\$	-	\$	(1,812,215)	\$	26,653,758
Machinery and equipment		3,780,691		358,940		(374,364)		3,765,267
Total capital assets being depreciated	\$_	32,246,664	\$_	358,940	\$_	(2,186,579)	\$_	30,419,025
Accumulated depreciation:								
Buildings and improvements	\$	(11,402,017)	\$	(683,170)	\$	996,716	\$	(11,088,471)
Machinery and equipment		(2,233,349)		(452,936)		312,969		(2,373,316)
Total accumulated depreciation	\$_	(13,635,366)	\$	(1,136,106)	\$_	1,309,685	\$_	(13,461,787)
Total capital assets being depreciated, net	\$_	18,611,298	\$_	(777,166)	\$_	(876,894)	\$_	16,957,238
Governmental activities capital assets, net	\$_	20,152,631	\$_	(757,166)	\$_	(876,894)	\$_	18,518,571

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED) JUNE 30, 2013

Note 9-Capital Assets: (continued)

Primary Government: (continued)

		Beginning Balance	Increases	Decreases	Ending Balance
Business-Type Activities					
Capital assets, being depreciated: Utility plant	\$_	5,240,699 \$	<u>·</u> \$		5,240,699
Accumulated depreciation: Utility plant	\$_	(1,855,072) \$	(131,017) \$	- 5	(1,986,089)
Total capital assets being depreciated, net	\$_	3,385,627 \$	(131,017) \$	- 9	3,254,610
Business-Type activities capital assets, net	\$_	3,385,627 \$	(131,017) \$		3,254,610

Depreciation expense was charged to functions/programs of the primary government as follows:

Governmental activities:		
General government administration	\$	15,600
Judicial administration		754
Public safety		213,546
Public works		49,978
Health and welfare		24,866
Education		785,326
Parks, recreation, and cultural		38,222
Community development	_	7,814
Total depreciation expense-governmental activities	\$_	1,136,106
Business-Type activities:		
Sewer Authority	\$	131,017
•	-	

Note 9-Capital Assets: (continued)

Capital asset activity for the School Board for the year ended June 30, 2013 was as follows:

Discretely Presented Component Unit - School Board:

	_	Beginning Balance	-	Increases		Decreases		Ending Balance
Capital assets, not being depreciated:								
Land	\$_	4,643,707	\$.	-	\$ _	-	\$_	4,643,707
Capital assets, being depreciated:								
Buildings and improvements	\$	20,471,789	\$	1,812,215	\$	-	\$	22,284,004
Machinery and equipment		6,248,380		327,091		(203,000)		6,372,471
Total capital assets being depreciated	\$	26,720,169	\$	2,139,306	\$_	(203,000)	\$_ _	28,656,475
Accumulated depreciation:								
Buildings and improvements	\$	(9,797,780)	\$	(1,568,128)	\$	-	\$	(11,365,908)
Machinery and equipment		(4,585,495)		(529,011)		203,000		(4,911,506)
Total accumulated depreciation	\$_	(14,383,275)	\$	(2,097,139)	\$_ _	203,000	\$_ _	(16,277,414)
Total capital assets being depreciated, net	\$_	12,336,894	\$.	42,167	\$_	•	\$_	12,379,061
Governmental activities capital assets, net	\$_	16,980,601	\$	42,167	\$_		\$	17,022,768

Note 10-Risk Management:

The County and its Component Unit - School Board are exposed to various risks of loss related to torts; theft of, damage to, and destruction of assets; errors and omissions; and natural disasters. The County and the related Component Unit - School Board participate with other localities in a public entity risk pool for their coverage of general liability, property, crime and auto insurance with the Virginia Association of Counties Risk Pool. Each member of this risk pool jointly and severally agrees to assume, pay and discharge any liability. The County and the School Board pay the Risk Pool contributions and assessments based upon classification and rates into a designated cash reserve fund out of which expenses of the pool, claims and awards are to be paid. In the event of a loss, deficit, or depletion of all available excess insurance, the pool may assess all members in the proportion to which the premium of each bears to the total premiums of all members in the year in which such deficit occurs. The County and its Component Unit - School Board continue to carry commercial insurance for all other risks of loss. Settled claims resulting from these risks have not exceeded commercial insurance coverage in any of the past three fiscal years.

Note 11-Contingent Liabilities:

Federal programs in which the County and its component units participate were audited in accordance with the provisions of U.S. Office of Management and Budget Circular A-133, <u>Audits of States, Local Governments</u>, and <u>Non-Profit Organizations</u>. Pursuant to the provisions of this circular all major programs and certain other programs were tested for compliance with applicable grant requirements. While matters of noncompliance were disclosed by the audit, the Federal Government may subject grant programs to additional compliance tests, which may result in disallowed expenditures. In the opinion of management, any future disallowances of current grant program expenditures, if any, would be immaterial.

Note 12-Surety Bonds:

Fidelity & Deposit Company of Maryland-Surety:	_	
Ann McReynolds, Clerk of the Circuit Court	\$	1,010,000
Patrick Thompson, Treasurer		400,000
Randy N. Williams, Commissioner of the Revenue		3,000
Steve Dye, Sheriff		30,000
All constitutional officers' employees: blanket bond		50,000
Hartford Company - Surety:	_	
Hartford Company - Surety: Tammy Gilbert - Clerk of the School Board	- \$	10,000
	- \$	10,000 10,000
Tammy Gilbert - Clerk of the School Board	- \$,
Tammy Gilbert - Clerk of the School Board	\$,

Note 13-Landfill Closure and Postclosure Care Cost:

State and federal laws and regulations require the County to place a final cover on its landfill site when it stops accepting waste and to perform certain maintenance and monitoring functions at the site after closure. \$267,913 is the total estimated closure and postclosure care liability at June 30, 2013. This represents the cumulative amount based on the use of 100% of the estimated capacity of the landfill and is based on what it would cost to perform all remaining closure and postclosure in 2013. Actual costs for closure and postclosure monitoring may change due to inflation, deflation, changes in technology or changes in regulations. The County uses the Commonwealth of Virginia's financial assurance mechanism to meet the Department of Environmental Quality's assurance requirements for landfill closure and postclosure costs.

The County demonstrated financial assurance requirements for closure, post-closure care, and corrective action costs through the submission of a Local Government Financial Test to the Virginia Department of Environmental Quality in accordance with Section 9VA C20-70 of the Virginia Administrative Code.

Notes to Financial Statements (Continued) June 30, 2013

Note 14-Unavailable Revenue:

Governmental funds report *unavailable revenue* in connection with receivables for revenues not considered to be available to liquidate liabilities of the current period. Governmental funds also defer revenue recognition in connection with resources that have been received, but not yet earned. At the end of the current fiscal year, the various components of *unavailable revenue* reported in the governmental funds were as follows:

	Gov't-wide Statements	<u>Balance Sheet</u>
	Governmental Activities	Governmental Funds
Delinquent property taxes receivable	\$ 7,337,069	\$ 4,504,607
Prepaid taxes	65,753	65,753
Total unavailable revenue for governmental funds	\$ 7,402,822	\$ 4,570,360

Note 15-Self Health Insurance:

The County of Russell, Virginia established a limited risk management program for health insurance. Premiums are paid into the health plan fund from the County and School Board and are available to pay claims, and administrative costs of the program. During the fiscal year 2013, a total of \$4,826,551 was paid in benefits and administrative costs. The risk assumed by the County and School Board is based on the number of participants in the program. The risk varies by the number of participants and their specific plan type. As of June 30, 2013, the County and School Board were exposed to risk which represents the difference between the claims to date and the ceiling liability as calculated based on enrollment levels and health plan coverage. Additional costs in excess of the ceiling liability are covered as part of the contract with the County. Incurred but not reported claims of \$454,373 have been accrued as a liability based primarily on actual cost incurred prior to June 30 but paid after year-end. Interfund premiums are based primarily upon the insured funds' claims experience and are reported as quasi-external interfund transactions. Changes in the claims liability during fiscal year 2013 were as follows:

		Current Year		
	Balance at	Claims and		Balance at
	Beginning of	Changes in	Claim	End of
Fiscal Year	Fiscal Year	Estimates	Payments	Fiscal Year
2012-13 \$	566,431 \$	4,714,493 \$	(4,826,551) \$	454,373

Note 16-Other Postemployment Benefits-Health Insurance:

A. Plan Description

The County of Russell and Russell County's Component Unit - School Board administer a single-employer healthcare plan ("the Plan"). The Plan provides for participation by eligible retirees and their dependents in the health insurance programs available to County and School Board employees. The Plan will provide retiring employees the option to continue health insurance offered by the County and School Board. Any County or School Board eligible retiree may receive this benefit until he/she has reached sixty five years of age.

To be eligible for this benefit a retiree must meet the following criteria: attained age 50 and 15 years of service and not eligible for Medicare and the last 10 years must be with the County or School Board prior to retirement. The benefits, employee contributions and the employer contributions are governed by the Board of Supervisors and the School Board and can be amended through the Board of Supervisors and the School Board action respectively. The Plan does not issue a publicly available financial report.

B. Funding Policy

The County and School Board currently pay for the post-retirement health care benefits on a pay-as-you-go basis. The County and School Board currently have 496 employees that are eligible, respectively, for the program. In addition, 100 percent of premiums are the responsibility of the retiree.

Health benefits include Medical, Dental, and Vision coverage for retirees and eligible spouses/dependents. Retirees are eligible to choose one of the following medical options through the County and School Board. The rates are as follows:

		Medical & Rx					
	R	etiree	S	pouse			
Under 65	\$	8,600	\$	8,600			
	R	etiree	F	amily			
Under 65	\$	5,880	\$	13,842			

Note 16-Other Postemployment Benefits-Health Insurance: (continued)

C. Annual OPEB Cost and Net OPEB Obligation

The County's annual other postemployment benefit (OPEB) cost (expense) is calculated based on the annual required contribution of the employer (ARC), an amount actuarially determined in accordance with the parameters of GASB Statement 45. The ARC represents a level of funding that, if paid on an ongoing basis, is projected to cover normal cost each year and amortize any unfunded actuarial liabilities (or funding excess) over a period not to exceed thirty years. The following table shows the components of the County's annual OPEB cost for the fiscal year 2012, the amount actually contributed to the plan, and changes in the County's net OPEB obligation during fiscal year 2012. The OPEB plan has not been updated for the current year.

Annual required contribution	\$ 42,919
Interest on net OPEB obligation	361
Adjustment to annual required contribution	(526)
Annual OPEB cost (expense)	42,754
Contributions made	(43,298)
Increase (decrease) in net OPEB obligation	(544)
Net OPEB obligation - beginning of year	7,153
Net OPEB obligation - end of year	\$ 6,609

The County's annual OPEB cost, the percentage of annual OPEB cost contributed to the plan, and the net OPEB obligation for 2012 and the two preceding years were as follows:

		Percentage of	
Fiscal	Annual	Annual OPEB Cost	Net OPEB
Year Ended	OPEB Cost	Contributed	Obligation
	_		
6/30/2010 \$	42,981	99.99% \$	4,949
6/30/2011	42,373	94.80%	7,153
6/30/2012	42,754	101.27%	6,609

Note 16-Other Postemployment Benefits-Health Insurance: (continued)

C. Annual OPEB Cost and Net OPEB Obligation (continued)

The School Board's annual other postemployment benefit (OPEB) cost (expense) is calculated based on the annual required contribution of the employer (ARC), an amount actuarially determined in accordance with the parameters of GASB Statement 45. The ARC represents a level of funding that, if paid on an ongoing basis, is projected to cover normal cost each year and amortize any unfunded actuarial liabilities (or funding excess) over a period not to exceed thirty years. The following table shows the components of the School Board's annual OPEB cost for the year, the amount actually contributed to the plan, and changes in the School Board's net OPEB obligation:

Annual required contribution	\$ 886,300
Interest on net OPEB obligation	1,793
Adjustment to annual required contribution	(2,385)
Annual OPEB cost (expense)	885,708
Contributions made	(503,000)
Increase (decrease) in net OPEB obligation	382,708
Net OPEB obligation - beginning of year	44,828
Net OPEB obligation - end of year	\$ 427,536

The School Board's annual OPEB cost, the percentage of annual OPEB cost contributed to the plan, and the net OPEB obligation for 2013 and the two preceding years were as follows:

		Percentage of	
Fiscal	Annual	Annual OPEB Cost	Net OPEB
Year Ended	OPEB Cost	Contributed	Obligation
			-
6/30/2011 \$	276,346	94.80% \$	48,377
6/30/2012	278,829	101.27%	44,828
6/30/2013	885,708	56.79%	427,536

D. Funded Status and Funding Progress

The funded status of the Plan for the County as of July 1, 2010, the most recent actuarial valuation date, is as follows:

Actuarial accrued liability (AAL)	\$ 464,748
Actuarial value of plan assets	\$ -
Unfunded actuarial accrued liability (UAAL)	\$ 464,748
Funded ratio (actuarial value of plan assets / AAL)	0.00%
Covered payroll (active plan members)	\$ 5,581,443
UAAL as a percentage of covered payroll	8.33%

Note 16-Other Postemployment Benefits-Health Insurance: (continued)

D. Funded Status and Funding Progress (continued)

The funded status of the Plan for the School Board as of July 1, 2012, the most recent actuarial valuation date, is as follows:

Actuarial accrued liability (AAL)	\$ 8,991,400
Actuarial value of plan assets	\$ -
Unfunded actuarial accrued liability (UAAL)	\$ 8,991,400
Funded ratio (actuarial value of plan assets / AAL)	0.00%
Covered payroll (active plan members)	\$ 21,181,100
UAAL as a percentage of covered payroll	42.45%

Actuarial valuations of an ongoing plan involve estimates of the value of reported amounts and assumptions about the probability of occurrence of events far in the future. Examples include assumptions about future employment, mortality, and the healthcare cost trend. Amounts determined regarding the funded status of the plan and the annual required contributions of the employer are subject to continual revision as actual results are compared with past expectations and new estimates are made about the future.

The schedule of funding progress, presented as required supplementary information following the notes to the financial statements, will present multiyear trend information, as it becomes available, about whether the actuarial value of plan assets is increasing or decreasing over time relative to the actuarial accrued liabilities for benefits.

E. Actuarial Methods and Assumptions

Projections of benefits for financial reporting purposes are based on the substantive plan (the plan as understood by the employer and the plan members) and include the types of benefits provided at the time of each valuation and the historical pattern of sharing of benefit costs between the employer and plan members to that point.

The actuarial methods and assumptions used include techniques that are designed to reduce the effects of short-term volatility in actuarial accrued liabilities and the actuarial value of assets, consistent with the long-term perspective of the calculations.

As of July 1, 2012, the most recent actuarial valuation date, the projected unit of credit actuarial cost method was used. Under this method, future benefits are projected and the present value of such benefits is allocated from date of hire to date of eligibility the actuarial assumptions included: inflation at 2.50 percent, plus productivity component of 1.25 percent, investment rate of return at 4.00 percent, and a health care trend rate of 7.50 percent graded to 4.80 percent over 72 years. The UAAL is being amortized as a level percentage over the remaining amortization period, which at July 1, 2012 was 20 years.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED)
JUNE 30, 2013

Note 17-Other Postemployment Benefits-VRS Health Insurance Credit:

A. Plan Description

The County and School Board participate in the Health Insurance Credit Program, a plan designed to assist retirees with the cost of health insurance coverage. This program is an agent and cost sharing, multiple-employer defined benefit plan administered by the Virginia Retirement System (VRS). The Virginia General Assembly establishes the dollar amount of the health insurance credit for each year of creditable service. The credit amount and eligibility differs for state, school division, political subdivision, local officer, local social services department and general registrar retirees.

An employee of the County or School Board, who retires under VRS with at least 15 years of total creditable service under the System and is enrolled in a health insurance plan, is eligible to receive a monthly health insurance credit of \$1.50 per year of creditable service up to a maximum monthly credit of \$45. However, such credit shall not exceed the health insurance premium for the retiree. Disabled retirees automatically receive the maximum monthly health insurance credit of \$45.

Benefit provisions and eligibility requirements are established by Title 51.1, Chapter 14 of the <u>Code of Virginia</u>. The VRS actuarially determines the amount necessary to fund all credits provided, reflects the cost of such credits in the applicable employer contribution rate pursuant to §51.1-145, and prescribes such terms and conditions as are necessary to carry out the provisions of the health insurance credit program. VRS issues separate financial statements as previously discussed in Note 9.

B. Funding Policy

Primary Government:

As a participating local political subdivision, the County is required to contribute the entire amount necessary to fund participation in the program using the actuarial basis specified by the <u>Code of Virginia</u> and the VRS Board of Trustees. The County's contribution rate for the fiscal year ended 2013 was 0.23% of annual covered payroll.

Discretely Presented Component Unit - School Board (Non-Professional Employees):

As a participating local political subdivision, the Covington School Board is required to contribute the entire amount necessary to fund participation in the program using the actuarial basis specified by the <u>Code of Virginia</u> and the VRS Board of Trustees. The School Board's contribution rate for the fiscal year ended 2013 was 0.59% of annual covered payroll.

C. Annual OPEB Cost and Net OPEB Obligation

Primary Government:

The annual cost of OPEB under Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) 45, Accounting and Financial Reporting by Employers for Postemployment Benefits Other than Pensions, is based on the annual required contribution (ARC). The County is required to contribute the ARC, an amount actuarially determined in accordance with the parameters of GASB Statement 45. The ARC represents a level of funding that, if paid on an ongoing basis, is projected to cover normal cost each year and amortize any unfunded actuarial liabilities (or funding excess) over a period not to exceed thirty years.

Note 17-Other Postemployment Benefits-VRS Health Insurance Credit: (continued)

C. OPEB Cost and Net OPEB Obligation (continued)

Primary Government: (continued)

For 2013, the County's contribution of \$1,764 was equal to the ARC and OPEB cost. The County's annual OPEB cost, the percentage of annual OPEB cost contributed to the plan, and the net OPEB obligation for 2013 and the two preceding years are shown below:

	Fiscal Year Ending	Annual OPEB Cost (ARC)	Percentage of ARC Contributed	Ne OPl Obliga	ΞB
Primary Government:					
County	6/30/2011 \$	3,304	100.00%	\$	-
	6/30/2012	3,289	100.00%		-
	6/30/2013	1,764	100.00%		-

<u>Discretely Presented Component Unit - School Board (Non-Professional Employees):</u>

The annual cost of OPEB under Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) 45, Accounting and Financial Reporting by Employers for Postemployment Benefits Other than Pensions, is based on the annual required contribution (ARC). The School Board is required to contribute the ARC, an amount actuarially determined in accordance with the parameters of GASB Statement 45. The ARC represents a level of funding that, if paid on an ongoing basis, is projected to cover normal cost each year and amortize any unfunded actuarial liabilities (or funding excess) over a period not to exceed thirty years.

For 2013, the School Board's contribution of \$15,780 was equal to the ARC and OPEB cost. The School Board's annual OPEB cost, the percentage of annual OPEB cost contributed to the plan, and the net OPEB obligation for 2013 is as follows:

	Year	OPEB	of ARC	OPEB	
	Ending	Cost (ARC)	Contributed	Obligatio	on
Discretely Presented Component Unit					
School Board	6/30/2013 \$	15,780	100.00%	\$	-

Note: 2013 is the first year of the VRS health insurance credit program for non-professional school board employees.

Note 17-Other Postemployment Benefits-VRS Health Insurance Credit: (continued)

D. Funded Status and Funding Progress

Primary Government:

The funded status of the plan as of June 30, 2012, the most recent actuarial valuation date, is as follows:

Actuarial accrued liability (AAL)	\$ 101,849
Actuarial value of plan assets	\$ 78,231
Unfunded actuarial accrued liability (UAAL)	\$ 23,618
Funded ratio (actuarial value of plan assets/AAL)	76.81%
Covered payroll (active plan members)	\$ 1,769,420
UAAL as a percentage of covered payroll	1.33%

Actuarial valuations of an ongoing plan involve estimates of the value of reported amounts and assumptions about the probability of occurrence of events far into the future and reflect a long-term perspective. Examples include assumptions about future employment, mortality, and the healthcare cost trend. Amounts determined regarding the funded status of the plan and the annual required contributions of the employer are subject to continual revision as actual results are compared with past expectations and new estimates are made about the future.

The schedule of funding progress, presented as required supplementary information following the notes to the financial statements presents multi-year trend information about whether the actuarial value of plan assets is increasing or decreasing over time relative to the actuarial accrued liability for benefits. The projection of benefits for financial reporting purposes does not explicitly incorporate the potential effects of legal or contractual funding limitations.

Discretely Presented Component Unit - School Board (Non-Professional Employees):

The funded status of the plan as of June 30, 2012, the most recent actuarial valuation date, is as follows:

Actuarial accrued liability (AAL)	\$ 161,463
Actuarial value of plan assets	\$ -
Unfunded actuarial accrued liability (UAAL)	\$ 161,463
Funded ratio (actuarial value of plan assets/AAL)	0.00%
Covered payroll (active plan members)	\$ 2,689,457
UAAL as a percentage of covered payroll	6.00%

Actuarial valuations of an ongoing plan involve estimates of the value of reported amounts and assumptions about the probability of occurrence of events far into the future and reflect a long-term perspective. Examples include assumptions about future employment, mortality, and the healthcare cost trend. Amounts determined regarding the funded status of the plan and the annual required contributions of the employer are subject to continual revision as actual results are compared with past expectations and new estimates are made about the future.

Notes to Financial Statements (Continued) June 30, 2013

Note 17-Other Postemployment Benefits-VRS Health Insurance Credit: (continued)

D. Funded Status and Funding Progress (continued)

<u>Discretely Presented Component Unit - School Board (Non-Professional Employees)</u>: (continued) The schedule of funding progress, presented as required supplementary information following the notes to the financial statements presents multi-year trend information about whether the actuarial value of plan assets is increasing or decreasing over time relative to the actuarial accrued liability for benefits. The projection of benefits for financial reporting purposes does not explicitly incorporate the potential effects of legal or contractual funding limitations.

E. Actuarial Methods and Assumptions

Primary Government:

Projections of benefits for financial reporting purposes are based on the substantive plan (the plan as understood by the employer and plan members) and include the types of benefits provided at the time of each valuation and the historical pattern of sharing of benefit costs between the employer and plan members to that point. The actuarial methods and assumptions used included techniques that are designed to reduce short-term volatility in actuarial accrued liabilities and the actuarial value of assets, consistent with the long-term perspective of the calculations.

The entry age normal cost method was used to determine the plan's funding liabilities and costs. The actuarial assumptions included a 7.00% investment rate of return, compounded annually, including an inflation component of 2.50%, and a payroll growth rate of 3.00%. The UAAL is being amortized as a level percentage of payrolls on an open basis. The remaining open amortization period at June 30, 2012 was 29 years.

Discretely Presented Component Unit - School Board (Non-Professional Employees):

Projections of benefits for financial reporting purposes are based on the substantive plan (the plan as understood by the employer and plan members) and include the types of benefits provided at the time of each valuation and the historical pattern of sharing of benefit costs between the employer and plan members to that point. The actuarial methods and assumptions used included techniques that are designed to reduce short-term volatility in actuarial accrued liabilities and the actuarial value of assets, consistent with the long-term perspective of the calculations.

The entry age normal cost method was used to determine the plan's funding liabilities and costs. The actuarial assumptions included a 7.00% investment rate of return, compounded annually, including an inflation component of 2.50%, and a payroll growth rate of 3.00%. The UAAL is being amortized as a level percentage of payroll on an open basis. The remaining open amortization period at June 30, 2012 was 29 years.

F. Professional Employees - Discretely Presented Component Unit School Board

The School Board participates in the Health Insurance Credit Program, a plan designed to assist retirees with the cost of health insurance coverage. This program is a cost sharing, multiple-employer defined benefit plan administered by the Virginia Retirement System (VRS). The Virginia General Assembly establishes the dollar amount of the health insurance credit for each year of creditable service.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED)
JUNE 30, 2013

Note 17-Other Postemployment Benefits-VRS Health Insurance Credit: (continued)

F. Professional Employees - Discretely Presented Component Unit School Board (continued)

A teacher, who retires under VRS with at least 15 years of total creditable service under the System and is enrolled in a health insurance plan, is eligible to receive a monthly health insurance credit of \$4 per year of creditable service. However, such credit shall not exceed the health insurance premium for the retiree. Disabled retirees automatically receive a monthly health insurance credit of \$4 multiplied by the smaller of (i) twice the amount of their creditable service or (ii) the amount of creditable service they would have completed at age 60 if they had remained in service to that age.

The School Board is required to contribute, at an actuarially determined rate, the entire amount necessary to fund participation in the program. The School Board's contribution to VRS was \$193,975, \$110,342 and \$165,875 for the fiscal years ended 2013, 2012, and 2011, respectively. The School Board's contributions represented 1.11%, 0.60% and 1.08% of covered payroll for the fiscal years ended 2013, 2012, and 2011, respectively.

Note 18-Moral Obligation:

The County has signed support agreements that back certain debt obligations of The Industrial Development Authority of Russell County (a component unit of the County). In these agreements, the Board of Supervisors has a non-binding (moral obligation) to fund the Russell County Industrial Development Authority in amounts sufficient to cover debt service on referenced obligations. To date, the County of Russell, Virginia has provided funds sufficient to cover such debt service. As of June 30, 2013, the outstanding balance such loans was \$600,000. During fiscal year 2013, the County paid \$944,503 in debt service for The Industrial Development Authority of Russell County. The Industrial Development Authority of Russell County expects the County to pay the remaining \$600,000 during fiscal year 2014.

The County has signed a support agreement that backs certain debt obligations of the Russell County Public Service Authority (a component unit of the County). In the agreement, the Board of Supervisors has a moral obligation to fund the Russell County Public Service Authority in amounts sufficient to cover debt service issued during fiscal year 2013 in the amount of \$700,843. To date, the County of Russell, Virginia has provided funds sufficient to cover such debt service. During fiscal year 2013, the County paid \$132,046 in debt service for the Russell County Public Service Authority.

Note 19-Operating Lease:

The County has signed a lease agreement with The Industrial Development Authority of Russell County to pay rent equivalent to the required debt service as it relates to the Russell County Government Center. To date, the County of Russell, Virginia has provided funds sufficient to cover such debt service. As of June 30, 2013, the outstanding balance of the loan was \$5,086,100. Future required rent payments are as follows:

Year Ending	Operating Lease			
June 30,		Principal		Interest
2014	\$	223,300	\$	116,497
2015		355,100		109,767
2016		363,300		101,621
2017		372,100		92,744
2018		381,000		83,925
2019-2023		2,044,500		280,035
2024-2028		1,346,800		47,997
Totals	\$	5,086,100	\$	832,586

Note 20-Upcoming Pronouncements:

The GASB has issued Statement No. 68, "Accounting and Financial Reporting for Pensions; an amendment of GASB Statement No. 27." This Statement replaces the requirements of Statements No. 27 and No. 50 related to pension plans that are administered through trusts or equivalent arrangements. The requirements of Statements No. 27 and No. 50 remain applicable for pensions that are not administered as trusts or equivalent arrangements. The requirements of this Statement are effective for financial statements for fiscal years beginning after June 15, 2014. The County has not determined the impact of this pronouncement on its financial statements.

Note 21-Litigation:

As of June 30, 2013, there were no matters of litigation involving the County which would materially affect the County's financial position should an court decisions on pending matters not be favorable.

Note 22-Restatement:

Beginning net position of the School Board has been restated due to the discovery of an early retirement incentive program and an additional adjustment for unrecorded depreciation expense in the prior year. The restatement is demonstrated below:

Component Unit

Net Position as Restated 6/30/12	\$	16,117,957
Depreciation Expense		(418, 199)
Early Retirement Incentive Program		(451,958)
Net Position as Previously Reported 6/30/12	\$	16,988,114
	<u>S</u> (chool Board
	Component Unit -	



County of Russell, Virginia General Fund

Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances - Budget and Actual For the Year Ended June 30, 2013

	Budgeted Amounts						Variance with Final Budget -	
				Actual			Positive	
DENEW FO		<u>Original</u>		<u>Final</u>		<u>Amounts</u>	(Negative)
REVENUES	<u>,</u>	42.005.004	_	12 005 004	,	44 404 507	_	740 707
General property taxes	\$	13,985,801	\$	13,985,801	\$	14,696,587	\$	710,786
Other local taxes		5,062,996		5,042,996		3,937,219		(1,105,777)
Permits, privilege fees, and regulatory licenses		19,800		19,800		34,152		14,352
Fines and forfeitures		73,806		73,806		14,955		(58,851)
Revenue from the use of money and property		50,000		50,000		31,431		(18,569)
Charges for services		270,900		474,108		303,412		(170,696)
Miscellaneous		44,000		44,000		60,479		16,479
Recovered costs		383,000		383,000		1,009,359		626,359
Intergovernmental revenues:								
Commonwealth		7,956,339		7,956,339		7,734,506		(221,833)
Federal	_	2,355,448		2,355,448		2,458,978		103,530
Total revenues	_\$_	30,202,090	\$	30,385,298	\$	30,281,078	\$	(104,220)
EXPENDITURES								
Current:		. ==. =.5	_					
General government administration	\$	1,571,513	\$	1,726,663	\$	1,797,929	\$	(71,266)
Judicial administration		2,150,066		2,154,866		2,096,382		58,484
Public safety		5,197,517		5,419,427		5,742,101		(322,674)
Public works		3,638,060		3,514,305		3,241,005		273,300
Health and welfare		6,770,802		6,708,456		6,120,771		587,685
Education		7,258,593		7,258,593		6,390,469		868,124
Parks, recreation, and cultural		469,655		469,655		488,706		(19,051)
Community development		1,532,898		1,530,569		2,283,910		(753,341)
Nondepartmental		806,600		408,328		423,737		(15,409)
Capital projects		100,000		280,008		334,929		(54,921)
Debt service:								
Principal retirement		1,424,901		1,424,901		2,314,036		(889,135)
Interest and other fiscal charges		352,481		352,481		555,784		(203,303)
Total expenditures	\$	31,273,086	\$	31,248,252	\$	31,789, 7 59	\$_	(541,507)
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over (under)								
expenditures	<u>\$</u>	(1,070,996)	\$	(862,954)	\$	(1,508,681)	\$	(645,727)
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)			_					1100 717
Transfers out	\$	(100,000)	\$	(183,042)	\$	(283,789)	\$	(100,747)
Not change in fund balances	Ċ	(1 170 004)	ć	(1 045 004)	Ċ	(1 702 470)	Ċ	(716 171)
Net change in fund balances	\$	(1,170,996)	Þ	(1,045,996)	Þ	(1,792,470)	Ş	(746,474) 5.838.400
Fund balances - beginning	-	1,170,996	c	1,045,996	ċ	6,884,605	c	5,838,609
Fund balances - ending	\$	-	\$		\$	5,092,135	\$	5,092,135

County of Russell, Virginia Special Revenue Fund - Coal Road Fund

Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances - Budget and Actual For the Year Ended June 30, 2013

REVENUES		Budgeted	l Am	ounts <u>Final</u>	-	Actual Amounts	Fin	riance with al Budget - Positive Negative)
Other local taxes	S	1,320,000	S	1,320,000	S	1,142,393	Ś	(177,607)
Revenue from the use of money and property	J		Ų		ڔ	5,232	٠	5,232
Total revenues	\$	1,320,000	\$	1,320,000	\$	1,147,625	\$	(172,375)
EXPENDITURES Current: Public works	\$	1,320,000	\$	1,320,000	\$	1,503,326	\$	(183,326)
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over (under) expenditures	\$	-	\$	-	\$	(355,701)	\$	(355,701)
Net change in fund balances Fund balances - beginning Fund balances - ending	\$	- -	\$	- -	\$	(355,701) 1,245,468	\$	(355,701) 1,245,468 889,767
Fund balances - beginning Fund balances - ending	\$	-	\$	-	\$	1,245,468 889,767	\$	

County of Russell, Virginia

Special Revenue Fund - Workforce Investment Board Fund Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances - Budget and Actual For the Year Ended June 30, 2013

	Budgeted Amounts Original Final				Actual <u>Amounts</u>		riance with al Budget - Positive <u>Negative)</u>	
REVENUES								
Intergovernmental revenues: Commonwealth	\$	-	\$	_	\$	2,550	ς.	2,550
Federal	ب	3,198,324	ب	3,198,324	¥	2,206,878	ب	(991,446)
Total revenues	\$	3,198,324	\$	3,198,324	\$	2,209,428	\$	(988,896)
EXPENDITURES Current: Health and welfare	\$	3,198,324	\$	3,198,324	\$	2,213,965	\$	984,359
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over (under) expenditures	\$	-	\$	-	\$	(4,537)	\$	(4,537)
Net change in fund balances Fund balances - beginning Fund balances - ending	\$	- - -	\$	- - -	\$	(4,537) 47,936 43,399	\$	(4,537) 47,936 43,399

County of Russell, Virginia Schedule of Pension and OPEB Funding Progress For the Year Ended June 30, 2013

Primary Government	
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County Retirement Plan:

	Actuarial	Actuarial	Actuarial	Unfunded			UAAL as a
	Valuation	Value of	Accrued	AAL (UAAL)	Funded Ratio	Covered	% of Covered
	as of	Assets	Liability (AAL)	(3) - (2)	(2)/(3)	Payroll	Payroll (4)/(6)
_	(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)
	June 30, 2012	\$ 19,894,452	\$ 28,359,443	\$ 8,464,991	70.15%	\$ 5,481,683	154.42%
	June 30, 2011	20,084,643	27,499,897	7,415,254	73.04%	5,413,452	136.98%
	June 30, 2010	19,759,376	26,221,057	6,461,681	75.36%	5,581,443	115.77%

County Other Postemployment Benefits-Health Insurance:

Actuarial Valuation as of (*)	Val	Actuarial Value of Assets		Actuarial Accrued Liability (AAL)		nfunded AL (UAAL) (3) - (2)	Funded (2)/(Covered Payroll	UAAL as a % of Covered Payroll (4)/(6		
(1)	(2)		(3)		(4)	(5)		(6)	•	(7)	
July 1, 2010	\$	-	\$	464,748	\$	464,748	0.00	%	\$ 5,581,443	8.	33%	
July 1, 2008				546,570		546,570	0.00	%	4,198,697	13	.02%	

County Other Postemployment Benefits-VRS Health Insurance Credit:

Actuarial Valuation as of	luation Value of		1	Actuarial Accrued Liability (AAL)		nfunded L (UAAL) 3) - (2)	Funded Ratio (2)/(3)	Covered Payroll	UAAL as a % of Covered Payroll (4)/(6)
(1)		(2)		(3)		(4)	(5)	 (6)	(7)
June 30, 2012	\$	78,231	\$	101,849	\$	23,618	76.81%	\$ 1,769,420	1.33%
June 30, 2011		82,852		100,667		17,815	82.30%	1,523,173	1.17%
June 30, 2010		71,521		76,866		5,345	93.05%	5,581,443	0.10%

Discretely Presented Component Unit:

School Board Non-Professional Retirement Plan:

Actuarial Valuation as of	Actuarial Value of Assets	Actuarial Accrued Liability (AAL)	Unfunded AAL (UAAL) (3) - (2)	Funded Ratio (2)/(3)	Covered Payroll	UAAL as a % of Covered Payroll (4)/(6)
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)
June 30, 2012 June 30, 2011	\$ 10,068,998 10,328,276	\$ 16,469,710 16,067,146	\$ 6,400,712 5,738,870	61.14% 64.28%	\$ 2,689,457 2,693,695	237.99% 213.05%
June 30, 2010	10,392,200	15,863,210	5,471,010	65.51%	2,838,654	192.73%

School Board Other Postemployment Benefits-Health Insurance:

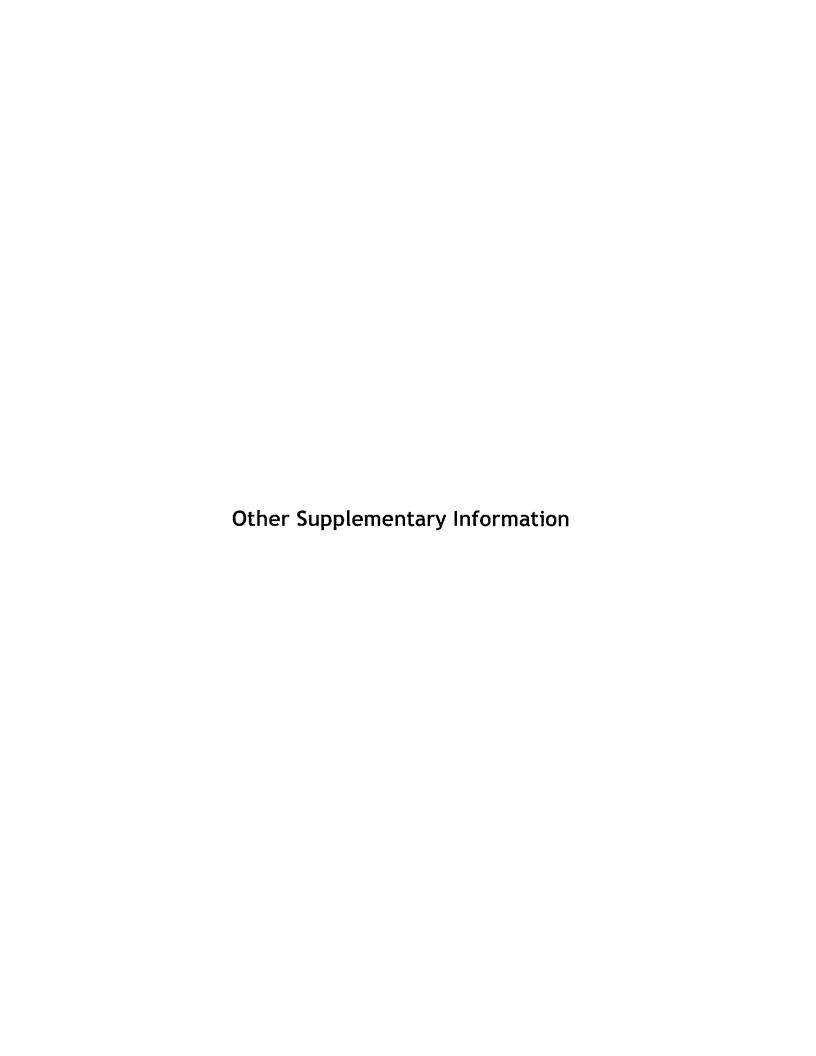
Actua Valua as (ition	Va	Actuarial Unfunded Value of Accrued AAL (UAAL) Ful Assets Liability (AAL) (3) - (2)		Funded Ra (2)/(3)	itio	Covered Payroll	UAAL as a % of Covered Payroll (4)/(6)		
(1)		(2)		(3)	 (4)	(5)		(6)	(7)
July 1,	2012	\$	-	\$	8,991,400	\$ 8,991,400	0.00%	\$	21,181,100	42.45%
July 1	2010				3,030,967	3,030,967	0.00%		20,559,274	14.74%
July 1,	2008				3,755,059	3,755,059	0.00%		24,186,441	15.53%

School Board Other Postemployment Benefits-VRS Health Insurance Credit:

Actuarial Valuation as of (**)	Actuarial Value of Assets	Actuarial Accrued Liability (AAL)	Unfunded AAL (UAAL) (3) - (2)	Funded Ratio (2)/(3)	Covered Payroll	UAAL as a % of Covered Payroll (4)/(6)
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)
June 30, 2012	\$ -	\$ 161,463	\$ 161,463	0.00%	\$ 2,689,457	6.00%

^{(*) -} An actuarial valuation was not performed in the last two fiscal years for the County.

^{(**) -} This was the initial valuation as the School Board recently joined this plan.



County of Russell, Virginia Statement of Changes in Assets and Liabilities Agency Funds

For the Year Ended June 30, 2013

Balance Beginning <u>of Year</u>	Beginning		Balance End <u>of Year</u>
\$ 68,973	\$ 127,869	\$ (136,455)	\$ 60,387
	260,316	(270,033)	(9,717)
\$ 68,973	\$ 388,185	\$ (406,488)	\$ 50,670
	10.11		
\$ 68,973	\$ 127,869	\$ (136,455)	\$ 60,387
-	260,316	(270,033)	(9,717)
\$ 68,973	\$ 388,185	\$ (406,488)	\$ 50,670
	\$ 68,973 \$ 68,973	\$ 68,973 \$ 127,869 - 260,316 \$ 68,973 \$ 388,185 \$ 68,973 \$ 127,869 - 260,316	Beginning of Year Additions Deletions \$ 68,973 \$ 127,869 \$ (136,455) - 260,316 (270,033) \$ 68,973 \$ 388,185 \$ (406,488) \$ 68,973 \$ 127,869 \$ (136,455) - 260,316 (270,033)

County of Russell, Virginia Balance Sheet

Discretely Presented Component Unit - School Board June 30, 2013

		(School Operating <u>Fund</u>
ASSETS			
Cash and cash equivalents		\$	351,024
Receivables (net of allowance for uncollectibles):			
Accounts receivable			44,540
Due from other governmental units			1,508,496
Prepaid items			385,063
Total assets	;		2,289,123
LIABILITIES AND FUND BALANCES			
Liabilities:			
Accounts payable			377,926
Salaries payable			990,356
Due to primary government			683,334
Total liabilities			2,051,616
	•		
Fund balances:			
Nonspendable:			
Prepaid items		\$	385,063
Committed:			
Textbook purchases			12,924
Regional Adult Education			224,583
Unassigned:			(385,063)
Total fund balances		\$	237,507
Total liabilities and fund balances	:	\$	2,289,123
Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of net position (Exhibit 1) are different	nt because:		
Total fund balances per above		\$	237,507
Capital assets used in governmental activities are not financial resources and, therefore, are not reported in the funds.			
Land	4,643,707		
Buildings and improvements	10,918,096		
Machinery and equipment	1,460,965		17,022,768
Long-term liabilities, including early retirement incentives, are not due and payable in the current period and, therefore, are not reported in the funds.			
Compensated absences	(751,080)		
Early retirement incentive	(178,680)		
Net OPEB obligation	(427,536)		(1,357,296)
		_	45.000.000
Net position of governmental activities		<u>\$</u>	15,902,979

County of Russell, Virginia

Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances Governmental Funds - Discretely Presented Component Unit - School Board For the Year Ended June 30, 2013

		o	School perating <u>Fund</u>
REVENUES		\$	3 345
Revenue from the use of money and property Charges for services		Þ	3,215 647,817
Miscellaneous			292,514
Recovered costs			578,948
Intergovernmental revenues:			•
Local government			6,300,144
Commonwealth		:	26,537,482
Federal			5,478,525
Total revenues		\$	39,838,645
EXPENDITURES			
Current:			
Education		\$.	40,071,091
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over (under)			
expenditures		\$	(232,446)
Net change in fund balances		\$	(232,446)
Fund balances - beginning			469,953
Fund balances - ending	;	\$	237,507
Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of activities (Exhibit 2) are different b	ecause:		
Net change in fund balances - total governmental funds - per above		\$	(232,446)
Governmental funds report capital outlays as expenditures. However, in the statement of activities the cost of those assets is allocated over their estimated useful lives and reported as depreciation expense. This is the amount by which capital outlays exceeded depreciation in the current period.			
Capital outlays	20,116		
Reversion of assets back to the School Board (net)	876,894		
Depreciation expense	(854,843)		42,167
Some expenses reported in the statement of activities do not require the use of current financial resources and, therefore are not reported as expenditures in governmental funds.			
(Increase) decrease in compensated absences	(10,102)		
(Increase) decrease in early retirement incentive	368,111		
(Increase) decrease in net OPEB obligation	(382,708)		(24,699)
Change in net position of governmental activities		\$	(214,978)
			· , , ,

County of Russell, Virginia

Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances - Budget and Actual Discretely Presented Component Unit - School Board For the Year Ended June 30, 2013

				School Ope	rati	ng Fund		
		Budgetec	l An	nounts				riance with nal Budget Positive
		Original		<u>Final</u>		<u>Actual</u>	ſ	Negative)
REVENUES								
Revenue from the use of money and property	\$	1,500	\$	1,500	\$	3,215	\$	1,715
Charges for services		792,114		792,114		647,817		(144,297)
Miscellaneous		184, 999		184,999		292,514		107,515
Recovered costs		545,735		545,735		578,948		33,213
Intergovernmental revenues:								
Local government		7,168,268		7,168,268		6,300,144		(868,124)
Commonwealth		26,697,463		26,697,463		26,537,482		(159,981)
Federal		5,905,574		5,905,574		5,478,525		(427,049)
Total revenues	\$	41,295,653	\$	41,295,653	\$	39,838,645	\$	(1,457,008)
EXPENDITURES								
Current:								
Education	_\$_	41,295,653	\$	41,295,653	\$	40,071,091	\$	1,224,562
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over (under)								
expenditures	_\$_	-	\$	-	\$	(232,446)	\$	(232,446)
Net change in fund balances	\$	-	\$	-	\$	(232,446)	\$	(232,446)
Fund balances - beginning		-		-		469,953		469,953
Fund balances - ending	\$	-	\$	-	\$	237,507	\$	237,507



Fund, Major and Minor Revenue Source		Original Budget	Final Budget		Actual	F	ariance with inal Budget Positive (Negative)
General Fund:							
Revenue from local sources:							
General property taxes:							
Real Property Tax	\$	8,628,051	\$ 8,628,051	\$	6,953,198	\$	(1,674,853)
Real and Personal PSC Tax		1,006,250	1,006,250		1,878,891		872,641
Personal Property Tax		2,200,000	2,200,000		3,102,651		902,651
Mobile Home Tax		126,500	126,500		126,660		160
Machinery and Tools Tax		800,000	800,000		1,272,447		472,447
Merchants Capital		25,000	25,000		31,021		6,021
Mineral Tax		900,000	900,000		964,538		64,538
Penalties		100,000	100,000		122,649		22,649
Interest		200,000	200,000		244,532		44,532
Total general property taxes	\$	13,985,801	\$ 13,985,801	\$	14,696,587	\$	710,786
Other local taxes:							
Local Sales and Use Tax	\$	1,924,996	\$ 1,904,996	\$	1,689,275	\$	(215,721)
Consumers' Utility Tax		600,000	600,000		567,707		(32,293)
Consumption Taxes		95,000	95,000		84,573		(10,427)
Franchise License Tax		18,000	18,000				(18,000)
Coal Severance Tax		2,000,000	2,000,000		1,142,693		(857,307)
Bank Stock Tax		-	-		10,652		10,652
Grantee tax		100,000	100,000		73,154		(26,846)
Motor Vehicle Licenses		300,000	300,000		355,686		55,686
Taxes on Recordation and Wills		25,000	 25,000		13,479		(11,521)
Total other local taxes	\$	5,062,996	\$ 5,042,996	\$	3,937,219	\$	(1,105,777)
Permits, privilege fees, and regulatory licenses:							
Animal licenses	\$	1,500	\$ 1,500	\$	2,720	\$	1,220
Building permits		15,000	15,000		27,967		12,967
Other permits and other licenses		3,300	 3,300		3,465		165
Total permits, privilege fees, and regulatory licenses	\$	19,800	\$ 19,800	\$	34,152	\$	14,352_
Fines and forfeitures:							
Court fines and forfeitures	_\$_	73,806	\$ 73,806	\$	14,955	\$	(58,851)
Revenue from use of money and property:							
Revenue from use of money	\$	50,000	\$ 50,000	\$	25,040	\$	(24,960)
Revenue from use of property	***************************************		 -		6,391		6,391
Total revenue from use of money and property	\$	50,000	\$ 50,000	<u>\$</u>	31,431	\$	(18,569)
Charges for services:							
Charges for sanitation and waste removal	\$	200,000	\$ 403,208	\$	200,586	\$	(202,622)
Charges for courthouse security		37,000	37,000		51,603		14,603
Charges for cannery operations		-	-		27,766		27,766
Charges for commonwealth attorney		2,000	2,000		5,352		3,352
Charges for courthouse maintenance		7,000	7,000		4,470		(2,530)
Charges for jail and inmate fees		6,500	6,500		4,299		(2,201)
Charges for district court		-	-		2,733		2,733
Charges for library		14,500	14,500		1,924		(12,576)
Other charges for services		3,900	 3,900		4,679		779
Total charges for services	\$	270,900	\$ 474,108	\$	303,412	\$	(170,696)

Fund, Major and Minor Revenue Source	Original Budget		Fínal Budget	Actual	Fi	riance with nal Budget Positive Negative)
General Fund: (Continued)						
Revenue from local sources: (Continued)						
Miscellaneous revenue:						
Other miscellaneous revenue	\$ 44,000	\$	44,000	\$ 60,479	\$	16,479
Recovered costs:						
Social services	\$ -	\$	-	\$ 227,313	\$	227,313
Health department		·	-	82,467		82,467
School resource officer	63,000		63,000	89,540		26,540
Insurance recoveries			•	12,621		12,621
Regional jail	Ē		-	6,586		6,586
Industrial development	70,000		70,000	118,005		48,005
Other Recovered Costs	250,000		250,000	472,827		222,827
Total recovered costs	\$ 383,000	\$	383,000	\$ 1,009,359	\$	626,359
Total revenue from local sources	\$ 19,890,303	\$	20,073,511	\$ 20,087,594	\$	14,083
Intergovernmental Revenues:						
Revenue from the Commonwealth:						
Noncategorical aid:						
Motor vehicles carriers' tax	\$ 125,000	\$	125,000	\$ 300,420	\$	175,420
Mobile home titling tax	135,000		135,000	75,522		(59,478)
Motor vehicle rental tax	2,500		2,500	3,785		1,285
State budget reduction	(252,756)		(252,756)	(139,859)		112,897
Communications tax	900,000		900,000	881,071		(18,929)
State recordation tax	34,965		34,965	22,897		(12,068)
Personal property tax relief act funds	1,437,003		1,437,003	1,437,003		-
Total noncategorical aid	\$ 2,381,712	\$	2,381,712	\$ 2,580,839	\$	199,127
Categorical aid:						
Shared expenses:						
Commonwealth's attorney	\$ 314,501	\$	314,501	\$ 314,522	\$	21
Sheriff	1,338,443		1,338,443	1,339,982		1,539
Commissioner of revenue	111,761		111,761	162,991		51,230
Treasurer	103,089		103,089	103,401		312
Medical examiner	400		400	-		(400)
Registrar/electoral board	65,000		65,000	39,833		(25,167)
Clerk of the Circuit Court	 249,524		249,524	273,698		24,174
Total Shared Expenses	\$ 2,182,718	\$	2,182,718	\$ 2,234,427	\$	51,709
Other categorical aid:						
Victim witness grant	\$ 24,000	\$	24,000	\$ 72,948	\$	48,948
GIS	-			1,150		1,150
JAG grants	1,597		1,597	-		(1,597)
E911 state funds	85,000		85,000	41,033		(43,967)
Law enforcement grants			-	1,437		1,437
Asset forfeiture funds	-		•	8,534		8,534

Fund, Major and Minor Revenue Source		Original Budget		Final Budget		Actual	Fi.	riance with nal Budget Positive Negative)
General Fund: (Continued)								
Intergovernmental Revenues: (continued)								
Revenue from the Commonwealth: (Continued)								
Categorical aid: (Continued)								
Other categorical aid: (Continued)								
EMS grants	\$	-	\$	•	S	29,599	Ś	29,599
Fire Program Funds	•	-	•	_	•	67,942	•	67,942
Library grants		78,186		78,186		78,186		
Litter control grants				-		15,169		15,169
Public assistance		1,886,675		1,886,675		1,792,969		(93,706)
Comprehensive services act		1,316,451		1,316,451		764,843		(551,608)
School resource officer grants		.,,		-,0.0,.0.		45,430		45,430
Total other categorical aid	S	3,391,909	<u> </u>	3,391,909	5	2,919,240	\$	(472,669)
	_*	0,000,000	<u> </u>	5,511,101		2,7.7,2.0		(2,001)
Total categorical aid	\$	5,574,627	\$	5,574,627	\$	5,153,667	\$	(420,960)
Total revenue from the Commonwealth	\$	7,956,339	\$	7,956,339	\$	7,734,506	\$	(221,833)
Develope from the following								
Revenue from the federal government:								
Categorical aid:			_		_			
CDBG grants	\$	-	\$	•	\$	260,344	\$	260,344
Emergency management grants		-		-		16,750		16,750
Law enforcement grants		-		-		25,875		25,875
Violence against women		-		-		36,597		36,597
DMV ground transportation safety grant		-		-		6,800		6,800
Comprehensive services act		251,164		251,164		112,842		(138,322)
Public assistance		2,104,284		2,104,284		1,999,770		(104,514)
Total categorical aid	\$	2,355,448	\$	2,355,448	\$	2,458,978	\$	103,530
Total revenue from the federal government	\$	2,355,448	\$	2,355,448	\$	2,458,978	\$	103,530
Total General Fund	\$	30,202,090	\$	30,385,298	\$	30,281,078	\$	(104,220)
Coal Dead Fine Is								
Coal Road Fund:								
Revenue from local sources:								
Other local taxes:			_					
Coal road taxes	\$	1,320,000	\$	1,320,000	\$	1,142,393	\$	(177,607)
Revenue from use of money and property:								
Revenue from the use of money	\$	-	\$	•	\$	5,232	\$	5,232
·	<u> </u>		<u></u>		<u> </u>	, –	•	/
Total revenue from local sources	\$	1,320,000	\$	1,320,000	\$	1,147,625	\$	(172,375)
						· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·		
Total Coal Road Fund	\$	1,320,000	\$	1,320,000	\$	1,147,625	\$	(172,375)

Fund, Major and Minor Revenue Source		Original Budget		Final Budget		Actual	F	ariance with inal Budget Positive (Negative)
Special Revenue Funds: (Continued)								
Workforce Investment Board Fund:								
Intergovernmental Revenues:								
Revenue from the Commonwealth:								
Categorical aid:								
Workforce Investment	\$	-	\$	-	\$	2,550	\$	2,550
Total revenue from the Commonwealth	\$	-	\$	•	\$	2,550	\$	2,550
Revenue from the federal government:								
Categorical aid:								
Workforce Investment	\$	3,198,324	\$	3,198,324	\$	2,206,878	\$	(991,446)
Total rayanus from the fodoral government	_	2 400 224		3 400 334	ŕ	2 20/ 070	_	(004 444)
Total revenue from the federal government	_\$_	3,198,324	<u>\$</u>	3,198,324	<u>\$</u>	2,206,878	\$	(991,446)
Total Workforce Investment Board Fund	\$	3,198,324	\$	3,198,324	\$	2,209,428	\$	(988,896)
Total Primary Government	\$	34,720,414	\$	34,903,622	\$	33,638,131	\$	(1,265,491)
Discretely Presented Component Unit - School Board; School Operating Fund; Revenue from local sources: Revenue from use of money and property: Revenue from the use of property	\$	1,500	\$	1,500	ς	3,215	ς.	1,715
	<u> </u>	1,500		1,000	-	3,213		1,715
Charges for services:								
Cafeteria sales	\$	682,214	\$	682,214	\$	487,645	\$	(194,569)
Tuition payments		-				5,130		5,130
Drivers Ed fees		14,000		14,000		12,420		(1,580)
Other charges for services		11,000		11,000		637		(10,363)
Regional Adult Education		74,900		74,900		139,108		64,208
GED Testing fees		10,000		10,000		2,877		(7,123)
Total charges for services	\$	792,114	\$	792,114	\$	647,817	\$	(144,297)
Miscellaneous revenue:								
Other miscellaneous	\$	184,999	\$	184,999	\$	292,514	\$	107,515
Recovered costs:								
Insurance recoveries	\$	-	\$		\$	11,251	S	11,251
Extra duties revenue	,	23,000	•	23,000	•	23,970	•	970
Dual Enrollment		350,000		350,000		331,555		(18,445)
Sale of Equipment and Supplies		20,000		20,000		12,460		(7,540)
Reimburse Health Services		45,000		45,000		101,211		56,211
Other recovered costs		107,735		107,735		98,501		(9,234)
Total recovered costs	\$	545,735	\$	545,735	\$	578,948	\$	33,213
Total revenue from local sources	\$	1,524,348	\$	1,524,348	\$	1,522,494	\$	(1,854)

Fund, Major and Minor Revenue Source		Original Budget		Final Budget		Actual	Fi	riance with nal Budget Positive Negative)
Discretely Presented Component Unit - School Board: (Continued)								
School Operating Fund: (Continued)								
Intergovernmental revenues:								
Revenues from local governments:								
Contribution from County of Russell, Virginia	\$	7,168,268	\$	7,168,268	\$	6,300,144	\$	(868,124)
Total revenues from local governments	\$	7,168,268	\$	7,168,268	\$	6,300,144	\$	(868,124)
Revenue from the Commonwealth:								
Categorical aid:								
Share of state sales tax	Ş	3,926,711	¢	3,926,711	c	3,930,493	ė	3,782
Basic Aid	→	13,551,280	4	13,551,280	J	13,319,918	7	(231,362)
Remedial summer education		175,450		175,450		179,031		3,581
Regular foster care		12,579		12,579		1,733		-
Gifted and talented		144,367		144,367		142,561		(10,846)
Remedial education		502,148		502,148		495,863		(1,806)
Special education		1,710,441		1,710,441		1,689,033		(6,285)
Textbook payment		281,611		281,611		278,086		(21,408)
Career and Technical Education		•		71,479		37,062		(3,525)
Alternative education		71,479		•		=		(34,417)
		814,785		814,785		814,904		119
Elementary Alternative Education		77 746				2,500		2,500
Algebra readiness		77,316		77,316		72,814		(4,502)
Mentor teacher program		8,080		8,080		2,943		(5,137)
Social security fringe benefits		866,205		866,205		855,363		(10,842)
Group life		53,353		53,353		52,685		(668)
Retirement fringe benefits		1,446,813		1,446,813		1,428,705		(18, 108)
Early reading intervention		94,537		94,537		85,083		(9,454)
Adult Education		6,338		6,338		31,563		25,225
Homebound education		26,942		26,942		15,337		(11,605)
Vocation education		404,857		404,857		445,179		40,322
At risk payments		547,826		547,826		540,952		(6,874)
Primary class size		688,085		688,085		662,121		(25,964)
Technology		414,000		414,000		496,216		82,216
Jobs for Virginia Graduates		22,500		22,500		21,000		(1,500)
Industry Certification Costs		-				4,117		4,117
At risk four-year olds		467,826		467,826		467,826		- 453
School Food		37,221		37,221		38,874		1,653
English as a second language		12,187		12,187		6,928		(5,259)
Project graduation		45 747		45 747		5,784		5,784
GED prep programs		15,717		15,717		85,375		69,658
Lottery payments		215,638		215,638				(215,638)
Tobacco Commission		00.505				6,094		6,094
Adult literacy		99,595		99,595		99,595		
Other state funds	_	1,576		1,576	_	221,744		220,168
Total categorical aid	\$	26,697,463	\$	26,697,463	\$	26,537,482	\$	(159,981)
Total revenue from the Commonwealth	\$	26,697,463	\$	26,697,463	\$	26,537,482	\$	(159,981)

Fund, Major and Minor Revenue Source	Original Budget	Final Budget	Actual	F	riance with inal Budget Positive (Negative)
Discretely Presented Component Unit - School Board: (Continued)					
School Operating Fund: (Continued)					
Intergovernmental revenues: (Continued)					
Revenue from the federal government:					
Categorical aid:					
Basic Adult Education	\$ 320,856	\$ 320,856	\$ 294,285	\$	(26,571)
Title I	1,430,324	1,430,324	1,634,498		204,174
Special Education	885,248	885,248	948,471		63,223
Title VI-B, preschool	35,770	35,770	35,752		(18)
Vocational education	92,718	92,718	88,956		(3,762)
School Food Program	1,295,000	1,295,000	1,317,776		22,776
Improving teacher quality	267,991	267,991	285,064		17,073
Even start	30,000	30,000	42,529		12,529
21st century grant	1,221,704	1,221,704	755,496		(466,208)
Learn and serve America	25,000	25,000	7,176		(17,824)
Rural and low income schools	86,414	86,414	68,522		(17,892)
Other federal funds	214,549	214,549	-		(214,549)
Total categorical aid	\$ 5,905,574	\$ 5,905,574	\$ 5,478,525	\$	(427,049)
Total revenue from the federal government	\$ 5,905,574	\$ 5,905,574	\$ 5,478,525	\$	(427,049)
Total Discretely Presented Component Unit - School Board	\$ 41,295,653	\$ 41,295,653	\$ 39,838,645	\$	(1,457,008)

Fund, Function, Activity and Element		Original <u>Budget</u>	Final <u>Budget</u>	<u>Actual</u>	Fi	riance with nal Budget Positive Negative)
General Fund:						
General government administration:						
Legislative:						
Board of supervisors	\$	148,644	\$ 168,644	\$ 166,923	\$	1,721
General and financial administration:						
County administrator	\$	285,961	\$ 313,511	\$ 328,400	\$	(14,889)
Independent auditor		74,700	63,100	57,700		5,400
Commissioner of the revenue		291,470	291,470	306,441		(14,971)
Real estate assessor		110,611	215,611	264,650		(49,039)
Treasurer		377,567	386,067	396,064		(9,997)
Data processing		94,188	109,888	105,875		4,013
Total general and financial administration	\$	1,234,497	\$ 1,379,647	\$ 1,459,130	\$	(79,483)
Board of elections:						
Electoral Board	\$	65,164	\$ 65,164	\$ 66,679	\$	(1,515)
General Registrar		123,208	113,208	105,197		8,011
Total board of elections	\$	188,372	\$ 178,372	\$ 171,876	\$	6,496
Total general government administration	_\$_	1,571,513	\$ 1,726,663	\$ 1,797,929	\$	(71,266)
Judicial administration:						
Courts:						
Circuit Court	\$	115,640	\$ 120,440	\$ 140,266	\$	(19,826)
General District Court		10,340	10,340	10,344		(4)
Special Magistrates		8,836	8,836	8,143		693
Clerk's Office		368,039	368,039	387,938		(19,899)
Sheriff Courts		1,100,956	1,100,956	1,008,906		92,050
Victim and Witness Assistance		27,809	27,809	33,740		(5,931)
Ław Library		-	-	672		(672)
Total courts	_\$_	1,631,620	\$ 1,636,420	\$ 1,590,009	\$	46,411
Commonwealth's attorney:						
Commonwealth's Attorney	\$	518,446	\$ 518,446	\$ 506,373	\$	12,073
Total judicial administration	\$	2,150,066	\$ 2,154,866	\$ 2,096,382	\$	58,484
Public safety:						
Law enforcement and traffic control:						
Sheriff	\$	1,605,766	\$ 1,783,224	\$ 1,887,829	\$	(104,605)
Dare program		3,000	3,000	3,222		(222)
Total law enforcement and traffic control	\$	1,608,766	\$ 1,786,224	\$ 1,891,051	\$	(104,827)
Fire and rescue services:						
Volunteer Fire Departments	\$	242,391	\$ 242,391	\$ 277,103	\$	(34,712)
Ambulance Rescue Squad		170,575	170,575	228,915		(58,340)
Total fire and rescue services	\$	412,966	\$ 412,966	\$ 506,018	\$	(93,052)
Correction and detention:						
Operation of Jail	\$	2,013,904	\$ 2,013,904	\$ 2,157,445	\$	(143,541)
Probation Office		201,710	201,710	204,309		(2,599)
Total correction and detention	\$	2,215,614	\$ 2,215,614	\$ 2,361,754	\$	(146,140)

Fund, Function, Activity and Element		Original <u>Budget</u>	Final <u>Budget</u>	<u>Actual</u>	Fi	riance with nal Budget Positive Negative)
General Fund: (Continued)						
Public safety: (Continued)						
Inspections:						
Building inspector	\$	117,784	\$ 117,784	\$ 122,955	\$	(5,171)
Other protection:						
Forestry Service	\$	11,616	\$ 11,616	\$ 12,098	\$	(482)
Enhanced 911		549,066	583,366	583,067		299
Medical Examiner		960	960	500		460
Emergency Services		105,184	105,184	73,353		31,831
Animal Control		175,561	 185,713	 191,305		(5,592)
Total other protection	\$	842,387	\$ 886,839	\$ 860,323	\$	26,516
Total public safety	_\$_	5,197,517	\$ 5,419,427	\$ 5,742,101	\$	(322,674)
Public works:						
Sanitation and waste removal:						
Landfill	\$	2,565,768	\$ 2,565,768	\$ 2,417,009	\$	148,759
Refuse collection		371,320	51,320	-		51,320
Total sanitation and waste removal	\$	2,937,088	\$ 2,617,088	\$ 2,417,009	\$	200,079
Maintenance of general buildings and grounds:						
General properties	\$	700,972	\$ 897,217	\$ 823,996	\$	73,221
Total public works	\$	3,638,060	\$ 3,514,305	\$ 3,241,005	\$	273,300
Health and welfare:						
Health:						
Health Department	_\$	353,211	\$ 353,211	\$ 459,412	\$	(106,201)
Mental health and mental retardation:						
Cumberland Mountain Community Services Board	\$	154,433	\$ 154,433	\$ 154,433	\$	
Welfare/Social Services:						
Social services	\$	4,515,180	\$ 4,515,180	\$ 4,244,566	\$	270,614
Comprehensive Services Act		1,650,793	1,588,447	1,162,425		426,022
Appalachian Agency for Senior Citizens		87,315	87,315	83,665		3,650
Lebanon Speech and Hearing		9,870	9,870	9,870		-
Other health and welfare		-	-	6,400		(6,400)
Total welfare	\$	6,263,158	\$ 6,200,812	\$ 5,506,926	\$	693,886
Total health and welfare	\$	6,770,802	\$ 6,708,456	\$ 6,120,771	\$	587,685
Education:						
Contributions to County School Board	\$	7,168,268	\$ 7,168,268	\$ 6,300,144	\$	868,124
SVCC Contribution		90,325	90,325	90,325		
Total education	\$	7,258,593	\$ 7,258,593	\$ 6,390,469	\$	868,124
Parks, recreation, and cultural:						
Parks and recreation:	_					
Recreation Park	_\$_	104,829	\$ 104,829	\$ 122,552	<u> \$ </u>	(17,723)

Fund, Function, Activity and Element		Original <u>Budget</u>		Final <u>Budget</u>		<u>Actual</u>	Fi	riance with inal Budget Positive (Negative)
General Fund: (Continued)								
Parks, recreation, and cultural: (Continued)								
Library:	_		_				_	
Public Library	_\$_	364,826	\$	364,826	.5	366,154	\$	(1,328)
Total parks, recreation, and cultural	\$	469,655	\$	469,655	\$	488,706	\$	(19,051)
Community development:								
Planning and community development:								
Planning Commission	\$	25,100	\$	25,100	\$	30,650	\$	(5,550)
Community Development		59,458		64,458		262,091		(197,633)
Industrial Development		1,031,617		918,617		1,537,278		(618,661)
PSA Contributions		281,011		371,011		237,794		133,217
Cumberland Plateau		35,000		35,000		35,000		-
Highway Safety Commission		1,920		1,920		1,545		375
Canneries				-		71,516		(71,516)
Tourism		-		15,671		15,915		(244)
Total planning and community development	\$	1,434,106	\$	1,431,777	\$	2,191,789	\$	(760,012)
Environmental management:								
Soil and Water Conservation	\$	34,236	S	34,236	s	34,653	5	(417)
		,		,		,		(,
Cooperative extension program:								
VPI Extension	_\$_	64,556	\$	64,556	\$	57,468	\$	7,088
Total community development	\$	1,532,898	\$	1,530,569	\$	2,283,910	\$	(753,341)
Nondepartmental:								
Nondepartmental	\$	806,600	\$	408,328	\$	423,737	\$	(15,409)
·							•• ••	
Capital projects:					_			
Other capital projects	\$	100,000	\$	280,008	\$	334,929	\$	(54,921)
Debt service:								
Principal payments	\$	1,424,901	\$	1,424,901	\$	2,314,036	\$	(889,135)
Interest Expense		352,481		352,481		555,784		(203,303)
Total debt service	\$	1,777,382	\$	1,777,382	\$	2,869,820	\$	(1,092,438)
Total General Fund	\$	31,273,086	\$	31,248,252	\$	31,789,759	\$	(541,507)
Special Revenue Funds:								
Coal Road Fund:								
Public Works:								
Maintenance of highways, streets, bridges and sidewalks:								
Maintenance of highways, streets, bridges and sidewalks	S	1,100,000	ς	1,100,000	\$	1,100,000	¢	_
Virginia coalfield	Ļ	220,000	Ą	220,000	Ą	403,326	Ą	(187 776)
Total Public Works	5	1,320,000	5	1,320,000	\$	1,503,326	\$	(183,326)
Total Public Works	->	1,320,000	ş	1,320,000	÷.	1,303,320	->	(183,326)
Total Coal Road Fund	\$	1,320,000	\$	1,320,000	\$	1,503,326	\$	(183,326)

Fund, Function, Activity and Element		Original <u>Budget</u>	Final <u>Budget</u>	<u>Actual</u>	Fi	riance with nal Budget Positive Negative)
Special Revenue Funds: (Continued)						
Workforce Investment Board Fund:						
Health and Welfare						
Welfare						
Workforce investment	\$	3,198,324	\$ 3,198,324	\$ 2,213,965	\$	984,359
Total Primary Government	\$	35,791,410	\$ 35,766,576	\$ 35,507,050	\$	259,526
Discretely Presented Component Unit - School Board:						
School Operating Fund:						
Education:						
Administration of schools:						
Administration and health services	\$	1,501,083	\$ 1,501,083	\$ 1,502,698	\$	(1,615)
Instruction costs:						
Instructional costs	\$	29,577,733	\$ 29,577,733	\$ 29,064,390	\$	513,343
Technology		514,444	514,444	532,807		(18,363)
Total instruction costs	\$	30,092,177	\$ 30,092,177	\$ 29,597,197	\$	494,980
Operating costs:						
Pupil transportation	\$	3,099,656	\$ 3,099,656	\$ 2,611,543	\$	488,113
Operation and maintenance of school plant		4,586,802	4,586,802	4,415,994		170,808
Food service and non-instructional		2,015,935	2,015,935	1,943,659		72,276
Total operating costs	\$	9,702,393	\$ 9,702,393	\$ 8,971,196	\$	731,197
Total education	\$	41,295,653	\$ 41,295,653	\$ 40,071,091	\$	1,224,562
Total School Operating Fund	<u>\$</u>	41,295,653	\$ 41,295,653	\$ 40,071,091	\$	1,224,562
Total Discretely Presented Component Unit - School Board	\$	41,295,653	\$ 41,295,653	\$ 40,071,091	\$	1,224,562



County of Russell, Virginia Government-Wide Expenses by Function Last Ten Fiscal Years (1)

Fiscal Year	G	General overnment ministration	Ac	Judicial dministration	Public Safety	Public Works		Health and Welfare (2)	Education	Parks, ecreation, nd Cultural	De	Community evelopment (3)	Interest on Long- Ferm Debt	Service Authority	Total
2012-13	\$	1,265,678	\$	2,097,216	\$ 5,894,181	\$ 4,591,54	2.	\$ 8,270,658	\$ 7,484,972	\$ 529,706	\$	2,173,719	\$ 498,401	\$ 441,349	\$ 33,247,422
2011-12		2,267,145		2,119,900	5,296,188	6,060,97	3	8,397,896	4,589,631	539,126		3,493,655	522,300	410,664	33,697,478
2010-11		1,691,031		2,112,758	5,091,612	4,003,98	7	8,592,042	5,681,243	563,123		3,191,256	756,064	423,945	32,107,061
2009-10		1,828,631		2,219,866	4,234,145	5,549,93	4	6,070,091	5,897,486	560,735		1,491,257	728,202	434,552	29,014,899
2008-09		1,706,342		2,243,005	4,013,947	6,055,39	7	5,982,456	5,471,573	541,087		4,826,721	758,753	407,145	32,006,426
2007-08		1,411,595		2,070,008	4,025,383	5,386,50	6	5,395,294	4,508,131	433,946		5,549,375	827,965	388,949	29,997,152
2006-07		1,465,480		1,710,751	3,667,580	2,867,00	7	4,880,408	3,884,301	477,515		3,246,100	852,493	422,425	23,474,060

⁽¹⁾ Information has only been available for 7 years.

^{(2) 2010-2011} is the first year the Workforce Investment Board is included.

⁽³⁾ In 2010-2011 the County paid \$1,508,677 towards the IDA debt.

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County of Russell, Virginia Government-Wide Revenues Last Ten Fiscal Years (1)

	I	PROGRAM REVEI	NUES		GENERAL REVENUES										
		Operating	Capital					Grants and Contributions							
	Charges	Grants	Grants	General	Other	Unrestricted		Not Restricted							
Fiscal	for	and	and	Property	Local	Investment		to Specific							
Year	Services	Contributions	Contributions	Taxes	Taxes (2)	Earnings	Miscellaneous	Programs (2)	Total						
2012-13	\$ 398,711	\$ 9,822,073	\$ -	\$ 14,686,993	\$ 5,079,612	\$ 45,865	\$ 60,479	\$ 2,580,839	\$ 32,674,572						
2011-12	488,408	9,677,480	761,738	13,142,777	6,881,302	77,226	138,135	2,445,435	33,612,501						
2010-11	337,064	10,635,876	-	13,683,476	6,340,919	89,819	177,669	2,638,202	33,903,025						
2009-10	393,362	7,473,127	-	13,004,381	6,123,807	106,848	173,322	2,465,451	29,740,298						
2008-09	481,092	7,376,521	-	12,889,357	7,779,265	153,807	346,880	1,771,674	30,798,596						
2007-08	505,428	7,780,609	-	12,279,583	7,976,046	529,827	55,649	1,711,485	30,838,627						
2006-07	527,092	8,235,960	802,191	13,239,976	5,467,574	808,979	252,756	1,881,802	31,216,330						

⁽¹⁾ Information has only been available for 7 years.

^{(2) 2009-10} is the first year State Communications tax is classified as grants and contributions not restricted to specific programs.

County of Russell, Virginia General Governmental Expenditures by Function (1) Last Ten Fiscal Years

Fiscal Year	_	General overnment ministration	Ac	Judicial Iministration	Public Safety	 Public Works	Health and Welfare (3)	E	ducation (2)	Parks, ecreation, nd Cultural	Community velopment (4)	d∈	Non- partmental	Debt Service	Total
2012-13	\$	1,797,929	\$	2,096,382	\$ 5,742,101	\$ 4,744,331	\$ 8,334,736	\$	40,161,416	\$ 488,706	\$ 2,283,910	\$	423,737	\$ 2,869,820	\$ 68,943,068
2011-12		2,060,380		2,114,097	5,509,998	6,515,152	8,518,725		40,540,127	484,891	2,442,356		305,904	2,526,021	71,017,651
2010-11		1,712,850		2,106,641	5,226,797	4,102,279	8,662,052		40,273,694	556,723	2,311,048		103,820	2,537,376	67,593,280
2009-10		1,837,926		2,213,724	4,100,376	5,491,432	6,906,934		41,066,362	497,417	1,557,445		9,095	2,504,631	66,185,342
2008-09		1,702,193		2,236,691	4,383,789	6,093,232	6,672,387		42,452,183	547,104	3,925,736		56,093	2,547,424	70,616,832
2007-08		1,745,817		2,070,455	4,057,495	5,083,514	5,398,035		39,724,130	433,946	5,549,375		45,503	2,669,081	66,777,351
2006-07		1,547,966		1,805,418	3,863,960	3,205,718	5,126,034		41,346,518	493,366	5,699,361		-	2,429,487	65,517,828
2005-06		1,810,230		1,814,649	4,022,185	3,605,915	5,003,511		39,574,345	438,198	7,653,814		-	2,546,073	66,468,920
2004-05		1,471,043		1,059,566	3,977,841	3,434,569	4,948,270		33,030,292	339,244	5,186,187		-	2,704,665	56,151,677
2003-04		1,216,960		957,320	3,585,934	3,100,508	4,893,329		33,016,616	367,686	2,843,672		-	2,497,309	52,479,334

⁽¹⁾ Includes General and Special Revenue funds of the Primary Government and the operating fund of its Discretely Presented Component Unit - School Board. Excludes Capital Projects.

⁽²⁾ Excludes contribution from Primary Government to Discretely Presented Component Unit - School Board.

^{(3) 2010-2011} is the first year the Workforce Investment Board is included.

⁽⁴⁾ In 2010-2011 the County paid \$1,508,677 towards the IDA debt.

County of Russell, Virginia General Governmental Revenues by Source (1)

Last Ten Fiscal Years

Fiscal Year	General Property Taxes	Other Local Taxes (3)	Permits, vilege Fees, Regulatory Licenses	ſ	Fines and Forfeitures	Revenue from the Use of Money and Property	 Charges for Services	N	Miscellaneous	Recovered Costs	gov	Inter- vernmental (2), (3)	Total
2012-13	\$ 14,696,587	\$ 5,079,612	\$ 34,152	\$	14,955	\$ 39,878	\$ 951,229	\$	352,993	\$ 1,588,307	\$	44,418,919	\$ 67,176,632
2011-12	12,813,407	6,881,302	28,272		24,567	65,238	1,162,800		394,657	1,139,070		46,119,628	68,628,941
2010-11	13,548,896	6,340,919	22,834		1,206	73,514	1,101,993		416,883	898,399		47,717,709	70,122,353
2009-10	12,841,457	6,123,807	45,877		1,049	74,279	998,548		293,467	1,732,861		43,856,378	65,967,723
2008-09	12,540,392	7,779,265	39,662		1,168	117,983	1,148,414		643,861	1,884,165		45,438,632	69,593,542
2007-08	11,826,325	7,976,046	44,933		321	501,144	1,023,848		510,972	796,913		43,519,497	66,199,999
2006-07	11,566,874	6,869,060	144,452		7,547	794,365	1,122,223		289,980	276,806		48,149,588	69,220,895
2005-06	12,337,123	6,713,063	52,707		8,181	660,142	878,017		310,534	187,855		42,906,554	64,054,176
2004-05	12,204,466	5,981,937	35,700		9,430	231,701	755,446		192,958	266,232		38,060,020	57,737,890
2003-04	10,148,719	4,820,255	38,906		9,938	74,324	892,392		209,598	283,077		35,517,991	51,995,200

⁽¹⁾ Includes General and Special Revenue funds of the Primary Government and its Discretely Presented Component Unit - School Board. Excludes Capital Projects.

⁽²⁾ Excludes contribution from Primary Government to Discretely Presented Component Unit - School Board.

^{(3) 2009-10} is the first year State Communications tax is classified as noncategorical state aid.

County of Russell, Virginia
Property Tax Levies and Collections
Last Ten Fiscal Years

Fiscal Year	Total Tax Levy (1)	Current Tax Collections (1)	Percent of Levy Collected	Delinquent Tax Collections (1)	Total Tax Collections	Percent of Total Tax Collections to Tax Levy	Outstanding Delinquent Taxes (1)	Percent of Delinquent Taxes to Tax Levy
2012-13	\$ 16,328,495	\$ 14,812,738	90,72%	\$ 953,671	\$ 15,766,409	96.56%	\$ 4,786,523	29.31%
2012-13		•			, ,		• •	
	14,681,089	13,185,991	89.82%	723,190	13,909,181	94.74%	4,693,121	31.97%
2010-11	14,682,949	13,329,182	90.78%	1,330,697	14,659,879	99.84%	3,847,456	26.20%
2009-10	14,169,807	13,038,906	92.02%	886,480	13,925,386	98.28%	3,624,318	25.58%
2008-09	14,091,178	13,212,582	93.76%	496,787	13,709,369	97.29%	3,506,132	24.88%
2007-08	13,784,900	12,618,969	91.54%	411,887	13,030,856	94.53%	3,234,367	23.46%
2006-07	12,104,262	8,435,607	69.69%	863,735	9,299,342	76.83%	1,628,182	13.45%
2005-06	11,360,623	11,118,399	97.87%	797,364	11,915,763	104.89%	1,854,243	16.32%
2004-05	10,576,870	9,740,619	92.09%	537,362	10,277,981	97.17%	1,849,194	17.48%
2003-04	9,070,812	8,274,805	91.22%	324,217	8,599,022	94.80%	1,772,141	19.54%

⁽¹⁾ Exclusive of penalties and interest.

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County of Russell, Virginia Assessed Value of Taxable Property Last Ten Fiscal Years

			Machinery					
Fiscal	Real	Personal	and	٨	Merchant's	Mobile	Public	
Year	Estate (1)	Property	Tools		Capital	Homes	Service (2)	Total
2012-13	\$ 1,323,141,655	\$ 292,809,049	\$ 86,317,454	\$	5,631,601	\$ 23,486,868	\$ 230,027,520	\$ 1,961,414,147
2011-12	1,214,673,535	251,383,699	60,747,073		5,340,902	23,401,571	269,503,982	1,825,050,762
2010-11	1,197,720,260	235,114,151	82,948,411		5,136,529	23,320,148	326,871,285	1,871,110,784
2009-10	1,181,352,276	224,871,200	96,552,183		5,402,115	22,864,821	253,750,196	1,784,792,791
2008-09	1,153,488,246	239,254,757	93,960,621		5,501,882	23,139,220	234,196,018	1,749,540,744
2007-08	1,130,643,127	243,837,948	107,205,468		5,742,600	23,608,064	231,981,492	1,743,018,699
2006-07	931,095,586	152,418,744	99,124,678		4,954,226	23,802,666	199,922,460	1,411,318,360
2005-06	927,558,386	241,849,424	92,859,770		5,113,134	26,020,997	206,306,945	1,499,708,656
2004-05	905,496,746	220,786,936	102,287,891		4,160,621	24,774,536	222,627,640	1,480,134,370
2003-04	885,323,887	205,377,101	77,287,167		3,438,802	23,763,122	226,411,983	1,421,602,062

⁽¹⁾ Real estate is assessed at 100% of fair market value.

⁽²⁾ Assessed values are established by the State Corporation Commission-includes all property types.

County of Russell, Virginia Property Tax Rates (1) Last Ten Fiscal Years

Fiscal Year	Real Estate	Personal Property	Machinery & Tools	Merchant's Capital	Mobile Homes
2012-13 (5) \$	0.70/0.56 \$	1.65 \$	1.65 S	0.65	S 0.70
2011-12 (4)	0.61/0.70	1.65	1.65	0.65	0.61
2010-11	0.61	1.65	1.65	0.65	0.61
2009-10	0.61	1.65	1.65	0.65	0.61
2008-09	0.61	1.65	1.65	0.65	0.61
2007-08(3)	0.56/0.61	1.65	1.65	0.65	0.56
2006-07(2)	0.65/0.56	1.65	1.65	NA	0.64
2005-06	0.65	1.65	1.65	NA	0.64
2004-05	0.60	1.45	2.45	NA	NA
2003-04	0.60	1.45	1.45	NA	NA

⁽¹⁾ Per \$100 of assessed value.

^{(2) 2}nd half 2006/1st half 2007

^{(3) 2}nd half 2007/1st half 2008

^{(4) 2}nd half 2011/1st half 2012

^{(5) 2}nd half 2012/1st half 2013

County of Russell, Virginia Ratio of Net General Bonded Debt to Assessed Value and Net Bonded Debt Per Capita Last Ten Fiscal Years

Fiscal Year	Population (1)	Assessed Value (in ousands) (2)	Gross Bonded Debt (3)	 Net Bonded Debt	Ratio of Net Bonded Debt to Assessed Value	Net Bonded Debt per Capita
2012-13	28,897	\$ 1,961,414	\$ 10,865,788	\$ 10,865,788	0.55% \$	370
2011-12	28,897	1,825,051	12,666,629	12,666,629	0.69%	438
2010-11	28,897	1,871,111	14,066,729	14,066,729	0.75%	48
2009-10	28,790	1,784,793	15,315,245	15,315,245	0.86%	533
2008-09	28,790	1,749,541	14,878,819	14,878,819	0.85%	51
2007-08	28,790	1,743,019	14,584,265	14,584,265	0.84%	50
2006-07	28,790	1,411,318	14,836,861	14,836,861	1.05%	51
2005-06	28,790	1,499,709	12,594,094	12,594,094	0.84%	43
2004-05	28,830	1,480,134	13,633,304	13,633,304	0.92%	47
2003-04	28,795	1,421,602	14,670,561	14,670,561	1.03%	50

⁽¹⁾ Bureau of the Census.

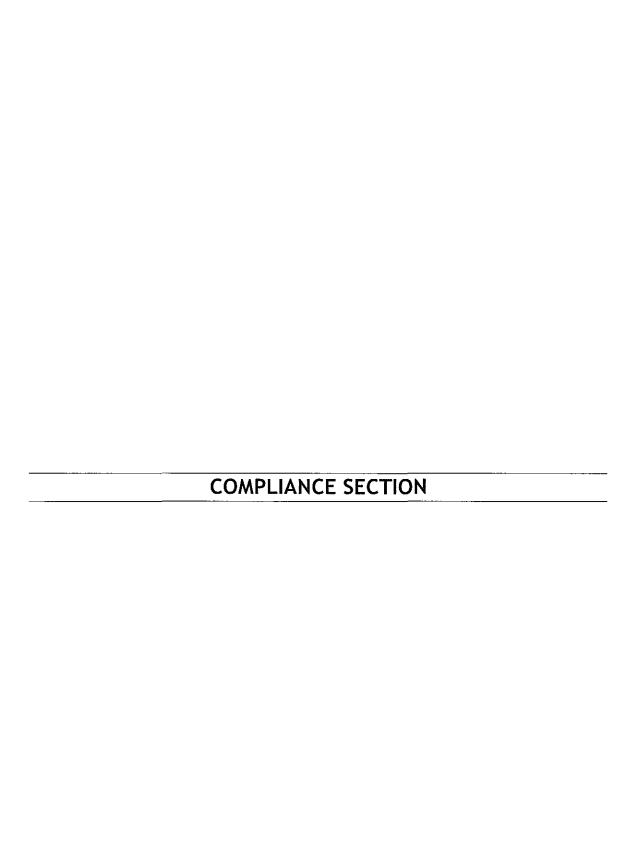
⁽²⁾ Real property assessed at 100% of the fair market value.

⁽³⁾ Includes all long-term general obligation bonded debt, bonded anticipation notes, and literary fund loans. Excludes revenue bonds, landfill closure/post-closure care liability, capital leases, and compensated absences.

Table 9
County of Russell, Virginia
Ratio of Annual Debt Service Expenditures for General Bonded
Debt to Total General Governmental Expenditures (1)
Last Ten Fiscal Years

			Ratio of
		"" - 4 - 1	
		Total	Debt Service
	Total	General	to General
Fiscal	Debt	Governmental	Governmental
Year	Service	 Expenditures	Expenditures
·			
2012-13	\$ 2,869,820	\$ 68,943,068	4.16%
2011-12	2,526,021	71,017,651	3.56%
2010-11	2,537,376	67,593,280	3.75%
2009-10	2,504,631	66,185,342	3.78%
2008-09	2,547,424	70,616,832	3.61%
2007-08	2,669,081	66,777,351	4.00%
2006-07	2,429,487	65,517,828	3.71%
2005-06	2,546,073	66,468,920	3.83%
2004-05	1,775,036	56,151,677	3.16%
2003-04	1,742,481	52,479,334	3.32%

⁽¹⁾ Includes all governmental funds of the Primary Government and funds of the Discretely Presented Component Unit-School Board.



ROBINSON, FARMER, COX ASSOCIATES

CLRTHILD PUBLIC ACCOUNTANTS

A PROFESSIONAL LIMITED LIABILITY COMPANY

INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER FINANCIAL REPORTING AND ON COMPLIANCE AND OTHER MATTERS BASED ON AN AUDIT OF FINANCIAL STATEMENTS PERFORMED IN ACCORDANCE WITH GOVERNMENT AUDITING STANDARDS

To the Members of the Board of Supervisors County of Russell, Virginia Lebanon, Virginia

We have audited, in accordance with the auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America; the Specifications for Audits of Counties, Cities, and Towns, issued by the Auditor of Public Accounts of the Commonwealth of Virginia; and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in Government Auditing Standards issued by the Comptroller General of the United States, the financial statements of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, the discretely presented component units, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of County of Russell, Virginia, as of and for the year ended June 30, 2013, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise County of Russell, Virginia's basic financial statements and have issued our report thereon dated February 18, 2014. Our report includes a reference to other auditors who audited the financial statements of Russell County Public Service Authority, as described in our report on County of Russell, Virginia's financial statements. This report does not include the results of the other auditors' testing of internal control over financial reporting or compliance and other matters that are reported on separately by those auditors. The report opinion on the financial statements was modified because of the omission of the discretely presented component unit (Castlewood Water and Sewage Authority) and lack of an updated actuarial valuation of the County's Other Postemployment Benefits (OPEB) plan and related net OPEB obligation in accordance with GASB Statement No. 45.

Internal Control Over Financial Reporting

In planning and performing our audit of the financial statements, we considered County of Russell, Virginia's internal control over financial reporting (internal control) to determine the audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing our opinions on the financial statements, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of County of Russell, Virginia's internal control. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of County of Russell, Virginia's internal control.

Our consideration of internal control was for the limited purpose described in the preceding paragraph and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies and therefore, material weaknesses or significant deficiencies may exist that were not identified. However, as described in the accompanying schedule of findings and questioned costs, we identified certain deficiencies in internal control that we consider to be material weaknesses and significant deficiencies.

A deficiency in internal control exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct, misstatements on a timely basis. A material weakness is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control such that there is a reasonable possibility that a material misstatement of the entity's financial statements will not be prevented, or detected and corrected on a timely basis. We consider the deficiencies described in the accompanying schedule of findings and questioned costs to be material weaknesses [2013-1, 2013-2].

Compliance and Other Matters

As part of obtaining reasonable assurance about whether County of Russell, Virginia's financial statements are free from material misstatement, we performed tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements, noncompliance with which could have a direct and material effect on the determination of financial statement amounts. However, providing an opinion on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of our audit, and accordingly, we do not express such an opinion. The results of our tests disclosed an instance of noncompliance or other matters that are required to be reported under *Government Auditing Standards* and which is described in the accompanying schedule of findings and questioned costs as item 2013-3.

County of Russell, Virginia's Response to Findings

Robinson, James, la associates

County of Russell, Virginia's response to the findings identified in our audit is described in the accompanying schedule of findings and questioned costs. County of Russell, Virginia's response was not subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the financial statements and, accordingly, we express no opinion on it.

Purpose of this Report

The purpose of this report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control or on compliance. This report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the entity's internal control and compliance. Accordingly, this communication is not suitable for any other purpose.

Blacksburg, Virginia February 18, 2014

ROBINSON, FARMER, COX ASSOCIATES

CERTIFIED PUBLIC ACCOUNTANTS

A PROFESSIONAL LIMITED LIABILITY COMPANY

INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT ON COMPLIANCE FOR EACH MAJOR PROGRAM AND ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER COMPLIANCE REQUIRED BY OMB CIRCULAR A-133

To the Members of the Board of Supervisors County of Russell, Virginia Lebanon, Virginia

Report on Compliance for Each Major Federal Program

We have audited County of Russell, Virginia's compliance with the types of compliance requirements described in the *OMB Circular A-133 Compliance Supplement* that could have a direct and material effect on each of County of Russell, Virginia's major federal programs for the year ended June 30, 2013. County of Russell, Virginia's major federal programs are identified in the summary of auditor's results section of the accompanying schedule of findings and questioned costs.

Management's Responsibility

Management is responsible for compliance with the requirements of laws, regulations, contracts, and grants applicable to its federal programs.

Auditor's Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express an opinion on compliance for each of County of Russell, Virginia's major federal programs based on our audit of the types of compliance requirements referred to above. We conducted our audit of compliance in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America; the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States; and OMB Circular A-133, *Audits of States, Local Governments, and Non-Profit Organizations*. Those standards and OMB Circular A-133 require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether noncompliance with the types of compliance requirements referred to above that could have a direct and material effect on a major federal program occurred. An audit includes examining, on a test basis, evidence about County of Russell, Virginia's compliance with those requirements and performing such other procedures as we considered necessary in the circumstances.

We believe that our audit provides a reasonable basis for our opinion on compliance for each major federal program. However, our audit does not provide a legal determination of County of Russell, Virginia's compliance.

Opinion on Each Major Federal Program

In our opinion, County of Russell, Virginia, complied, in all material respects, with the types of compliance requirements referred to above that could have a direct and material effect on each of its major federal programs for the year ended June 30, 2013.

Report on Internal Control Over Compliance

Management of County of Russell, Virginia, is responsible for establishing and maintaining effective internal control over compliance with the types of compliance requirements referred to above. In planning and performing our audit of compliance, we considered County of Russell, Virginia's internal control over compliance with the types of requirements that could have a direct and material effect on each major federal program to determine the auditing procedures that are appropriate in the

circumstances for the purpose of expressing an opinion on compliance for each major federal program and to test and report on internal control over compliance in accordance with OMB Circular A-133, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of internal control over compliance. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of County of Russell, Virginia's internal control over compliance.

A deficiency in internal control over compliance exists when the design or operation of a control over compliance does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct, noncompliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program on a timely basis. A material weakness in internal control over compliance is a deficiency, or combination of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance, such that there is a reasonable possibility that material noncompliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program will not be prevented, or detected and corrected, on a timely basis. A significant deficiency in internal control over compliance is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program that is less severe than a material weakness in internal control over compliance, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control over compliance was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control over compliance that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies. We did not identify any deficiencies in internal control over compliance that we consider to be material weaknesses. However, material weaknesses may exist that have not been identified.

The purpose of this report on internal control over compliance is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over compliance and the results of that testing based on the requirements of OMB Circular A-133. Accordingly, this report is not suitable for any other purpose.

Blacksburg, Virginia February 18, 2014

Robinson, Farner, la associates

County of Russell, Virginia Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards For the Year Ended June 30, 2013

Federal Grantor/State Pass - Through Grantor/ Program Cluster or Title	Federal CFDA Number	Pass-through Entity Identifying Number	Federal Expenditures
Department of Health and Human Services:			
Pass Through Payments:			
Department of Social Services:			
Promoting Safe and Stable Families	93.556	0950112, 0950113	\$ 17,793
Temporary Assistance for Needy Families	93.558	0400112, 0400113	379,106
Refugee and Entrant Assistance - State Administered Programs	93.566	0500112, 0500113	1,767
Low-Income Home Energy Assistance	93.568	0600412, 0600413	36,070
Child Care Mandatory and Matching Funds of the	93.596	0760112, 0760113	54,884
Child Care and Development Fund			
Stephanie Tubbs Jones Child Welfare Services Program	93.645	0900112, 0900113	2,185
Foster Care - Title IV-E	93.658	1100112, 1100113	291,578
Adoption Assistance	93.659	1120112, 1120113	379,595
Social Services Block Grant	93.667	1000112, 1000113	397,191
Chafee Foster Care Independence Program	93.674	9150111, 9150112	9,561
Children's Health Insurance Program	93.767	0540112, 0540113	8,167
Medical Assistance Program	93.778	1200112, 1200113	201,148
Total Department of Health and Human Services			\$ 1,779,045
Department of Agriculture:			
Pass Through Payments:			
Child Nutrition Cluster:			
Department of Agriculture:			
Food Distribution-Schools (Note 3)	10.555	Not applicable	\$ 110,659
Department of Education:			
National School Lunch Program	10.555	40623	900,139
Department of Education:			
School Breakfast Program	10.553	40591	306,978
Total Child Nutrition Cluster			1,317,776
Department of Social Services:			
State Administrative Matching Grants for the Supplemental	10.561	0010112, 0010113	333,567
Nutrition Assistance Program		0040112, 0040113	
Total Department of Agriculture			\$ 1,651,343
Department of Justice:			
Direct Payments:			
ARRA - Edward Byrne Memorial Justice Assistance Grant Program/Grants To Units of Local Government	16.804	Not applicable	\$ 25,875
Pass Through Payments:			
Department of Criminal Justice Services:			
Violence Against Women Formula Grants	16.588	11WFAX0028	36,597
Total Department of Justice			\$ 62,472

County of Russell, Virginia Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards For the Year Ended June 30, 2013

Federal Grantor/State Pass - Through Grantor/ Program Cluster or Title	Federal CFDA Number	Pass-through Entity Identifying Number	Ex	Federal penditures
Department of Transportation:				
Pass Through Payments:				
Department of Motor Vehicles:				
State and Community Highway Safety (402 Funds)	20.600	SC-2012-52260-4638	\$	2,500
Alcohol Open Container Requirements	20.607	154AL-2013-53020-4736		4,300
Total Department of Transportation			\$	6,800
Department of Education:				
Pass Through Payments:				
Department of Education:				
Adult Education - Basic Grants to States	84.002	42801	\$	294,285
Title I: Grants to Local Educational Agencies	84.010	42901		1,634,498
Special Education Cluster:				
Special Education - Grants to States	84.027	43071		948,471
Special Education - Preschool Grants	84.173	62521		35,752
Career and Technical Education: Basic Grants to States	84.048	61095		88,956
Even Start - State Educational Agencies	84.213	42950		42,529
Twenty-First Century Community Learning Centers	84.287	60565		755,496
Rural Education	84.358	43481		68,522
Improving Teacher Quality State Grants	84.367	61480		285,064
Total Department of Education			\$	4,153,573
Department of Housing and Urban Development:				
Pass Through Payments:				
Department of Housing and Community Development:				
Community Development Block Grant/State's Program and Non-entitlement Grants in Hawaii	14.228	50790	\$	260,344
Corporation on National and Community Service:				
Pass Through Payments:				
Department of Education:				
Learn and Serve America - School and Community Based Programs	94.004	60185	\$	7,176
Department of Labor:				
Pass Through Payments:				
Virginia Community College System:				
Workforce Investment Act Cluster:				
WIA Adult Program	17.258	53427	\$	1,013,106
WIA Youth Activities	17.259	53427		896,084
WIA Dislocated Workers	17.260	53427		216,302
Workforce Investment Act Cluster Total			\$	2,125,492
Community Based Job Training Grants	17.269	Not applicable		68,260
Virginia Department for Aging and Rehabilitative Services:				
Employment Service/Wagner-Peyser Funded Activities	17.207	Not applicable		13,126
Total Department of Labor			\$	2,206,878

County of Russell, Virginia Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards For the Year Ended June 30, 2013

Federal Grantor/State Pass - Through Grantor/ Program Cluster or Title	Federal CFDA Number	Pass-through Entity Identifying Number	Federal Expenditure
Department of Homeland Security:			
Pass Through Payments:			
Department of Emergency Management:			
Emergency Management Performance Grants	97.042	52741	\$ 16,7
Total Expenditures of Federal Awards			\$ 10,144,3

Note 1 -- Basis of Presentation

The accompanying schedule of expenditures of federal awards (the Schedule) includes the federal grant activity of Russell County, Virginia under programs of the federal government for the year ended June 30, 2013. The information in this Schedule is presented in accordance with the requirements of OMB Circular A-133, Audits of States, Local Governments, and Non-Profit Organizations. Because the Schedule presents only a selected portion of the operations of Russell County, Virginia, it is not intended to and does not present the financial position, changes in net position, or cash flows of Russell County, Virginia.

Note 2 -- Summary of Significant Accounting Policies

- (1) Expenditures reported on the Schedule are reported on the accrual basis of accounting. Such expenditures are recognized following the cost principles contained in OMB Circular A-87, Cost Principles for State, Local, and Indian Tribal Governments, wherein certain types of expenditures are not allowable or are limited as to reimbursement.
- (2) Pass-through entity identifying numbers are presented where available.

Note 3 -- Food Distribution

Nonmonetary assistance is reported in the schedule at the fair market value of the commodities received and disbursed. At June 30, 2013 Russell County, Virginia had food commodities totaling \$0 in inventory.

Note 4 -- Subrecipients

Of the federal expenditures presented in the Schedule, Russell County, Virginia provided federal awards to subrecipients as follows:

<u>CFDA Number</u>	Program Name	<u>Amount</u>
14.228	Community Development Block Grant	\$ 260,344
17.258, 17.259, 17.260	Workforce Investment Act Cluster	2,125,492

Note 5 -- Relationship to the Financial Statements

Federal expenditures, revenues and capital contributions are reported in the County's basic financial statements as follows:

Intergovernmental federal revenues per the basic financial statements:

Primary government:	
General Fund	\$ 2,458,978
Workforce Investment Board Fund	 2,206,878
Total primary government:	\$ 4,665,856
Component Unit School Board:	
School Operating Fund	\$ 5,478,525
Total federal expenditures per the Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards	\$ 10,144,381

County of Russell, Virginia

Schedule of Findings and Questioned Costs Year Ended June 30, 2013

Section I - Summary of Auditors' Results

Financial Statements

Type of auditors' report issued: Qualified

Internal control over financial reporting:

Material weakness(es) identified?

Significant deficiency(ies) identified?

None reported

Noncompliance material to financial statements noted? Yes

Federal Awards

Internal control over financial reporting:

Material weakness(es) identified?

Significant deficiency(ies) identified? None reported

Type of auditors' report issued on compliance for major programs:

Unmodified

Any audit findings disclosed that are required to be reported in accordance with Circular A-133,

Section .510 (a)?

Identification of major programs:

CFDA #	Name of Federal Program or Cluster	
84.173/84.027	Special Education Cluster	
84.010	Title I: Grants to Local Educational Agencies	
10.553/10.555	Child Nutrition Cluster	
93.558	Temporary Assistance for Needy Families	
93.659	Adoption Assistance	
93.667	Social Services Block Grant	
Dollar threshold used to and Type B programs	distinguish between Type A :	\$304,331
Auditee qualified as low-risk auditee?		No

Section II - Financial Statement Findings

<u>2013-1</u>	
Criteria:	Per Statement on Auditing Standards 115 (SAS 115), identification of a material adjustment to the financial statements that was not detected by the entity's internal controls indicates that a material weakness exists.
Condition:	The financial statements, as presented for audit, did not contain all necessary adjustments to comply with generally accepted accounting principles (GAAP). As such, the auditor proposed adjustments that were material to the financial statements.
Cause of Condition:	The County does not have proper controls in place to detect and correct errors in closing their year end financial statements.
Effect of Condition:	There is more than a remote likelihood that a misstatement of the County's financial statements that is more than inconsequential will not be prevented or detected by the County's internal controls over financial reporting.
Recommendation:	The County should review the auditors' proposed audit adjustments for 2013 and develop a plan to ensure the trial balances and related schedules are accurately presented for audit.
Management's Response:	The County will review the auditors' proposed audit adjustments for 2013 and will develop a plan of action to ensure that all adjusting entries are made prior to final audit fieldwork next year.
<u>2013-2</u>	
Criteria:	A key concept of internal controls is the segregation of duties. No one employee should have access to both accounting records and related assets.
Condition:	The School Board and County lack proper segregation of duties over payroll.
Cause of Condition:	The School Board and County lack the funding to fully support a completely segregated finance department.
Effect of Condition:	There is more than a remote likelihood that a misstatement of the County's financial statements that is more than inconsequential will not be prevented or detected by the County's internal controls over financial reporting.
Recommendation:	Management should further try to segregate duties amongst current staff to help alleviate risk created by improper segregation of duties.
Management's Response:	Management acknowledges that internal controls over School Board and County payroll lacks proper segregation of duties and is implementing processes to alleviate the situation.

Schedule of Findings and Questioned Costs Year Ended June 30, 2013

Section II - Financial Statement Findings (continued)

2013-3

Criteria: The <u>Code of Virginia</u>, (1950), as amended requires that an appropriation exists prior

to the expenditure of funds.

Condition: The VPA Expenditures Fund, Cannery Fund, and Coal Road Fund overspent the budget.

Numerous departments within the General fund also overspent their budget.

Cause of Condition: The County does not consistently monitor appropriations. The County Administrator

or each department head should be in charge of monitoring spending versus

appropriations.

Effect of Condition: The County has not met the requirements of the Code of Virginia, (1950), as

amended.

Recommendation: The County should budget to include appropriations for all necessary expenditures.

Management's Management will post additional appropriations to the accounting system and pay closer attention to budgeted and actual expenditures.

Section III - Federal Award Findings and Questioned Costs

None

Section IV - Status of Prior Audit Findings and Questioned Costs

Financial Statement Findings 2012-1, 2012-2, and 2012-3 recurred during fiscal year 2013. Financial Statement Finding 2012-4 was corrected during fiscal year 2013. Federal Award Findings and Questioned Costs 2012-5 was corrected during fiscal year 2012.